N° 2525.

INDE ET TURQUIE

Echange de notes concernant les relations commerciales entre l'Inde et la Turquie. Ankara, le 3 septembre 1930.

INDIA AND TURKEY

Exchange of Notes regarding Commercial Relations between India and Turkey. Ankara, September 3, 1930.

Textes officiels anglais et turc communiqués par le secrétaire d'Etat aux Affaires étrangères de Sa Majesté en Grande-Bretagne. L'enregistrement de cet échange de notes a eu lieu le 12 novembre 1930. English and Turkish official texts communicated by His Majesty's Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs in Great Britain. The registration of this Exchange of Notes took place November 12, 1930.

No. 1.

SIR GEORGE CLERK TO DR. TEFVİK RÜŞTÜ BEY.

BRITISH EMBASSY IN TURKEY.

September 3, 1930.

YOUR EXCELLENCY,

I have the honour to inform you, under instructions from His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, that, pending the negotiation and conclusion of a treaty regulating the commercial relations of the two countries, the Government of India, in order to avoid any impediment to the trade and commerce between India and Turkey on the lapse of the *modus vivendi* brought into force by an exchange of notes\(^1\) on the 2nd July, 1929, to which India adhered on the 1st August, 1929, undertake, on condition of reciprocity, to accord, as from the expiration of the above-mentioned *modus vivendi*, to goods the produce or manufacture of Turkey a treatment in India which shall be as favourable in all respects as that accorded to goods the produce or manufacture of the most favoured foreign country. This treatment shall be accorded in all matters of commerce and navigation and as regards importation, exportation and transit, and in general all that concerns customs duties and formalities and commercial operations.

2. It is understood that the treatment of the most favoured foreign country stipulated in the preceding paragraph will not embrace the special advantages which are or may in the future be accorded in customs matters by Turkey to countries detached from the Ottoman Empire under the Treaty of Lausanne\(^2\) of the 24th July, 1923.

3. In India and in the territories under the administration of the Government of India Turkish nationals, and in Turkey nationals of British India and of territories under the administration of the Government of India, will have the right to travel freely, to establish themselves and to

\(^1\) Vol. XCIV, page 41; et vol. C, page 261, de ce recueil.  
\(^2\) Vol. XXVIII, page 11, de ce recueil.  
\(^1\) Vol. XCIV, page 41; and Vol. C, page 261, of this Series.  
\(^2\) Vol. XXVIII, page 11, of this Series.
acquire moveable and immovable property under the same conditions as the nationals of the most favoured foreign country.

4. The undertakings contained in this note will take effect as from the expiration of the modus vivendi mentioned in paragraph 1 above, and will remain in force for a period of six months at least, it being understood that the undertakings may be terminated by either party by giving three months’ notice at the end of the third month or at any time subsequently. Failing such notice and subject to the aforesaid right of termination they will remain in operation until the entry into force of the Treaty of Commerce which is now to be negotiated, as from which date they will ipso facto cease to be effective.

I avail, etc.

George R. Clerk.

No. 2.

DR. TEVFİK RÜŞTÜ BEY TO SIR GEORGE CLERK.

TEXTES TURÇ. — TURKISH TEXT.

HARİCYE VEKÂLETİ,

ANKARA, 3 Eylül, 1930.

BÜYÜK ELÇİ HAZRETLERİ,

TÜRKİYE ile Hindistan arasındaki ticaret münasebetlerini tanzim edecek olan muaahedenin müzakere ve akdine intizaren ve 2 Temmuz 1929 tarihinde nota teatisi suretiyle meriyete konup Hindistan’ın 1 Ağustos 1929 tarihinde ilthak eylelediği Modüs Vivendi müddetinin hitamında iki memleket arasındaki ticareti sektedar edebilecek her türlü maniayı bertaraf etmek üzere, Türkiye Cumhuriyeti Hükümetinin, mütakebiliyeti sartı ile yukarıda zikredilen Modüs Vivendi’nin inkızasından itibaren Hindistan’da mütahhasal veya manul emtiaya, her hususta, Türkiye’de en ziyade müsadeye mazhar ecnebi memleket müstaşsal veya manul emtiaya bahsedilen muamele kadar müsa'it bir muamele tatbik etmigli taahhütt'e eylelediği Zatâlinize bildirmekle kesbi şeref eylerim. Bu muamele ticaret ve seyrisefaine, ithalat, ihracat ve transite, ve alelulum gumruk rüşum ve muamelâtile ticari muamelelerde müteallik bütün hususlarda tatbik edilecektir.

1 Traduction. — TRANSLATION.

MINISTRY FOR FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

ANKARA, September 3, 1930.

YOUR EXCELLENCY,

I have the honour to inform you that, pending the negotiations and conclusion of a treaty regulating the commercial relations between Turkey and India, the Government of the Turkish Republic, in order to avoid any impediment to the trade and commerce between the two countries on the lapse of the modus vivendi brought into force by an exchange of notes on the 2nd July, 1929, to which India adhered on the 1st August, 1929, undertake, on condition of reciprocity, to accord, as from the expiration of the above-mentioned modus vivendi, to goods the produce or manufacture of India a treatment in Turkey which shall be as favourable in all respects as that accorded to goods the produce or manufacture of the most favoured foreign country. This treatment shall be accorded in all matters of commerce and navigation and as regards importation, exportation and transit, and in general all that concerns customs duties and formalities and commercial operations.

1 Translation of His Britannic Majesty’s Foreign Office.
2. Şurasi mukarrerdir ki yukarıdaki fikrada yazılı en ziyade mûsadeye mazhar ecnebi memleket müamelesi, 24 Temmuz 1923 tarihli Lozan Muahdesi mûcibinde Osmanlı İmparator-luğundan ayrılmış olan memleketlere gümrük hususlarında Türkiye tarafından bahşedilmiş veya ileride edilebilecek olan hususi menfaatileri tazammun etmiyecektr.

3. Hindistan'da ve Hindistan Hükûmetinin idaresi altında memleketlerde Türk tebeası Türkiye'de İngiliz Hindistanı «British India» ile Hindistan Hükûmetinin idaresi altında memleketler tebeası en ziyade mûsadeye mazhar ecnebi devlet tebeası ile aynı şerait dairesinde, serbestçe seyahat, ikamet etmek ve menkul ve gayrimenkul emval tasarruf eylemek hakkını haiz olacaklardır.


Bilvesile, Büyük Elçi Hazretleri, Zâtîalinize ihtiramâtı faikâmi teyit eyelim.

Dr. Rüştü.

Dr. Rüştü.

No 2525