AUTRICHE ET TCHÉCOSLOVAQUIE

Avenant à l'Accord commercial conclu à Prague le 4 mai 1921, avec annexes et protocole final. Signés à Vienne, le 22 juillet 1931.

AUSTRIA AND CZECHOSLOVAKIA

Supplementary Agreement to the Commercial Agreement concluded at Prague May 4, 1921, with Annexes and Final Protocol. Signed at Vienna, July 22, 1931.

TEXTE ALLEMAND. — GERMAN TEXT.

Nº 2938. — ZUSATZABKOMMEN 1 ZU DEM ZWISCHEN DER REPUBLIK ÖSTERREICH UND DER ČECHOSLOVAKISCHEN REPUBLIK AM 4. MAI 1921 IN PRAG GESCHLOSSENEN HANDELSÜBEREIN-KOMMEN, GEZEICHNET IN WIEN, AM 22. JULI 1931.

Czechoslovak and German official texts communicated by the Permanent Delegate of the Czechoslovak Republic accredited to the League of Nations and by the Federal Chancellor of the Austrian Republic. The registration of this Agreement took place April 18, 1932.

DER BUNDESPRÄSIDENT DER REPUBLIK ÖSTERREICH und DER PRÄSIDENT DER ČECHO-SLOVAKISCHEN REPUBLIK, von dem Wunsche geleitet, den Handelsverkehr zwischen beiden Staaten durch zolltarifarische Vereinbarungen zu erleichtern, sind übereingekommen, zu diesem Zwecke ein Zusatzabkommen zu dem am 4. Mai 1921 unterfertigten Handelsübereinkommen abzuschliessen, und haben in dieser Absicht zu ihren Bevollmächtigten ernannt:

DER BUNDESPRÄSIDENT DER REPUBLIK ÖSTERREICH:

Herrn Dr. Johann Schober, Vizekanzler und Bundesminister für die Auswärtigen Angelegenheiten:

DER PRÄSIDENT DER ČECHOSLOVAKISCHEN REPUBLIK:

Herrn Dr. Julius FRIEDMANN, a. o. Gesandten und bevollmächtigten Minister, welche nach Austausch ihrer in guter und gehöriger Form befundenen Vollmachten folgendes vereinbart haben:

Artikel I.

 ${\tt r. \ Natur-und\ Gewerbeerzeugnisse\ \check{c}echoslovakischen\ Ursprungs,\ die\ aus\ der\ \check{C}echoslovakischen}$ Republik herkommen und die in der diesem Abkommen beigeschlossenen Tarifanlage A angeführt Anlage sind, werden bei der Einfuhr nach der Republik Österreich keinen höheren Zöllen als den in der genannten Anlage vereinbarten unterliegen.

2. Natur- und Gewerbeerzeugnisse österreichischen Ursprungs, die aus der Republik Österreich herkommen und die in der diesem Abkommen beigeschlossenen Tarifanlage B angeführt Anlage sind, werden bei der Einfuhr nach der Čechoslovakischen Republik keinen höheren Zöllen als den in der genannten Anlage vereinbarten unterliegen.

3. Diese Bestimmungen beeinträchtigen jedoch für die genannten Erzeugnisse österreichischen oder čechoslovakischen Ursprungs in keiner Weise das Anrecht auf die meistbegünstigte Behandlung im Sinne des Artikels VI des Handelsübereinkommens vom 4. Mai 1921.

¹ The exchange of ratifications took place at Prague, April 1st, 1932. Came into force April 16, 1932.

² Vol. XV, page 13, of this Series.

B. ZUM ČECHOSLOVAKISCHEN ZOLLTARIF.

Zu T. Nrn. 64 und 65. Für Zuchtstiere und Zuchtkühe der Simmentaler Rasse und Braunviehrasse österreichischen Ursprunges und österreichischer Herkunft finden für die Geltungsdauer des am 16. Februar 1927¹ zwischen der Čechoslovakischen Republik und der Schweiz abge_chlossenen Handelsvertrages die in diesem Vertrage festgesetzten Vertragssätze von 180 Kč per Stück Anwen-

dung.

Das Zuchtvieh der angeführten Rassen wird bei der Einfuhr mit Zollbegünstigung abgefertigt, wenn der Einführende die vorgeschriebene Bescheinigung des zuständigen čechoslovakischen Landeskulturrates, beziehungsweise des Landeskulturreferates des Landesamtes der Podkarpatská Rus bestätigt durch den Befund des die Einfuhr behandelnden čechoslovakischen Amtstierarztes dem Zollamte vorlegt, dass es sich in Übereinstimmung mit den Angaben des betreffenden österreichischen Viehpasses um die Einfuhr von Zuchtvieh der in der Bescheinigung angeführten Rassen handelt.

Zu T. Nr. 71. Es besteht Einverständnis, dass jede Begünstigung, die die Čechoslovakische Republik einem dritten Staate hinsichtlich der Verzollung von Pferden des Warmblutschlages zugestehen sollte, auch auf die Warmblütler österreichischen Ursprunges und österreichischer Herkunft Anwendung finden wird, falls der Einführende dem Zollamt eine Bestätigung des mit der Veterinäruntersuchung bei der Einfuhr betrauten čechoslovakischen Amtstierarztes darüber vorlegt, dass es sich in Übereinstimmung mit den Angaben des betreffenden österreichischen Viehpasses um die Einfuhr der genannten Pferde handelt.

Ebenso besteht Einverständnis, dass jede Begünstigung, die die Čechoslovakische Republik einem dritten Staate hinsichtlich der Verzollung von Pferden des Kaltblutschlages zugestehen sollte, unter den gleichen Bedingungen auch auf die Kaltblütler der norischen Rasse österreichischen

Ursprungs und österreichischer Herkunft Anwendung finden wird.

Zu T. Nr. 109. Weine österreichischen Ursprungs und österreichischer Herkunft werden bezüglich ihrer geographischen Bezeichnung zur Kennzeichnung der Herkunft denselben Schutz wie die čechoslovakischen Weine auf Grund des čechoslovakischen Gesetzes gegen unlauteren Wettbewerb, des čechoslovakischen Weingesetzes und des čechoslovakischen Lebensmittelgesetzes geniessen.

Bei der Einfuhr in die Čechoslovakische Republik sind den Sendungen österreichischer Weine

nebst der Ursprungsbescheinigung auch Analysenbescheinigungen beizuschliessen.

Zur Ausstellung der Ursprungsbescheinigungen sind die örtlich zuständigen land- und forstwirtschaftlichen Hauptkörperschaften (Landwirtschaftskammern) sowie die zuständigen Bundeskellereiinspektoren ermächtigt.

Zur Ausstellung der Analysenbescheinigungen sind die landwirtschaftlich-chemische Bundes-

versuchsanstalt in Wien oder deren Zweigstellen berechtigt.

Die Analysenbescheinigung wird insbesondere enthalten:

Das spezifische Gewicht,

Den Alkoholgrad,

Den Gehalt an sämtlichen Säuren,

Den Gehalt an flüchtigen Säuren,

Den Extraktgehalt,

Den Zuckergehalt,

Den zuckerfreien Extraktgehalt,

Den Gehalt an Asche (Mineralstoffen).

In der Analysenbescheinigung wird angeführt werden, dass sich die Analyse auf dieselbe Weinsendung bezieht, über welche die betreffende Ursprungsbescheinigung ausgestellt wurde.

Das Recht der čechoslovakischen Behörden zur Überprüfung der Analysen von eingeführten Weinen bleibt unberührt.

¹ Vol. LXIV, page 7, of this Series.

3. Zu den Maschinen für Papier- und Pappenadjustierung gehören :

Umroll- und Rollenschneidemaschinen.

Feuchtmaschinen,

Papierkalander,

Querschneidemaschinen, Pergamentiermaschinen (bestehend aus ähnlichen Partien wie die eigentlichen Papiermaschinen),

Rollenklebmaschinen (Kaschiermaschinen, bestehend aus ähnlichen Partien wie die

eigentlichen Papiermaschinen).

Zur Klasse XLI. Es besteht Einverständnis darüber, dass die in diesem Zusatzabkommen auf Waren dieser Klasse festgesetzten Zollsätze weder auf Röntgen- noch auf andere elektromedizinische Apparate und deren Hilfsgeräte Anwendung finden.

Zu T. Nr. 621. Die Anwendung des Vertragszolles ist von der Beibringung eines Zeugnisses über den Inhalt der Umschliessungen abhängig. Die Zeugnisse sind von der zuständigen Kammer für Handel, Gewerbe und Industrie des Erzeugungslandes auszustellen.

ZUM HANDELSÜBEREINKOMMEN VOM 4. MAI 1921.

Zu Artikel II:

Die vertragschliessenden Teile verpflichten sich, die Angehörigen und Gesellschaften des anderen Teiles in bezug auf den Verkehr mit in- und ausländischen Zahlungsmitteln nicht ungünstiger zu behandeln als die Angehörigen und Gesellschaften des in dieser Richtung meistbegünstigten Staates.

Zu Artikel VIII:

Die Bestimmungen des Donaustatuts über den Transitverkehr auf der Donau werden durch die Bestimmungen dieses Artikels und des dazugehörigen Schlussprotokolls nicht berührt.

Zu Artikel X:

In Abänderung der Bestimmungen des Absatzes 3 dieses Artikels wird vereinbart, dass beide Teile sich die zur Ausfertigung der Gewerbelegitimationskarten zuständigen Behörden bekannt

Die Gewerbelegitimationskarten werden nach dem im Artikel 10 der Internationalen Konvention 1 zur Vereinfachung der Zollformalitäten vom 3. November 1923 vorgesehenen Muster ausgefertigt werden.

Zu Artikel XIII:

Absatz 2 dieses Artikels wird durch folgende Fassung ersetzt :

Im Falle der Einrichtung eines staatlichen Schlepp- oder Treidelbetriebes auf natürlichen oder künstlichen Wasserstrassen oder der Erteilung eines ausschliesslichen Rechtes zum Betriebe der Schleppschiffahrt oder Treidelei an Privatunternehmungen, werden die Fahrzeuge und Erzeugnisse des anderen vertragschliessenden Teiles hinsichtlich der Abfertigung sowie hinsichtlich der Bemessung und Erhebung der Schlepp- oder Treidellöhne mit den Fahrzeugen und Erzeugnissen der eigenen Gebiete vollkommen gleich behandelt werden.

¹ Vol. XXX, page 371; Vol. XXXV, page 325; Vol. XXXIX, page 208; Vol. XLV, page 140; Vol. I., page 161; Vol. LIV, page 398; Vol. LIX, page 365; Vol. LXIX, page 79; Vol. LXXXIII, page 394; Vol. LXXXVIII, page 319; Vol. XCII, page 370; and Vol. CXI, page 404, of this Series.

¹ Translation.

No. 2938. — SUPPLEMENTARY AGREEMENT TO THE COMMERCIAL AGREEMENT CONCLUDED AT PRAGUE MAY 4, 1921, BETWEEN THE REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA AND THE CZECHOSLOVAK REPUBLIC. SIGNED AT VIENNA, JULY 22, 1931.

THE FEDERAL PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA and THE PRESIDENT OF THE CZECHOSLOVAK REPUBLIC, being desirous of facilitating the development of commercial traffic between the two States by Customs tariff agreements, have decided for that purpose to conclude a Supplementary Agreement to the Commercial Convention signed on May 4, 1921, and have appointed as their Plenipotentiaries for that purpose:

THE FEDERAL PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA:

Dr. Johann Schober, Vice-Chancellor and Federal Minister for Foreign Affairs;

THE PRESIDENT OF THE CZECHOSLOVAK REPUBLIC:

Dr. Julius Friedmann, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary,

Who, having exchanged their full powers, found in good and due form, have agreed as follows:

Article I.

- 1. Natural and manufactured products of Czechoslovak origin coming from the territory of the Czechoslovak Republic and mentioned in Tariff Annex A to the present Agreement shall Annex not, on importation into Austria, be liable for duties higher than those agreed on in the said Annex.
- 2. Natural and manufactured products of Austrian origin coming from the territory of the Republic of Austria and mentioned in Tariff Annex B to the present Agreement shall not, on Annex importation into Czechoslovakia, be liable for duties higher than those agreed on in the said Annex.
- 3. The present provisions shall, however, in no way affect the right of the above-mentioned products of Austrian or Czechoslovak origin to the advantages of the most-favoured-nation régime within the meaning of Article 6 of the Commercial Convention of May 4, 1921.

Article II.

- 1. Both Contracting Parties undertake not to grant, without the consent of the other Party, export bounties under whatever name or in whatever form in respect of goods passing in commerce between the two countries.
- 2. Nevertheless, duties leviable on materials used for the production or preparation of goods of the home country, and inland taxation on the production or preparation of such goods or of the

¹ Translated by the Secretariat of the League of Nations, for information.

materials used in their manufacture may be wholly or partly refunded on export of the goods on which such taxation was levied or which have been manufactured from materials on which such duties or taxes have been paid.

Article III.

The duties of the Czechoslovak Customs tariff shall be expressed in Czechoslovak crowns. The relationship of the Czechoslovak crown to gold is fixed by the Law of November 7, 1929 (Collection of Laws and Decrees No. 166), the Czechoslovak crown being thus equivalent to 44.58 mm of fine gold.

Article IV.

- 1. The duties of the Austrian Customs tariff shall be expressed in gold crowns. Under Paragraph 89 of the Law of June 10, 1920 (State Legal Bulletin No. 250 (Customs law)) and Paragraph 5 of the Federal Law of September 5, 1924 (Federal Legal Bulletin No. 445 (Customs Tariff Law)), the Customs duties must be paid in gold or at the full value of the amount in gold crowns fixed by the Customs tariff (1 gold crown = 1.44 schillings). The relationship of the Austrian schilling to gold is fixed by the Federal Law of December 20, 1924 (Federal Legal Bulletin No. 461), 1 schilling being thus equivalent to 0.21172086 gr. of fine gold.
- 2. It is agreed that should the Austrian Government convert the duties of the Austrian Customs tariff from gold crowns to schillings, such Customs duties in Annex A of the present Supplementary Agreement as are established in gold crowns shall be converted into schillings in accordance with the following rules:
 - (I) In the conversion into schillings of duties not exceeding I crown, sums not exceeding 0.005 schillings shall be ignored and sums exceeding 0.005 schillings up to 0.01 schillings shall be rounded off to 0,01 schillings.
 - (2) In the conversion into schillings of duties exceeding I crown and not exceeding 10 crowns, sums not exceeding 0.025 schillings shall be ignored, sums exceeding 0.025 up to 0.075 schillings shall be rounded off to 0.05 schillings, and sums exceeding 0.075 schillings up to 0,0I schillings shall be rounded off to 0.I schillings.
 - (3) In the conversion into schillings of duties exceeding 10 crowns and not exceeding 50 crowns, sums of less than 0.05 schillings shall be ignored and sums exceeding 0.05 schillings up to 0.01 schillings shall be rounded off to 0.1 schilling.
 - (4) In the conversion into schillings of duties exceeding 50 crowns and not exceeding 100 crowns, sums not exceeding 0.25 schillings shall be ignored, sums exceeding 0.25 schillings up to 0.75 schillings shall be rounded off to 0.5 schillings, and sums exceeding 0.75 schillings up to 1 schilling shall be rounded off to 1 schilling.
 - (5) In the conversion into schillings of duties exceeding 100 crowns and not exceeding 300 crowns, sums of less than 0.5 shillings shall be ignored, and sums exceeding 0.5 schillings up to 1 schilling shall be rounded off to 1 schilling.
 - (6) In the conversion into schillings of duties exceeding 300 crowns and not exceeding 500 crowns, sums of less than 2.5 schillings shall be ignored, sums exceeding 2.5 schillings up to 7.5 schillings shall be rounded off to 5 schillings and sums exceeding 7.5 schillings up to 10 schillings shall be rounded off to 10 schillings.
 - (7) In the conversion into schillings of duties exceeding 500 crowns, sums of less than 5 schillings shall be ignored and sums exceeding 5 schillings up to 10 schillings shall be rounded off to 10 schillings.

Article V.

Articles 2 and 5 of the Convention regarding epizootic diseases (Annex C to Article 12 of the Annex C Commercial Convention of May 4, 1921, between the Austrian Republic and the Czechoslovak Republic) shall be amended in accordance with Annex C.

Article VI.

- 1. The present Supplementary Agreement shall be ratified as soon as possible. The instruments of ratification shall be exchanged at Prague.
- 2. The present Agreement shall come into force on the fifteenth day after the exchange of the instruments of ratification. Both Governments nevertheless reserve the right to put the Agreement provisionally into force at an earlier date in so far as they are empowered to do so by their legislation. The present Agreement shall remain in force until July 15, 1932. Should it not be denounced three months before that date it shall be regarded as indefinitely extended. It may then be denounced at any time, at three months'notice.
- 3. The changes in the Convention regarding epizootic diseases (Article V and Annex C) shall form an integral part of the Commercial Convention of May 4, 1921, and shall remain in force for the same period as that Convention.

In faith whereof the Plenipotentiaries have signed the present Supplementary Agreement and have thereto affixed their seals.

Done, in duplicate, in the German and Czechoslovak languages, at Vienna, July the twenty-second, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-one.

For the Republic of Austria: Schober, m. p.

For the Czechoslovak Republic: Dr. Jul. FRIEDMANN, m. p.

ANNEX A.

Duties on Imports into Austria.

in	Number Austrian Customs tariff	Designation of goods	Duty in gold Crowns
			per 100 kg.
		IV. Sugar, artificial Sweetening Substances.	
	19	Sugar of other kinds: (a) Starch sugar (grape sugar, glucose, dextrose)	32.—
		(b) Colouring sugar (for colouring sugar and beer)	At the duty per 100 kg, applicable to beet and cane sugar under
	,	(c) Fruit sugar (levulose) maltose, milk sugar and the like	No. 18 (b).
		VI. CEREALS, MALT, PULSE, MILLING PRODUCTS, RICE.	
	25	Barley	6.— Plus additi-
	26 29	Oats	onal duty. 3.— Surtax of
		Malt, not roasted	2.— on the duty per
		VII. FRUITS, VEGETABLES, SEEDS, PLANTS AND PARTS OF PLANTS,	oats.
ex	35	Fruits not specially mentioned, fresh: ex (a) Fine table fruit: (1) Strawberries:	
		Wood strawberries Others (2) Raspberries ex (b) Other fruit:	5.— 10.— 5.—
ex	36	Whortleberries	2.—
ex	39	ex (1) Fruit pulp, fruit marrow and fruit must, except plum pulp, marrow and must	6
		ex (a) Fine vegetables for table use: Cucumbers Headed lettuce Oberkohlrabi Horse radish Mushrooms other than bed mushrooms Carrots	5.— 4.— 5.— 2.— 5.—

1734	League of Ivations — I reaty Series.	191
Number in Austrian Customs tariff	Designation of goods	Duty in gold Crowns
ex 39 (continued)	Vegetables not specially mentioned, etc. ex (b) Others:	per 100 kg.
•	(i) Potatoes, except early season potatoes	2.—
ex 40	(2) Sugar beets ex (4) All others: Headed cabbabes Turnip cabbage (Unterkohlrabi) Parsnips Parsley Celery Vegetables for soup-making Green cabbage (Kraut) Vegetables of all kinds: ex (6) Others:	2.— 2.— 2.— 2.— 2.— 2.— 2.— 5.—
	Cucumbers preserved in salt water or vinegar: α) In barrels weighing gross more than 500 kg	Surtax of 2.40 on the duty for 130 kg. of cucumbers. Surtax of 5.40 on the
	Note: The addition of fennel shall not preclude the application of the duties prescribed in this number.	duty for 130 kg. of cucumbers.
42 43 ex 44	Clover seed	4.—
ex 46	ex Note ad No. 44: Sugar beet seed	8.50 free
ex 47	tied together, wired or not: (c) Coloured, impregnated or otherwise prepared to increase durability. Leaves, grass, sprays ornamented (without ornamental fruit or blooms) cut, loose, or tied together, wired or not:	34
ex 48	(c) Coloured, impregnated or otherwise prepared to increase durability	34
49 50	(3) Trees and shrubs, except forest plants	12 1 free
	IX. Animals, other.	
ex 58	Poultry of all kinds (but not feathered game): ex (a) Living: Geese	8
NT		1

1904	League of Nations — I reaty Series.	192
Number in Austrian Customs tariff	Designation of goods	Duty in gold Crowns
		per 100 kg.
	X. RAW MATERIALS OF ANIMAL ORIGIN.	
ex 68	(a) Bed feathers in packages weighing:	
	(i) 80 kg. or more: α) Crude or hand stripped	free
	β) Machine-worked: αα) Hen or turkey feathers not mixed with other feathers.	60.—
	ββ) Others	70.—
	(2) Less than 80 kg	100
	XI. FATS AND OILS.	
ex 79	(a) Stearic acid	12.—
ex 80 81	(a) Oleic acid	6.—- free
ex 83	Fatty oils for technical purposes unfit for immediate use as edible oils:	
	(a) Colza oil: (I) _Crude	free
	(2) Refined	5
	XII. BEVERAGES.	
85	Beer: (a) In barrels	14
e x 87	(b) In bottles or jugs	30.—
	Wine and must of fruits other than apples and pears	30.—
	Ex Notes: (2) Wine and must of apples and pears:	
	(a) In casks	12.— 24.—
ex 89	Fruit and berry juice not condensed, unsweetened: (a) In casks:	
ex 91	(2) Others	12
	(a) Medicinal waters, natural	1.40
	Natural	1.40
	XIII. COMESTIBLES.	
ex 96	Meat: ex_(c) Prepared (dried, pick'ed, smoked, also cooked):	
	Ham, fillets of smoked meat; pork fillet (Schweinslungenbraten) prepared with paprica	75
		75

1754	League of Ivations - Treaty Series.	190
Number in Austrian Customs tariff	Designation of goods	Duty in gold Crowns
еж 97	Meat sausages: ex (a) Ordinary and ex (b) fine: (1) Horse radish sausages, Frankfort sausages, smoked sausages, "Extra" sausages, small shaped sausages (Zigarrenwürste), live sausages of all kinds (except poultry liver sausages), black puddings, pressed sausages, Moravia sausages, Taliany sausages (2) Specified cooking sausages of all kinds made chiefly of beef, tongue sausages, Gotha sausages	per 100 kg. 60.—
ех 98	(3) Pork fillet sausages (Schweinslungenbratenwürste), poultry liver sausages of all kinds, coarse chopped ham sausages, Studeiner sausages, rolled fillets of pork (Lungenbratenroulade), rolled ham, salmon ham	150.—
	ex (a) Fine cheese for table use and fine cheese in boxes and ex (b) Others: (I) Topfen	4.— 15.— 20.—
ex IOI	(4) Other soft cheeses	Surtax of 2.— on the duty per 100 kg. of Malt under No. 29 of the Customs
еж 107	Comestibles not specially mentioned and foodstuffs of all kinds in air-tight receptacles not elsewhere liable to higher rates of duties: ex (f) Sweetmeats and confectionery:	Tariff.
	Marzipan	120.— 150.— 105.—
	XIV. Coal, Ores and Earths.	
еж 110	ex (b) Other earths and mineral substances not specially mentioned, crude, calcined, ground or washed: Medicinal muds of Trencianské Teplice and Pieštany ex Note IIO a/2: Kaolin for porcelain factories	free free
	XV. Dyeing and tanning materials.	
ex III	Oak bark	free
	•	

		• • •
Number in Austrian Customs tariff	Designation of goods	Duty in gold Crowns
	XVI. GUMS AND RESINS.	per 100 kg.
116	Coopers', brewers', brush and rope-makers' pitch	35.—
	XVIII. COTTON, YARN AND WARES THEREOF, ETC.	
132	Cotton-wool except when intended for medicinal purposes; threads prepared for cleaning machines, etc.: (a) Bleached and degreased	40
138	(b) Others	12.—
	1. Up to No. 10 metric	15 20
	1. Up to No. 10 metric	25.— 30.—
140	Tissues made of No. 21 yarn and under and not having in a square of 5 mm. side, 38 threads or less: a) Unfigured:	
	1. Unbleached 2. Bleached or mercerised 3. Dyed 4. Printed in 1-4 colours or woven with single weft in 2-4 colours	95.— 125.— 150.— 213.—
	5. Printed in 5 or more colours, or woven with multiple weft in 2-4 colours or woven in 5 or more colours	218
	1. Unbleached 2. Bleached or mercerised 3. Dyed 4. Printed in 1-4 colours or woven with single weft in 2-4 colours	120.— 155.— 180.— 235.—
141 A	5. Printed in 5 or more colours, or woven with multiple weft in 2-4 colours or woven in 5 or more colours	240
	1. Unbleached 2. Bleached or mercerised 3. Dyed	135.— 165.— 205.— 255.—
	5. Printed in 5 or more colours, or woven with multiple weft in 2-4 colours or woven in 5 or more colours	265.—
	1. Ünbleached	160 200 240
	4. Printed in 1-4 colours or woven with single weft in 2-4 colours	290
	5. Printed in 5 or more colours, or woven with multiple weft in 2-4 colours or woven in 5 or more colours	300.—

	Deague of Puttons Prenty Series.	177
Number in Austrian Customs tariff	Designation of goods	Duty in gold Crowns
141 B	Tissues of yarn over No. 29 up to No. 50 inclusive, having 38 threads or less in a square of 5 mm. side:	per 100 kg.
	a) Unfigured: 1. Unbleached 2. Bleached or mercerised. 3. Dyed 4. Printed in 1-4 colours or woven with single weft in 2-4 colours	180.— 220.— 265.— 340.—
	5. Printed in 5 or more colours, or woven with multiple weft in 2-4 colours or woven in 5 or more colours	350.—
	1. Ünbleached 2. Bleached or mercerised 3. Dyed 4. Printed in 1-4 colours or woven with single weft in 2-4 colours	215.— 265.— 305.— 380.—
142	5. Printed in 5 or more colours, or woven with multiple weft in 2-4 colours or woven in 5 or more colours	390
	a) Unfigured: 1. Unbleached 2. Bleached or mercerised 3. Dyed 4. Printed in 1-4 colours or woven with single weft in 2-4 colours	200.— 240.— 280.— 340.—
	5. Printed in 5 or more colours, or woven with multiple weft in 2-4 colours, or woven in 5 or more colours	350
	1. Unbleached 2. Bleached or mercerised 3. Dyed 4. Printed in 1-4 colours or woven with single weft in 2-4 colours	230.— 280.— 320.— 380.—
145	5. Printed in 5 or more colours, or woven with multiple weft in 2-4 colours, or woven in 5 or more colours Furnishing fabrics, woven in plush or not; Madras and Baghdad curtains:	390
e x 146	(a) Table-covers, bed-covers and furniture-covers with pattern matching the size of the cover	333.— 375.— 450.—
, 149	(b) Dyes	300.— 365.—
	Note: Articles of this kind with looped or ribboned edges pay a fixed surtax of	100
ex 153	Hosiery and knitted wares: (a) Netted or knitted fabrics, in the piece (to be sold by the metre): 1. Unbleached 2. Bleached, mercerised, dyed, printed, netted or knitted in colours	220.— 260.—
	2. Bleached, mercerised, dyed, printed, netted or knitted in colours	260.—

1754	Edgae of Prations Treaty Series.	
Number in Austrian Customs tariff	Designation of goods	Duty in gold Crowns
	Wasiams and builted marks:	per 100 kg.
ex. 153 (continued)	Hosiery and knitted wares: ex (b) Stockings and socks: ex I β) Single weft, single strand, weighing less than I kg. per dozen pairs: Other (than those of mercerised yarn)	250.—
	Other (than those of mercerised yarn)	250.—
	Note ad (b): Silk clocks do not affect the tariff classification.	
	(c) Gloves	320.—
	 α) Underclothing of course roughened thread material (Futter-und Bindefaden-Unterwäsche) β) Others 	280.— 440.—
	Note: Openwork hosiery wares pay a surtax of	free
ex 157	XIX. FLAX, HEMP, JUTE AND OTHER VEGETABLE TEXTILES NOT SPECIALLY MENTIONED, YARNS AND WARES THEREOF, ETC. (a) I. Yarns of manila fibre, sisal fibre or other hard exotic fibres, unbleached	20.—
	r. Unbleached: α) Having in warp and weft up to 40 threads in a square of 2 cm. side	65.—
	β) Having in warp and weft more than 40 and up to 160 threads in a square of 2 cm, side	110
,	 γ) Having in warp and weft more than 160 threads in a square of 2 cm. side 2. Bleached, lye-washed, dyed, printed or colour woven: 	125.—
	α) Having in warp and weft up to 80 threads in a square of 2 cm. side	155
	in a square of 2 cm. side: αα) Pocket-handkerchiefs ββ) Others γ) Having in warp and weft more than 160 threads in a square	270.— 250.—
	of 2 cm. side: αα) Pocket-handerchiefs	270.— 260.—
	1. Unbleached	150.— 270.—
	1	i

Number in Austrian Customs tariff	Designation of goods	Duty in gold Crowns
162	Damask of all kinds, also unbleached: (a) Having in warp and weft up to 80 threads in a square of 2 cm.	per 100 kg.
	(b) Having in warp and weft more than 80 threads and up to 160 in a square of 2 cm. side	215.— 265.—
	(c) Having in warp and weft more than 160 threads in a square of 2 cm. side	320.—
163	Batiste, gauze, lawn and other loose-woven tissues	250.—
ex 168	Plaited wares, passementerie and buttons: Buttons covered with linen thread	150.—
ex 170	Carpets of flax, hemp, jute, cocoanut fibre or other vegetable textile materials not specially mentioned, whether bleached, dyed, printed or not: ex (a) Not in woven plush style:	T O
	Other than of cocoanut fibre (b) Woven plush style: 1. Smyrna carpets of jute 2. Others	70.— 70.— 150.—
ex 180	Woollen wares: Woollen tissues not special mentioned, weighing: (a) 700 grammes or more per sq. metre: 1. Halina and Hunja cloth, printed or not 2. Blankets made of waste 3. Other tissues (b) Less than 700 grammes and down to 450 grammes per sq. metre (c) Less than 450 grammes and down to 200 grammes per sq. metre: 1. Unbleached	80, 80, 210, 290,
	I. Unbleached 2. Dyed, printed, woven in several colours ex (d) Less than 200 grammes per sq. metre: 1. Tissues of wool with pure cotton warp: α) Serge and satin for linings, luster β) Others: αα) Unbleached ββ) Dyed or colour woven 2. Other tissues of wool: (α) Unbleached (β) Dyed or colour woven	240.— ad valorem 400.— 260.— 310.— 250.—
181	Furnishing fabrics, woven plush style or not: (a) Woven plush style	490 500 400
182	Velvet, tissues similar to velvet and ribbons of velvet: (a) "Sealskin" (imitation sealskin) weighing 450 grammes or more per sq. metre (b) Other	200 240

Number in Austrian Customs tariff	Designation of goods	Duty in gold Cowns
797	Hegiery and Imitted fabrics	per 100 kg.
187	Hosiery and knitted fabrics: (a) Hosiery and knitted fabrics in the piece (to be sold by the metre)	240.—
	(b) Stockings and socks weighing per dozen pairs: 1. Stockings 1 ½ kg. or more, socks 1 kg. or more 2. Stockings less than 1 ½ kg. socks less than 1 kg	235.— 500.—
ex 188	(c) Gloves: 1. "Kastor" gloves	250.— 400.— 320.—
	(a) Of coarse animal hair with or without a slight admixture of wool:	
	1. Not woven plush style	70.— 140.— 290.—
	1. With chenile applied on	215.— 190.— 120.—
ex 189	Felt and felt wares (with the exception of felt carpets): (b) Other felt and felt wares	180.—
	Notes: 1. Worked up felts (except polishing discs, insulating strips and worked up felts in combination with common fabrics) are dutiable as felt with a surtax of 30 %. 2. Felts in the piece (to be sold by the metre) for the manufacture of footwear, pianohammer tops, hats, suspenders, embroidery, spats, inking pads, caps, bonnets, trusses, sheaths, travelling-flasks, portières, dolls, toys, stuffed animals, upholstery wares, table covers, writing pads, choristers' cassocks, also felt for tailoring and for use in making up clothing, for insoles, linings, edgings and carpets, subject to certificate	free
190	Articles for technical purposes: (a) Curled horse hair (Krollhaare), mixed or not with other coarse animal hair or with vegetable textile fibre	55
	XXI. SILK AND SILK WARES, ETC.	
ex 205	Wares wholly of silk: Hosiery and knitted wares: ex (b) Others:	
ex 210	Stockings of artificial silk with cotton strengthening	1,200
	with warp or weft of artificial silk, weighing more than 200 gr. per sq. metre	600.—
213	(a) In the piece (to be sold by the metre)	700.— 1,000.—

Number in Austrian Designation of goods Customs gold Crowns tariff per 100 kg. XXII. MADE UP ARTICLES. 218 Wigmakers' wares, wares of human hair . ex 225 Clothing, underclothing and other sewn articles not specially mentioned

240 .---

Duty in

(except made-up clothing for men and heavy made-up apparel for ladies) are dutiable according to their principal component material with an additional 40 %. In the case of apparel for ladies and all articles of clothing lined with silk or ornamented with lace or embroidery, the material paying the highest duty will be deemed to be the principal component material.

Notes: 1. In the traffic to which the Convention applies, the assessment of the duty and surtax according to No. 225 (in so far as the surtax is consolidated in the above text) shall be based on the conventional duties leviable on the constituent part affecting the tariff classification.

- 2. Ribbons, loops, passementerie, borders, collars and cuffs, even of silk, do not affect the tariff classification of the articles classed under No. 225.
- 3. In the assessment of duty on heavy made-up apparel for ladies, embroidered collars and cuffs shall not affect the tariff classification.

Ad General Notes to Classes XVIII-XXII.

Tissues having simple hems or occasional stitches or sewn-on hemstitches, are not to pay duty according to the rate for sewn articles but are only subject to a surtax of 10 % on the duty leviable on the tissue

Pure silk and half-silk tissues, with simple hems or occasional stitches, are not dutiable as sewn articles, but only pay a surtax of 5 % on the duty applicable to the tissue itself.

The duties applicable to sewn articles do not apply to, nor is any Customs surtax leviable on pocket handkerchiefs, table-linen bed-linen and towels, of cotton yarn or of textile materials of Class XIX, or of pure silk or half-silk tissues, with hems obtained without folding the edge by simple stitching, or by a more or less broad folding of the edge, single or multiple, and fixed by stitching, and showing no kind of openwork stitching or ornamental points or adornments of any other description. On the above-mentioned articles there shall be levied, in lieu of the duties on sewn articles, the 10 % surtax provided under No. 6 of General Notes to Classes XVIII-XXII, if the articles are only provided with simple hemstitches (half-ladder or ladder hems (Halbstäbchensäume or Ganzstäbchensäume) or with an interior open-work of single row running parallel to the edges of the tissue and executed in the same manner as the simple openwork hems, but not connected with the hem by special stitches. In that case, no account shall be taken of the spider stitch (star-shaped designs) which occurs at cross-points of the open-

Articles of textile materials, showing no other embroidery beyond initials, even if in themselves blended or ornamented (monograms, fancy letters and the like), or names, numbers, or emblems showing the use of certain household linen (such as "Plates", "Glasses", or similar emblems for table-linen, towels and the like), are not regarded as embroideries, but are dutiable according to kind.

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Number in Austrian Customs tariff	Designation of goods	Duty in gold Crowns
	In the case of made-up articles of all kinds, no account is taken of wholly unessential additions which, when compared with the value and purpose of the article, are not in the nature of a special addition or of an ornament (such as chain-lace or (Anstosschnüre) plain edgings or occasional braids and the like). In the assessment of Customs duty on wares or textile materials of Class XIX, an addition of cotton not exceeding 8 % of the net weight of the article will be deemed negligible and will be ignored.	per 100 kg.
	XXIII. Brush and Sievemakers wares.	
ex 227	Brushmakers wares, others (except wire brushes for technical purposes):	
	ex (b) Combined with artificial carving materials: Combined with celluloid	Celluloid duty plus 200.—.
	XXIV. WARES OF BAST, RUSH, CANE, REED, CHIP, STRAW AND THE LIKE, NOT MENTIONED IN OTHER CLASSES OF THE TARIFF.	
ex 234	Other plaited wares, including basketware: ex (c) Wood chip plaiting in combination with textile filaments	85
	XXV. PAPER AND PAPER WARES.	
ex 236	Pasteboard: ex (a) Rough rag pasteboard and strawboard: I. Rough rag pasteboard ex (b) Roofing board: 2. Not sanded	6.—
ex 138	ex (c) Pressed boards and glazed boards Packing paper weighing 30 grammes or more per square metre, unbleached, undyed or dyed in the pulp, whether or not glazed on one side:	9.— 8.—
	(a) Straw paper	free
ex 239	Patent packing paper	10.—
243	(a) Coarse, undyed, grey or not	5.— 14.—
ex 246	(a) Real parchment paper and viscose paper (b) Other. Cigarette paper and tissue paper in sheets, rolls and reels; cellulose wadding for other than medical use:	12 25
	(a) Gigarette paper	37.—
	Dyed tissue paper	28.—
14 No. 2	·	20,

772	League of Nations — Treaty Series.	21
Number in Austrian Customs tariff	Designation of goods	Duty in gold Crowns
ex 250	Printed matter, advertisements and other printed papers, cards and cardboards: (d) Others: 1. Printed in a single colour:	per 100 kg.
	 (α) Real parchment paper (β) Other greaseproof wrapping paper (except viscose paper) 	55. 50
	 2. Printed in several colours or illustrated: (α) Real parchment paper (β) Other greaseproof wrapping paper (except viscose paper) 	80.—- 70.—-
ex 251 ex 252	Cigarette paper in booklets Wares of paper, pasteboard or paper pulp, not tariffed elsewhere: ex (c) Others:	75.—
	ex 1. Apothecaries' cardboard ware	100.—
	Stamped wall pockets, stamped calendar backs ex 3. All others :	75.─
	 α) Yarn tubes β) Buttons γ) Gummoid in plates, bars, tubes, rings and cylinders δ) Cards for Jacquard looms 	30.— 20.— 19.— 10.—
	XXVI. RUBBER, GUTTA-PERCHA AND WARES THEREOF.	
ex 266	Elastic tissues, woven, wares and passementerie: ex (a) Wholly or partly of silk: Of artificial silk	
		400.—
267	Of cotton	210
		•
	XXVII. OILCLOTH AND WARES THEREOF.	
270 ex 271	Coarse materials, chemically prepared, or covered or impregnated with oil, tar or greasy components; tarpaulins and other coverings manufactured from such materials	130
. , -	ex (b) Others: Flooring board:	-
	1. Single colour	35.— 45.—

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Number in Austrian Customs tariff	Designation of goods	Duty in gold Crowns
		per 100 kg.
	XXVIII. LEATHER AND LEATHER WARES.	•
ex 287	Footwear wholly or partly made of leather, combined or not with very fine materials, weighing per pair: ex (d) 3. Less than 600 gr.: Plain shoes for ladies with top of cotton or cotton and linen, with	
288	weave of satin, rep or chiffon, of natural colour or dyed, mercerised or not, according to samples deposited Slippers and house shoes, of whatever material:	175.—
	(a) Hunja shoes	180.— 200.—
	XXX. Wood and Wooden wares; Turning and Carving Materials and Wares thereof.	
294	(a) Firewood, including bark, brushwood and twigs up to an annual	
еж 295	quantity of 40,000 quintals	50
	3. Further worked, planed, tongued, grooved or impregnated; wood prepared for casks, wood thread, wood wool and wood flour:	
	(α) Wood flour (β) Impregnated moulding	1.50 5.— 6.— 8.—
	ex (b) Of other foliate trees: 3. Further worked: planed, tongued, grooved or impregnated; wood prepared for casks	4.—
еж 301	Walking-sticks of wood or cane: (a) Not worked, rough (b) Roughly worked:	free
еж 301 А	1. Rough	4.50 15.— 36.—
ех 301 В	parts thereof: (c) Other component parts of tobacco-pipes, cigar and cigarette-holders, and complete tobacco-pipes, cigar and cigarette-holders, combined or not with fine materials. Furniture and parts thereof; clock-cases:	160.—
CA GOLD	ex (b) Of common hard [wood, planed or not (flat or in profile), roughly turned or roughly carved, not veneered: ex r. Rough:	
	Of bent-wood	28.—
	Of bent-wood	31,
•	ex I. Veneered with common wood, also those with pyro-ingrained, impressed or millgrooved ornaments:	
	of bent-wood	31,
No. 2938	brass edges	50,—

1752	League of Transit 2 round 2 or tool	
Number in Austrian Customs tariff	Designation of goods	Duty in gold Crowns
ex 302	Wares nor specially mentioned, of common wood, whether or not planed (flat or in profile), roughly turned or roughly carved, also glued, rabbetted or otherwise joined together:	per 100 kg.
	ex a) Of soft wood: ex 1. In the rough: α) Bungs of pinewood	6.— 12.—
	combined with leather: Slats for Venetian blinds	14.—
	 α) Large vats (pipes) β) Sticks of beechwood roughly turned, in cylindrical form γ) Large barrels and vats of beechwood, of a capacity not exceeding 6 litres, intended for purposes of packing 	30.— 15.—
	ex 2. Dyed, stained, varnished, lacquered, polished, also all these combined with leather: α) Large barrel (pipes), polished	36.—
ех 303	Wares not specially mentioned, of fine wood or veneered with fine wood, planed or not (flat or in profile), etc.: 1. Barrels of oak, rough	30.— 40.—
еж 304	3. Marge barrels (pipes), polished	50.—
ex 305	a) Blinds of wood thread with numerous textile filaments Wares not specially mentioned, of wood, with coverings of any kind:	50.—
ex 307	a) Blinds of match splint covered wholly or mainly with textile filaments	90.—
	ex a) 3. Celluloid buttons	155.— Celluloid duties.
	ex b) Of artificial horn or artificial rosin: Articles for smokers (pipes, cigar and cigarette holders, mouthpieces for the same and the like)	170.— Duties on the corres- ponding turn- ing material.
	ex d) Of bone, horn or other natural carving materials: 1. Buttons in buffalo horn	200.—
	XXXI. GLASS AND GLASSWARE.	
316	Hollow glass, moulded glass and solid glass, not specially mentioned, not worked: a) Glass for industrial purposes b) Building bricks	6.— 6.— 15.— 27.—

Number in Austrian Customs tariff	Designation of goods	Duty in gold Crowns
317	Hollow glass, moulded glass and solid glass, not specially mentioned, refined: a) Painted:	per 100 kg.
	1. Illuminating glass	20.— 52.—
	1. Simply refined with circular or oval surfaces (ball, plum or olive shape); etched, smoothed, ground or polished on previously pressed surfaces or ornaments	22.50
	2. Otherwise refined	19.—
	Note: Glass mentioned in this number intended for manufacturers of articles made of iron or metal, or of stone or wood or carving material, and for matters of lighting appliances, and to be used for the adjustment of such articles subject to compliance with the conditions or restrictions laid down by the regulations	free
319	Beer, wine and mineral water bottles, green, brown or yellow; carboys	4
320	Cast and mirror glass, unworked: a) Not coloured: 1. Rough cast glass and "Schnürlglas", rough mirror glass:	
	α) Rough cast glass and "Schnürlglas"	10.—gross weight
	 β) Rough mirror glass: αα) 12 mm. or more in thickness ββ) Less than 12 mm. in thickness 	free 10.— gross weight
	2. Wired glass	18.— gross weight
	3. Ornemental glass and cathedral glass	20.— gross weight
	1. Mirror glass, rough, coloured: α) 12 mm. or more in thickness. β) Less then 12 mm. in thickness.	free 28.— gross weight
	2. Wired glass, coloured	gross weight
	3. Ornamental glass and stained glass, coloured	gross weight
	4. Opalescent glass: α) Of one colour	20.— gross weight
	β) Of several colours	free 28.— gross weight
321	Plate glass, unworked: (a) Not coloured	20,
	(b) Coloured or flashed	gross weight free

		417
Number in Austrian Customs tariff	Designation of goods	Duty in gold Crowns
322	Cast glass, mirror glass and plate glass, worked but not silvered (a) Cast glass and plate glass:	per roo kg. free
	I. Curved, but not further worked	gros weight
	 (b) Mirror glass, with or without wire reinforcement: I. Ground, polished, but not further worked 2. Otherwise further worked: α) Curved, but not worked 	gross weight free
	β) Other	gross weight
323	Cast glass, mirror glass and plate glass, silvered, worked or not; concave and flat mirrors, except those mentioned in 480, unframed or with frames of other than fine or very fine materials	gross weight free
323 A	Note: Reducing mirrors not exceeding 10 cm. in diameter, unframed, and magnifying mirrors, unframed, except those consisting of optical cut lenses (No. 480)	free 200.— gross weight
325	Watch glasses, ground or not	free
326	Spectacle and other optical glasses, ground. Glass beads, glass corals, glass marbles, Glass buttons, glass pendants, of solid glass, spun glass: (a) Of white or coloured glass: I. Spun glass for industrial purposes 2. Other (b) Painted, gilt or silvered	20.— 4.80
327 328	Imitation pearls or wares of these materials Imitation gems, not set Glass jewellery for men and women; articles made of glass beads (except imitation pearls) or of imitation gems, of small glass tablets, of spun glass and the like:	18.— 240.— 30.—
329	(a) Combined or not with fine materials: 1. Works of glass beads (except imitation pearls) and imitation gems, of small glass tablets, of spun glass and the like, not combined with other materials. 2. Other	28.— 120.— 240.—
349	(a) Combined with very fine materials	240.—
	 Concave and flat mirrors, except those mentioned in No 480; escritoires and fittings therefore. Other: 	200
	 α) Combined with rubber, leather or with ornamented but not nickelled parts of iron or base metals	72.— 120.—
	mented	72.— 20.— 36.—

Number in Austrian Customs tariff	. Designation of goods	Duty in gold Crowns
		per 100 kg.
	XXXII. STONES AND WARES OF STONE.	
ex 333	Slabs less than 16 cm. in thickness (except slabs of slate and lithographic stones): ex (b) Further worked, whether ground or polished or not:	
335	ex 2. Of granite	20.—
	1. Simply profiled or simply worked, not turned	14.— 21.— 32.—
340	Lime: (a) Limestone, rough	free 0.50
e x 343	Millstones, lithographic stones: Lithographic stones and artificial defibring stones	free
ex 346	Artificial grindstones and whetstones: (a) Of emery or artificial hard grinding substances	24.—
	XXXIII. Earthenware.	
ex 352	Non-fireproof tiles of earthenware, baked or not:	
	(a) Not further worked: 4. Facing bricks and floating bricks 5. Other hollow bricks, perforated bricks or slabs, and shaped	0.70
	bricks	o.8o 2.—
354 355	Bricks and slabs, fireproof	2.50
	(a) 1. More than 80 mm	free o.8o
	(b) Less than 30 mm. and down to 15 mm	3.20 5.70
356	Facing tiles, whether or not divided into quarters (Spaltwiertel), glazed (flag-stones):	
еж 357	(a) Of one colour	10.50
~2r 337	(b) Earthenware pipes, glazed; pipes of common stoneware or fireproof clay	3.—
359	Stoves and parts of stoves: (a) Rough wrought and without ornaments	6.—
	Note: Blue tiles for fuel-saving ranges, with or without white grooves, having a brick-like fracture	4
	(b) 1. Stove tiles for fuel-saving ranges, blue, with or without	4
	white grooves having a bricklike fracture	4
•	2. Stove tiles, only glazed dark green or dark brown, decorated or not, but roughly worked, having a brick-like fracture	4
	3. Others	15.—

Number in Austrian Customs tariff	· Designation of goods	Duty in gold Crowns
ex 360	Retorts, crucibles, mufles, capsules and other articles for industrial	per 100 kg.
361	purposes: (b) Of other fireproof materials or of common stoneware Common pottery, articles not specially mentioned, of common stone-	6.—
	ware: (a) Common pottery of ordinary clay, colouring by heat	3.50
362 ex 363	(b) Articles not specially mentioned, of common stoneware China	4·— 22.—
	 α) Common pottery having a whitish fracture and simply ornamented by coloured spraying or stamping (Znaim pottery)	3.50 18.—
	XXXIV. Iron and Iron Wares.	
ex 374	Cylinders of non-malleable cast iron: (b) Wrought: 1. Cylinders for paper machines having a length of over 2 m.	
	roughly scoured, for paper machine factories	free
376	2. Others	18
	Note: Cylindrical standards for railways and lighting purposes, of rolled (tapering) tubes or consisting of welded tube sections, besides being primed, provided or not with holes or with protecting rings in addition to a coat of paint are dutiable under No. 376 (b).	
ex 381	Wares of sheet iron: ex (b) Of sheet iron less than 2 mm. in thickness: ex 2. Otherwise ordinarily worked, coated or not with zinc or lead:	
	Table, household and kitchen utensils ex 3. Otherwise finely worked, such as coated with other base metals or polished, with pressed or swaged designs, enamelled, finely primed, lacquered, painted, printed :	47·
	 α) Table, household and kitchen utensils. β) Packings of tin or tinfoil, not printed. γ) Enamel ware. ξ) Curry combs 	72.— 72.— 80.— 80.—
ex 383	Rail fastenings, etc., dog spikes cut up to 12 mm. in thickness	7.—
384	Railway axles and wheel iron, railway wheels and sets of wheels	14.—
389	Nails and tacks: (a) Rough or ordinarily worked: 1. Horse-shoe nails	15.— 24.— 17.—

Number in Austrian Customs tariff	Designation of goods	Duty in gold Crowns
,		per 100 kg.
389 (continued)	Nails and tacks: (b) Finely worked, also all nails with heads of common materials; hand-forged boot nails: 1. Finely worked, with heads of common materials: α) Pointed nails ("Mausköpfe und Piffelnägel") with ribbed head or star headed β) Others 2. Others	36.— 60.— 26.—
ex 391	Chains and chain links, except cast and flat link chains:	
еж 395	(a) Thickness of links being 2 mm. of more: 1. 2 to 6 mm	30.— 24.—
	1. Lacquered	100,
еж 398	Springs:	120
ex 405	ex b) Leaf springs for carriages	11.—
407	ex a) Meat mincers	50
	1. 2,000 kg. or more. 2. Less than 2,000 kg. to 100 kg. 3. Less than 100 kg. to 40 kg. 4. Less than 40 kg. to 5 kg. 5. Less than 5 kg.	5.— 6.— 7.— 9.— 11.—
	b) Otherwise ordinarily worked, weighing each: 1. 2,000 kg. or more. 2. Less than 2,000 down to 100 kg. 3. Less than 100 down to 40 kg. 4. Less than 40 down to 5 kg. 5. Less than 5 kg.	14.— 15.— 17.— 20.— 22.—
	c) Finely worked, weighing each: 1. 100 kg. or more 2. Less than 100 down to 40 3. Less than 40 down to 5 kg.:	22.— 25.—
	 α) Cast iron utensils, enamelled β) Other utensils, enamelled γ) Other 4. Less than 5 kg.: 	18.— 30.— 33.—
	 α) Cast iron utensils enamelled	18.— 35.50 40.—
ex 408	Art and other ornamental castings, combined or not with malleable iron; cast-iorn baths: a) Rough or merely scoured: I. Quint stoves and Quint grates weighing 5 kg. or more each.	TO
		12.—
	ex b) Otherwise ordinarily worked or finely worked: Other than baths	32.— 48.—

1752	League of Ivations — I reaty Series.	. 22.
Number in Austrian Customs tariff	Designation of goods	Duty in gold Crowns
	Notes to a) and b): 1. Stove frames and doors rough, scoured, coarsely primed or not	per 100 kg. 12.— 20.—
409	Wares of malleable iron not specially mentioned: a) Rough, scoured or coarsely primed, weighing each:	
	1. 5,000 kg. or more. 2. Less than 5,000 down to 500 kg. 3. Less than 500 down to 25 kg. 4. Less than 25 down to 3 kg. 5. Less than 3 down to 0.5 kg. 6. Less than 0.5 kg. b) Otherwise ordinarily worked weighing each:	9.— 11.— 12.50 16.— 18.— 21.50
	1. 25 kg. or more 2. Less than 25 down to 3 kg. 3. Less than 3 down to 0.5 kg. 4. Less than 0.5 kg. c) Finely worked, weighing each:	20 23 27 33
	1. 25 kg. or more	28 34 45 55
ex 409 B	Gilled Pipes for heating (radiators): a) Of non-malleable cast iron even ordinarily or finely worked	24.—
	XXXV. Base Metals and Wares thereof.	
ex 423	Small wares of base metals or alloys thereof combined or not with fine materials: Eyes, buckles and hooks (except of aluminium): a) Lacquered	***
4 ² 4	b) Others, combined or not with fine materials Ornament, adornment and luxury wares (fancy articles) combined or	120.—
ex 428	Wares not specially mentioned, of copper of base metals or alloys thereof, not elsewhere mentioned: ex c) Others:	170.— .
	ex 2: Finely worked: a) Coffee machines, hooks for clothes, rods on which carpets are beaten, cramp irons, curtain rods. b) Machines for warming beer, tea strainers, tea strainer spoons, coffee filters, sugar tongs, ink stands out of cast brass or sheet brass, hand lamps, table crumb scoops, brass ash-trays, office equipment and accessories (such as boxes for stamps, pen-trays, blotting-books, pa per-knives) of cast or sheet brass in so far as they do not constitute ornamental or luxury	180.—
No9	objects within the meaning of No. 424	150.—

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Number in Austrian Customs tariff	Designation of goods	Duty in gold Crowns
429	Wares not specially mentioned, of nickel or nickel alloys, such as packfong, alpaca, argentan and the like:	per 100 kg.
ex 432	a) Table cuflery	140.— 180.—
	ex b) Other: Automobile headlights	200
	ex: Notes on XXXIV and XXXV.	
	2. The removal of casting or moulding seams (fashes) by chiselling, grinding, whether or not by emery wheel, filing or knocking off, smoothing broken surfaces, removing runners, knobs, etc., due to casting, and in the case of cast steel, roughly scouring for the purpose of testing for freedom from flaws are not to be regarded as working.	
	XXXVI. Machinery, Apparatus, etc.	
ex 435	Steam boilers of any kind weighing each: a) 5,000 kg. or more: Other (than boilers or sections of boilers of cast-iron, unworked or not, for low-pressure steam heating and for hot water heating)	25.—
	ex b) Less than 5,000 kg. down to 1,000 kg.: Steam tube boilers, stationary	40.—
ex 436 A	Distilling, refrigerating and cooking appliances: a) Of iron, even with or without minor parts of base metals,	50
	weighing each: 1. 1,000 kg. or more. 2. Less than 1,000 kg. c) In other base metals weighing each: 1. 1,000 kg. or more:	31.— 43.—
	 α) Of iron combined with not more than 50 % base metal β) Others	60.— 80.—
	α) Of iron combined with not more than 30 % base metal β) Others	60.— 80.—
ex 436 B	Cisterns and tanks: ex a) Of iron, with or without minor parts of base metals: 2. Others, weighing each:	
	α) 1,000 kg. or more	24
	αα) Steel bottles	38.— 24.—
	1. 1,000 kg. or more	55.— 75.—
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Number in Austrian Customs tariff	Designation of goods	Duty in gold Crowns
ex 438	Steam engines, steam and hydraulic turbines, combustion engines and other engines not specially mentioned (except engines belonging to Classes XXXVII and XXXVIII); machinery inseparably fixed to steam motors (steam dredgers, steam cranes, steam hammers, steam pumps, steam fire engines and the like); weighing each:	per 100 kg.
	ex a) 100,000 kg. or more: 1. Steam cranes	24.— 30.— 35.—
	2. Steam cranes	38.— 41.— 44.—
	Whim gins (Göpel)	18.—
ex 439	Agricultural machinery and apparatus: ex b) Threshing machines, weighing each:	29,
	ex 2. Less than 1,500 kg.: Less than 1,500 kg. down to 1,000 kg.	15
	ex d) Others: 1. Of wood (i.e. consisting of wood to the extent of 75 % or more) ex 2 Of iron: ex α) Disc harrows, seed drills, manure spreaders, reaping and mowing machines, chaff-cutters, wine and fruit presses, crushers, seed-cleaning machines: Nitrate spreaders, crushers, seed-cleaning machines	13.—
	 β) Other: αα) Machines for removing moss from meadows ββ) Sorters	10.— 22.— 28.—
еж 440	Machines and apparatus for the preparation, working or dressing of textiles and fabrics:	30
	ex b) Weaving looms and auxiliary weaving machines: 1. Cotton and flax looms, sizing machines	16
	mills (Schuböcke) for ribbon weaving	18.— free
ех 441	Machines and apparatus not specially mentioned: ex b) Of base metals (i.e. containing 50 % or more of base metals):	
	Special machines and apparatus for sugar factories, breweries and malt factories	70.—

1752	Deague of Ivations Treaty Beries.	2,5
Number in Austrian Customs tariff	Designation of goods	Duty in gold Crowns
ex 441 (continued)	Machines and apparatus not specially mentioned: ex c) Of iron:	per 100 kg.
,	α) Special machines and apparatus for sugar factories, breweries and malt factories, weighing each:	
	1. 10,000 kg. or more	28.— 38.— 48.— 58.—
	β) Transmissions, weighing each: 3. Less than 1,000 and down to 200 kg	30 34
	XXXVII. ELECTRICAL MACHINES AND APPARATUS; ARTICLES USED FOR ELECTRO-TECHNICAL PURPOSES.	
ex 448	Electric apparatus and devices not specially mentioned, such as switch and contact devices, starters, regulators, resistances, galvanic elements of all kinds, pocket batteries and accumulators, safety fuses, switches, sockets, lightning-arresters, derivation devices with inserted terminals, glow-lamp sockets, heating and cooking apparatus, weighing each:	
	ex d) Less than 5 kg. down to 500 grammes: Resistance coils of grey cast iron, rough ex e) Less than 500 grammes:	55
ex 453	I. Resistance coils of grey cast iron, rough 2. "Gummon" with stamped metal components Shaped parts of hardened rubber, glass, porcelain or other insulating materials, for electrical purposes, not equipped: ex b) Of porcelain, weighing each:	65.— 120.—
	ex 2. From 15 kg. down to 600 grammes: α) From 15 down to 10 kg	8
	γ) Less than 4 kg. and down to 600 grammes	20.— 28.— 22.—
	β) Other	60.—
	XXXVIII. VEHICLES AND VESSELS.	
ex 456	Perambulators, invalid chairs without propelling mechanism: ex (a) Of wood or basket-work, with wood or iron frame, without rubber tyres, neither upholstered, lined, lacquered nor nickelled:	
	Children's toy carriages of wood	25.—
	Children's toy carriages of wood, with coating of any kind	90
ex 462	Finished parts of motor vehicles: ex (b) Others: Crankshafts, roughly scoured	115.—
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.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Deague of Ivations 1 reary Beries.	49.
Number in Austrian Customs tariff	Designation of goods	Duty in gold Crowns
	XXXIX. PRECIOUS METALS, PRECIOUS AND SEMI-PRECIOUS STONES	per 100 kg.
	AND ARTICLES MADE THEREOF; SPECIE.	
^c x 474	Real stones (precious and semi-precious), etc.: ex (b) Semi-precious stones (stones used for ornament), etc.: Garnets	20
	Other semi-precious stones (stones used for ornament)	30
	XL. Instruments and other Products of Precision Machinery; Clocks and Watches.	
ex 482	Measuring instruments for industrial use: Metre measuring sticks and jointed measures of length, made of	C .
ex 483	wood	60
9-	ex (b) Inclination balances, even if combined with dish or cursor balances, weighing less than 50 kg. each: Letter scales of a capacity up to 1,000 gr	70.—
4 ⁸ 5 ex 4 ⁸ 6	Church organs and other pipe organs	40
	mouth organs)	30
	Note. — Signalling horns for railways, automobiles, etc., are dutiable as wind instruments.	
	XLI. KITCHEN SALT.	
ex 496	Kitchen salt, etc.:	
e x 497	Saltmarsh lye	2
	(a) Natural	22.—
	Note. — Such produce is dutiable under the present number, even if put up for retail sale.	
	XLII. CHEMICAL AUXILIARY MATERIALS AND PRODUCTS; CHEMICALS MEDICINAL AND PERFUMERY MATERIALS, AND PRODUCTS THEREOF; COLOURS, CANDLES, SOAP.	
ex 499	Acids: (g) Hydrofluoric	24.—
ex 500	ex (k) I. Formic	6 free
ex 503	(a) 2. Chloride of potassium	16.—

Number in Austrian Customs tariff	Designation of goods	Duty in gold Crowns
ex 510	Other chemical products: ex (e) Starch:	per 100 kg.
	1. Potato starch (including potato starch meal)	30,
	3. Rice starch (including rice starch meal)	free
	Maize starch	24.— 35.—
	gums) 3. Starch glue, size and similar amylaceous adhesive and dressing products:	41.—
	α) Of starch gum (dextrine)	38.— 25.—
ex 513	Prepared medicines, also all substances which by the inscriptions thereon, their labels, wrappers and the like, purport to be medicines, including those for veterinary use, unless they be liable to a higher duty; also chemically homogeneous materials exclusively intended for medicinal purposes and not specially mentioned:	
	1. Natural solid spring products containing kitchen salt, not in the form of pastilles nor with addition of other materials	22.—
514	2. Medicinal mud from Trencianské Teplice and Piešťany Cotton-wool and dressings prepared for medical purposes : (a) Dressing materials :	free
	1. Compresses impregnated with medicinal mud	20.— Conventional duty mentio- ned under No.
	Note. — Bleached or unbleached muslin or calico bandages, with woven edges, are dutiable under No. 514 (a). (b) Cotton-wool and other dressings: 1. Cotton wool, chemically cleansed, bleached and degreased, unsterilised, in rolls, with or without insertions of paper or cellulose, provided such insertions be on one side only, in rolls weighing more than 1.1 kg., whatever the total weight	141 B a 2.
	2. Other	50.— 60.—
516	Essential oils, such as flower oils; artificial perfumes not elsewhere specified	35.──
ex 523	Mineral colours: ex (a) Zinc and chromium colours: 2. White sulphide of zinc, lithopone, Griffith's white	free
ex 538	Articles modelled in wax : Waxed paper flowers (except paper foliage)	120.—
ex 541	Glycerine: (b) Refined or distilled	25
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1932	League of Nations — Treaty Series.	239
Number in Austrian Customs tariff	Designation of goods	Duty in gold Crowns
		per 100 kg.
	XLIV. Toys and Christmas-Tree Ornaments.	
ex 548	Toys, Christmas-tree ornaments and parts thereof:	
	ex (a) Of wood: 2. Finely worked, stained, coloured, lacquered, polished, painted	50.—
	3. Combined with fine materials	100
	ex I. Parts of dolls, of china; marbles	free
	α) Of clay	12.50 25.—
	XLV. LITERARY AND ARTISTIC ARTICLES.	
	From Notes to Class XLV. ex 1. Prayer books, bound, wholly or partly covered or ornamented with celluloid or bone, are admitted duty-free under No. 549.	
	XLVI. WASTE.	
556	Grape husks and dregs	free

ANNEX B. Duties on Imports into the Czechoslovac Republic.

Number of Czechoslovac Customs tariff	Designation of goods	Rate of duty in Czechoslovak crowns
	VII Para Vana D	per 100 kg.
;	VII. FRUIT, VEGETABLES, PLANTS AND PARTS OF PLANTS.	
ex 52	Seeds not specially mentioned: Pine seeds	120.—
ex 62 ex (b)	Plants and parts of plants, not specially mentioned: Dried or prepared (powdered or otherwise reduced or coloured):	120.—
	Wood flour	10.50

1934	League of Nations — I reaty Series.	24
Number of Czechoslovac Customs tariff	Designation of goods	Rate of duty in Czechoslovak crowns
	WIII D	per 100 kg.
	XIII. BEVERAGES.	
ex 109	Wine, fruit wine, wine and fruit must, juice of fruits and berries not inspissated, mead: In casks:	
ex <i>(b)</i>	Wine coming from and originating in Austria from the wine-producing districts of Grinzing, Nussberg, Klosterneuburg, Bisamberg, Langenzersdorf, Stammersdorf, Falkenstein, Herrenbaumgarten, Matzen, Mistelbach, Zistersdorf, Poysdorf, Heiligenstein, Langenlois, Zöbing, Haugsdorf, Mailberg, Unter-Markersdorf, Pulkau, Retz, Krems, Loiben, Wachau, Baden, Gumpoldskirchen, Guntramsdorf, Pfaffstätten, Traiskirchen, Vöslau, Mörbisch, Oggau, Rust, St. Margareten, Deutsch-Landsberg, Stainz, if accompanied by a certificate of origin issued by the competent Austrian authority	210.— 210.— 487.50
	XXIII. FLAX, HEMP, JUTE AND OTHER VEGETABLE TEXTILE MATERIALS NOT SPECIALLY MENTIONED, YARNS AND ARTICLES OF THESE MATERIALS,	
	not mixed with cotton, wool or silk.	
x 205	Hemp yarn (of hemp fibres and tow, mixed or not with other textile materials belonging to this class); yarns not specially mentioned:	
(a)	Single, unbleached	72.—
	XXIV. Wool, Woollen Yarn and Woollen Articles,	
	mixed or not with other Textile Materials except Silk.	
ex (a) ex 1.	Combed yarn, not specially mentioned: Unbleached, single: Up to No. 45 metric:	
	Note: Yarn of human hair, horse-hair or goat's-hair and the like, intermixed or not (without the addition of sheep's wool), up to No. 5 metric	120
$\begin{array}{cc} \mathbf{ex} & (b) \\ \mathbf{ex} & \mathbf{r}. \end{array}$	Unbleached, of two or more threads: Up to No. 5 metric:	120.—-
	Note: Yarn of human hair, horse-hair or goat's-hair and the like, intermixed or not (without the addition of sheep's wool) up to No. 5 metric	***
16 No. 2		170.—

1904	League of Nations — I reaty Series.	243
Number of Czechoslovac Customs tariff	Designation of goods	Rate of duty in Czechoslovak crowns
ex 229 ex (b)	Woollen tissues, not otherwise mentioned, printed or not: Weighing more than 200 up to 700 gr. per square metre:	per 100 kg.
ex 233	and imported through specified Customs offices Knitted wear and hosiery:	1,450
ex (d)	Not specially mentioned: Weighing more than I kg. per dozen articles or dozen pairs	3,125
	XXV. SILK AND SILK WARES,	
	mixed or not with other Textile Materials.	
ex 244 (a)	Artificial silk: Unbleached, white, not dyed:	
I. 2.	Single	1,050 1,400
ex 253 (c)	Ribbons and tapes: Other: Not figured:	
2.	Of artificial silk, without admixture of silk or floss silk Other	10,000.—
ex 259	Of artificial silk, without admixture of silk or floss silk Other	11,000 13,000
(c) I.	Other: Ribbed ribbons of half silk, 6 cm. or less in width, dyed black, grey or brown (hatbands)	0
2. 3.	Not figured, other	5,850.— 7,000.— 8,450.—
	XXVI. MADE UP ARTICLES.	
269 ex 272 ex (a)	Hats of all kinds, ornamented	per article 16.—
3. ex 274	Of half silk material	17.—
	Men's collars and cuffs: Made of the cotton tissues mentioned in No. 189	per 100 kg. 1,100 4,100
No acos		

Number of Czechoslovac Customs tariff	Designation of goods	Rate of duty in Czechosloval crowns
ex 274 (continued)	Clothing, underclothing, etc. Underclothing for ladies, girls and children, trimmed with lace or embroidery, also light apparel for ladies, girls and children, trimmed with lace or embroidery:	per 100 kg.
	Made of the cotton tissues mentioned in Nos. 189 or 190 Made of the cotton tissues mentioned in Nos. 191 or 192, also tissues of linen or wool	6,500.— 10,000.— 23,000.—
	Tissues wholly of natural silk	15,000.— 9,000—

Ribbons, nettings, passementerie, borders, collars and cuffs, including those of silk, shall not affect the classification of articles coming under No. 274.

on the constituent parts affecting the classification.

and surtax according to No. 274 (in so far as such surtax is leviable under the foregoing text) shall be based on the agreed duties chargeable

In assessing duty on ladies' apparel, embroidered collars and cuffs are not taken into account.

Ad General Notes to Classes XXII-XXVI of the Tariff.

Tissues with simple hems or occasional stitches, and not being articles of fashion, are not dutiable as sewn goods, but only pay a surtax of 10 % on the duty applicable to the tissue in question.

Tissues of silk or half-silk with simple hems or occasional stitches, and not being articles of fashion, are not dutiable as sewn goods, but only pay a surtax of 5 % on the duty applicable to the tissue in question.

The duties applicable to sewn articles do not apply to, nor is any Customs surtax leviable on pocket handkerchiefs, table linen, bed linen and towels of cotton yarn or of textile materials of Class XXIII, with hems obtained without folding the edge, by simple stitches, or by a more or less broad folding of the edge, single or multiple, fixed by an ordinary stitch, and showing no kind of openwork, stitching or ornamental points or adornments of any other description.

With regard to the above-mentioned articles, in lieu of the duties on sewn articles, there shall be levied the 10 % surtax provided under No. 5, paragraph 2, of General Notes to Classes XXII-XXVI of the Tariff if these articles are only provided with simple hem-stitches (Halbstäbchensäume oder Ganzstäbchensäume) or with an interior openwork of single row running parallel to the edges of the tissue and executed in the same manner as the plain openwork hems by means of special stitches but without connection with the hem. In that case, no account shall be taken of the spider stitching (starshaped designs) which occurs at the cross-points of the openwork.

Articles of textile materials, ornamented solely with initials, even if blended or ornamented themselves (monograms, fancy letters, etc.),

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Number of Czechoslovac Customs tariff	Designation of goods	Rate of duty in Czechoslovak crowns
	In the case of made-up articles of all kinds, no account is taken of wholly unessential additions which, having regard to the value and use of the article, have not the character of a special addition or of an ornament (such as chain lace (Anstosschnüre), plain edgings or occasional braids and the like).	per 100 kg.
	XXIX. PAPER AND PAPER WARES.	
ex 285 ex (a) ex (c)	Pasteboard (cardboard): Ordinary, weighing 300 gr. or more per square metre: Handmade cardboard	60 225
298 (a) (b)	Printed matter, advertisements and placards: Printed in two or more colours, or printed in gold or silver, or produced by a photo-mechanical process	1,080.— 420.—
	Note to No. 299: The freedom from duty accorded under No. 647 applies to fashion journals appearing periodically and containing professional or literary matter, provided such matter does not consist merely of a short description of the illustrations or does not oppear solely on loose sheets or on the covering	250
ex 300	Wares of paper, pasteboard or paper pulp, not specially mentioned:	
(a) (b)	Of paper pulp, cardboard and paper, except paper included under Nos. 290 (b), 294 and 296 (c): Discs for stoppering bottles. Others	250.— 350.— 360.— 550.—
	Note paper in boxes; albums, diaries, account-books and similar bookbinders' wares	820.— 720.—
ex (c)	Note: The above wares under both (a) and (b) may be combined or not with common materials. Combined with fine materials or bookbinders' cloth: Albums	1,050.—- 1,200.—-
No. 2018	ı	

1702	League of Inations — I reaty Series.	249
Number of Czechoslova Customs tariff	Designation of goods	Rate of duty in Czechoslovak crowns
	letter-cards, envelopes, notepaper boxes and albums are not taken into account in fixing the tariff.)	per 100 kg.
	Note to No. 298, 299 and 300: Printed matter in the German language solely recommending products of the Austrian industry, also instructions for use of such products, pay half the duty fixed in the corresponding items of the autonomous tariff.	
ex 312	XXX. Indiarubber and gutta-percha and wares thereof.	
	Wares of soft leather not specially mentioned combined or not with common or fine materials:	
ex 320	Packing sheets of indiarubber mixed with asbestos Articles for technical purposes:	800.—
(1	Packing	1,200
	XXXI. OILCLOTH AND WARES THEREOF.	
325	Oilcloth not specially mentioned, also wax muslin and wax taffetas:	
(d (1	To be sold by the metre with no pattern for cutting into lengths In pieces with complete pattern indications for cutting into	1,500.—
	lengths according to pattern	1,700.—
	XXXII. LEATHER AND LEATHER WARES.	
ex 328	Cow and horse hide worked like sole leather (also for transmission belts):	
ex 339		245
(1		
	Leather purses with nickelled ball snap fasteners Others	2,000.— 2,300.—
	Note: Similar wares of leather alone, weighing 1 kg. and over each, also come under this heading.	
(0	Combined with very fine materials, fancy wares of leather alone weighing less than 1 kg. each	4,580.—
	XXXIV. WOODEN WARES, WARES OF MATERIALS FOR TURNING AND CARVING.	•
ех 351	Veneers, also sheets of plywood:	
ex (a	Not inlaid:	105
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Number of Czechoslovac Customs tariff	Designation of goods	Rate of duty in Czechoslovak crowns
		per 100 kg.
ex 354 (b) (c) (d) (f)	Walking-sticks of wood or cane: Coarsely worked, stained, dyed, varnished, lacquered or polished, with or without ferrules. Finely worked, also all walking sticks combined with common material (except ferrules) Combined with fine materials Combined with very fine materials	270.— 450.— 1,000.— 2,400.—
ex 356 ex (a) ex 1.	Wares not specially mentioned, of common wood, whether or not planed (plain or profiled), roughly turned or roughly carved, also glued, rabbeted or otherwise joined together: In the rough, not combined with other materials: Of soft wood:	,4
ex 2.	Boxes	120
ex (b)	Wooden heels, saw frames and plane stocks	200.—
ex (c)	Boxes	240.—
ex 1.	Of soft wood:	
ex 2.	Boxes	240
ex 358	Boxes Wares not specially mentioned, of wood, finely turned, and all articles with branded, moulded or fraised ornaments, combined or not with leather or common materials; upholstery wares, not covered:	350.—
ex 359	Plane-stocks Boxes Wooden heels Wares not specially mentioned, of wood with fine fretwork or carved work; gilt, silver or bronze wares (except wooden moulding and frames) finely painted wares; wares of wood not specially mentioned combined with fine materials, except leather and textile coverings:	240 350 475
	Boxes	437.50
	XXXVI. WARES OF STONE,	
	unburnt clay, cement and compositions of stone.	
ex 400	Wares of cement or gypsum not specially mentioned, combined or not with wood or coarsely worked parts of iron or other base metals:	
ex (a)	Not ground smooth, primed or lacquered: Building slabs of magnesite cement mortar and wood	8
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Number of Czechoslovac Customs	Designation of goods	Rate of duty in Czechoslovak
tariff		crowns
		per 100 kg.
	XXXVII. EARTHENWARE.	
ex 413	Bricks, fireproof:	
ex(a) $ex 1$	Dinas, magnesite, bauxite, and graphite bricks: Weighing up to 5 kg. each:	
ex 2.	Magnesite bricks	14
	Magnesite bricks	21.—
ex 418	Architectural ornaments (also of terra cotta) glazed or not: Stauss wreaths	36
	XXXVIII. IRON AND IRON WARES.	
ex 428	Pig-iron, old iron and steel scrap and waste for melting and welding:	
(a) ex (c)	Crude iron	9.50
ex 431	ferroaluminium: Ferrosilicium (30–95 % of silicium) Iron and steel in bars or rods hammered, rolled or drawn:	free
(a) (b) (c)	Not shaped	39.— 45.50 58.50
ex 432 (a)	Sheets and plates: `Rough (black plate) of a thickness of: 2 mm. or more:	<i>3</i> 3
2. 3.	5 mm. or more	58.50 61.75 65.— 71.50
	Note: To (a) 2 and (a) 3, sheet iron for knife blades	45.50
4· 5· 6.	Less than 0.6 mm. down to 0.4 mm	78.— 84.50 91.—
	Note: Band iron 100 mm. broad and over and at least 1 mm. thick in rolls for cold rolling works, by permission and subject to the conditions and important to be prescribed by provided.	
	tions and inspection to be prescribed by regulation	45.50
$\operatorname{ex}(b)$	Dressed or pickled, or a thickness of: 1 mm. or more	78.—
2.	Less than I mm. down to 0.6 mm	84.50
ex 433	Less than 0.4 mm	91.— 100.80
ex (b)	Dressed or pickled:	60
ex 434	Case hoops	168,
(a)	α) Rolled	61.20
,	Less than 1.5 mm. down to 0.5 mm	79.80 105.— 126.—
No. 2938	'	

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Number of Czechoslovac Customs tariff	Designation of goods	Rate of duty in Czechoslovak crowns
ex 439	Pipes of malleable wrought iron, rolled or drawn or of malleable cast iron with or without bored, soldered or welded flanges, except joints for the same; corrugated piping: Rough scoured or not, with screws or with bored or turned flanges:	per 100 kg.
ex 445	Wares of sheet iron not specially mentioned:	39.—
ex (b)	Of black sheet, coarsely primed or of dressed sheet-iron, coarsely primed or not: Fastenings for case hoops	184.—
ex (c)	Smoothed, finely primed or varnished, coated with lead, zinc, tin (also of tinplate); combined or not with common materials:	
	Smoothed, finely primed or varnished, coated with lead, zinc, tin (also of tinplate); combined or not with common materials, except milk cans.	475.──
ex (d) ex 2.	Painted, printed, bronzed, lacquered; enamelled or of sheet iron with designs; combined or not with common materials: Others:	
	Lead seals	600.—
ex <i>(e)</i>	Polished, coppered, brassed, nickelled, plated with copper, copper alloy or aluminium or silvered; combined or not with common or fine material:	750
	Paraffin oil stoves and cookers, also parts thereof, coppered, brassed, combined or not with common or fine materials: Lighting articles and parts thereof, polished, coppered, brassed, nickeled, combined or not with common or fine materials.	660.—
еж 451	Axles, axle journals, axle boxes or axle pins for street vehicles:	1,400
(a) ex (b)	Rough, not further worked	100.80
4 52	Scythes and sickles, combined or not with wood	230.— 128.—
	Note: No. 452 also includes scythes and sickles wholly or partly varnished, lacquered, bronzed, polished or iridescent, also those with stencilled inscriptions, ornamented with cut lines or hammered in even rows or patterns or not.	
4 54	Cramps, picks (hoes) and spades (including trowels), combined or not with wood:	
(a) (b)	Rough, whether or not ground on the edge or side Otherwise ordinarily or finely worked	140.— 176.—
ex 455	Hay, manure and other large forks, rakes and harrows, combined or not with wood:	·
ex (a)	Rough, with the point set or not: Hay, manure and other large forks	280.—
ex (b)	Otherwise ordinarily or finely worked, polished or nickelled or not: Hay, manure and other large forks	280.—
No. 2938	ľ	

Number of Czechoslovac Customs tariff	Designation of goods	Rate of duty in Czechoslovak crowns
ex 456	Hammers, sledge-hammers; hatchets, axes, choppers; tongs, except heavy forge tongs; anvils, anvil blocks and forge swages:	per 100 kg.
ex (a) ex 1. ex (b)	Weighing 500 gr. or more each: Black or ordinarily worked: Hammers, sledge-hammers, scythe-sharpening hammers Weighing less than 500 gr.; also all such instruments wholly or partly polished or nickelled, whatever their weight:	290
еж 460	Hammers, sledge-hammers, scythe-sharpening hammers Plane and chisel blades, chisels, boring tools not otherwise mentioned, die stamps and other tools not specially mentioned, all these wholly or partly polished or nickelled or not:	530.—
ex 461 (b) 463 (a)	Scythe-hammers	350.— 750.— 900.— 128.—
1. 2. 3. 4. (b)	14 mm. or more	215 290.— 360.— 430.—
2. 3. 4. ex 466 ex (a)	14 mm. or more	290.— 360.— 430.— 500.—
ex 1.	Of wire of a thickness of 1.5 mm. or more: Wire cables	300
e x (c)	Wire brushes	400.— 387.—
e x 468	Wire frames for wall lamps Umbrella ribs and frames Pins and needles so far as they are not included under No. 469; pens and pen tubes; steel beads, gilt or silvered or not; fish-hooks, hooks and eyes, buckles, buttons, thimbles and similar small implements:	400 550
470	Cigarette boxes and tobacco boxes	1,300
(a) (b) ex 471	o.5 mm. thick or more	270.— 630.—
ex (b)	Other vehicle springs: Leaf springs	125.—

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Number of Czechoslovac		Rate of duty
Customs - tariff	Designation of goods	in Czechoslovak crowns
472	Fastenings (butt) hinges, bolts, strap hinges for doors and windows, knobs and parts of hinges, door-, window-, furniture and carriage mountings; spurmakers' wares; all the foregoing, except locksmith's artistic work, combined or not with base metals:	per roo kg.
(a) (b)	Rough, scoured or not, bored or rough primed: Weighing more than 500 gr. each	264.— 316.—
(c)	Weighing more than 500 gr. each	440.— 528.—
ex 473 ex (a)	Weighing more than 500 gr. each	550.— 660.—
2. (b) ex (c)	300 gr. or less	660.— 930.—
ex 479	Keys	400.—
(b)	Coarse knives and shears for industrial or agricultural purposes: Meat-mincing machines Pocket-knives Others	425.— 550.— 630.—
	Note: Cylinder scrapers are dutiable according to the componen material.	
ex 481 ex (a) ex 1.	Wares of non-malleable cast iron, not specially mentioned, with or without combining pieces of malleable iron, or combined with wood: Rough or merely scoured, weighing each: More than 100 kg.:	
ex 483 ex (a)	Chill moulds for steelworks	25
ex 3.	Over 0.5 up to 3 kg.: Magnets	134.—
e x 4.	o.5 kg. or less: Magnets	154.—
$\begin{array}{cc} ex & (b) \\ ex & 3. \end{array}$	Otherwise ordinarly worked weighing: Over 0.5 up to 3 kg.:	
e x 4.	Magnets	230.— 268.—
	Note: Unmounted magnets (bar, horsehoe, ring, bottle, etc.) not wound, not joined, magnetised or not, perforated or otherwise worked are dutiable under this number.	200.—

Number of Czechoslovac Customs tariff	Designation of goods	Rate of duty in Czechoslovak crowns
		per 100 kg.
	General Notes to Class XXXVIII.	
	 For the purposes of this tariff, malleable (wrought) iron includes steel, soft cast iron and cast steel. The "working" of iron wares ("worked" articles as opposed to "rough") is divided into three grades. 	
	Unless separate grades of working are expressly named or other exceptions fixed for special items in this class, this graduation is as follows:	
	(a) Ordinarily worked: all iron articles scoured, pierced, bored or with cut screw-threads, and all articles wholly or partly filed, or with the crust cut off, or turned, emeried, planed, smoothed or roughly primed; and all iron parts riveted, screwed, or subsequently put together in a similar manner, unless included under (b) and (c) by reason of further working.	
	On the other hand, the removal of casting or moulding seams by chiselling, grinding (whether or not by emery wheel), filing or knocking off, smoothing broken surfaces, removing runners, knobs, etc., due to casting and, in the case of cast-steel, rough scouring to test for freedom from flaws, are not to be regarded as working.	
	(b) Finely worked: all iron wares wholly or partly coated with tin, zinc, lead, copper or brass, oxidised, finely coated, varnished lacquered, painted, bronzed or enamelled;	
	(c) Very finely worked: all iron wares polished, engraved, nickelled or plated with copper, copper alloys or aluminium.	
	Unless special regulations are laid down in the tariff: very finely worked articles are liable to a surtax of 50 % on the principal duty. If in the case of the articles concerned special rates are provided for ordinary or fine working, the 50 % surtax is to be calculated on the rate provided for the fine working.	
	XXXIX. Base Metals and wares thereof.	
ex 491 ex (d)	Sheets and plates (rolled, drawn) not further worked: Of copper, nickel, aluminium and other base metals or alloys thereof not otherwise mentioned, with the exception of aluminium and alloys similar to aluminium:	
1. 2. ex 496 ex (d)	More than 0.5 mm. thick	175.— 224.—
ex 1. 2. 3.	More than 0.5 mm. thick	175,— 224.— 252.—
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	3 3	
Number of Czechoslovac Customs tariff	Designation of goods	Rate of duty in Czechoslovak crowns
ex 500 ex (d)	Pipes and cylinders, not further worked: Of other base metals or alloys thereof with the exception of aluminium and alloys similar to aluminium weighing per linear metre:	per roo kg.
I. 2.	I kg. or more Less than I kg. Note to 500 (d): Pipes and cylinders — except those of the metals mentioned under (a), (b) and (c) and except those of aluminium and of alloys similar to aluminium — further worked, engraved, designed, figured, nickelled or coated with other base metals, but neither gilt nor silvered, weighing per linear metre:	280.— 480.—
ex 505	I. I kg. and over	4 ¹ 5,— 700,—
ex 506 (a) ex 509	Lead-foil	576.— 720,— 420. · ·
ex 514	Table cutlery, spoons and knife rests (Rasteln) of alpaca or packfong; collar studs and cuff links; collar pins and clasps, tie-clips; cigarette cases, tobacco jars. Thimbles	1,800 2,200
ex (a) ex 516 ex (a)	Ordinarily worked: Siphon fittings Castings of copper and other not otherwise mentioned base metals or alloys thereof, combined or not with common materials, except coarse castings belonging to No. 501: Rough, filed or not, not ornamented: Armatures	600,
ex (b) ex 1.	Further worked or ornamented: Small castings weighing less than 50 gr. each, and all ornamental castings: Armatures Other castings, ordinarily worked:	720 1,800
ex 517 ex (a)	Note to No. 516: The above articles, finely worked, will be tariffed under No. 517 (b). Articles, non specially mentioned, of copper and other not otherwise mentioned base metals or alloys thereof, combined or not with common materials: Ordinarily worked: Furniture and door fittings; lighting apparatus and parts thereof	780.— 660.—
	Others, except automatic water heaters	825.—

1754	Loague of Translet 1 Today Deriver	
Number of Czechoslovac Customs tariff	Designation of goods	Rate of duty in Czechoslovak crowns
	Artisles non specially mentioned etc	per 100 kg.
ex 517 (continued)	Articles, non specially mentioned, etc.	
ex(b)	Finely worked: Paraffin oil and spirit stoves and parts thereof; soldering appliances	1,000.—
518	Furniture and door fittings	1,300.— 1,440.— 1,800.—
522	Wares of base metals or alloys thereof, wholly or partly gilt or silvered, plated with gold or silver or combined with very fine materials:	
	Table services, table cutlery and spoons	4,680.— 5,400.—
	General notes to Class XXXIX.	
	r. The removal of casting and moulding seams by chiselling, smoothing (also by the emery wheel), filing, or breaking off, and the smoothing of broken surfaces, are not to be regarded as working.	
	2. Finely worked metal-wares are all those painted, bronzed, lacquered, patinated, varnished with gold colour, coated with brass, copper, nickel, or enamel, and all finely polished or otherwise finely worked metal wares. On the other hand, all metal wares otherwise worked (pierced, bored, or provided with screw-threads, wholly or partly filed, turned, planed or smoothed, or plainly polished or coated with tin, zinc, lead, etc.) are to be regarded as ordinarily worked.	
	XL. Machinery, Apparatus and Parts thereof, of Wood, Iron, or Base Metal, except those included under Classes XLI and XLII.	
ex 528	Steam-propelled machines and other engines not specially mentioned (except engines coming in Classes XLI and XLII); industrial machinery permanently combined with steam engines (steam dredgers, steam cranes, steam hammers, steam pumps, steam fire engines and the like); weighing each:	
ex (c)	Over 25 q. up to 100 q.:	22.5
ex(d)	Hydraulic turbines	325.—
ex (e)	Hydraulic turbines	275
ex 530 ex (b)	Hydraulic turbines	250.—
ex (c)	Threshing machines. Threshing machines weighing more than 15 q. each Note: Flail steel (Schlagleistenstahl) not cut to size is dutiable according to the component material. Other:	180
ex (<i>b</i>)	Of iron: Separators, machines for winnowing seeds	192
	separators, machines for winnowing seeds	1 192

Number of Czechoslovac Customs tariff	Designation of goods	Rate of duty in Czechoslovak crowns
ex 538	Machines and apparatus not specially mentioned, other, weighing each:	per 100 kg.
ex (a)	2 q. or less: Transmissions Pulleys of sheet iron Pumps for liquids Screw jacks for vehicles Hydraulic regulators	300 312,50 330 375 750
ex (b)	Over 2 q. and up to 10 q.: Transmissions	280.— 315.— 400.— 700.—
ex <i>(c)</i>	Over 10 q.: Paper-making machinery	300 600
	XLI. ELECTRICAL MACHINES AND APPARATUS AND ELECTRO- TECHNICAL NECESSITIES	
539	Dynamos and electric motors (except automobile engines) whether or not permanently combined with mechanical appliances or apparatus; transformers (rotary or static converters); weighing each:	
(a)	25 kg. or less: Dynamos and electric motors	1,080.— 1,188.—
(b) c)	More than 25 kg. and up to 5 q.: Dynamos and electric motors	750.— 825.— 650.—
(d) (e) ex 542	More than 30 q. and up to 80 q. More than 80 q. Electric lamps (arc, incandescent and similar lamps); mounted holders for electric lamps; mounted glasses for electric lighting effects:	550.— 396.—
543	Electric incandescent lamps and parts thereof Electric apparatus and electro-technical appliances (regulators, resistances, starters and the like), not specially mentioned :	2,200.—
	Up to 25 kg	1,800.— 1,440.—
	XLIV. Instruments, Clocks and Watches.	
ex 577	Measuring instruments for industrial use (measuring rules, folding measures, compasses for measuring angles, calliper-compasses, holegauges, wire gauges, and the like):	
ex 578 (a)	Metre rods and folding measures of wood	768.—
ex (a)	Decimal and bridge balances: Weighbridges and parts thereof	600.—

	Seague of Traitons Treaty Beries.	20.
Number of Czechoslovac Customs' tariff	Designation of goods	Rate of duty in Czechoslovak crowns
579 580	Pianofortes, large and small, harmoniums and similar keyboard instruments (except organs)	per 100 kg. 1,200.— 400.—
	XLVI. CHEMICAL AUXILIARY SUBSTANCES AND CHEMICAL PRODUCTS.	
ex 597 (l)	Oxides and bases specially mentioned: Litharge ground, in the form of powder; yellow oxide of lead and red lead (minimum)	96.—
ex 598 ex (b)	Peroxide of hydrogen	180.—
ex 2. ex 599 ex (f)	Nitric acid (aqua fortis raw wood vinegar): Nitric acid	17.50
$\operatorname{ex} \stackrel{\mathrm{I}}{(i)}$	Calcined soda	24.—
ex 2.	Bicarbonate of potassium and of sodium; sulphite of sodium, solid; bisulphite of sodium, solid; hyposulphite of sodium, solid:	
ex (k)	Bicarbonate of potassium and of sodium	72.—
ex 600 ex (l)	Nitrite of sodium; ammonium carbonate	67.20
еж 621	"Terrar" (dioxide of zirconium) Liquefied gases not specially mentioned : Sulphur dioxide (sulphuric acid)	100,
	XLVII. VARNISHES, COLOURS, PHARMACEUTICAL WARES AND PERFUMERY.	39
еж 630	Pharmaceutical wares, prepared, and all substances which by the inscriptions thereon, by their labels or wrappers, etc. purport to be medicines (including those for animals); cottonwool and bandages for medical purposes: Insect powder	342.— 1,200.—
	XLVIII. CANDLES, SOAP AND WARES OF WAX.	-,
639	Wares of wax, modelled	1,200.—
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ANNEX C.

MODIFICATIONS OF THE EPIZOOTIC DISEASES AGREEMENT OF MAY 4 1921.

Article 2, paragraph 2, shall be replaced by the following provisions:

"If animals exported are liable to contract:

(a) Cattle plague (rinderpest), or cattle peripneumonia,

(b) Mal de coit of horses, pneumo-enteritis or swine-plague, swine-fever or sheep-pox,

(c) Foot- and-mouth disease,

It must also be certified that none of those diseases has been prevalent either at the place of origin or in the neighbouring communes :

Ad (a) within the previous six months, save in the case of pigs, where the timelimit shall be forty days;

Ad (b) within the previous forty days;

Ad (c) within the previous twenty-one days.

Nevertheless, in the traffic in animals for slaughter which are liable to contract cattle-plague (rinderpest), peripneumonia, foot-and-mouth disease, sheep-pox, swine-fever or swine-plague, the State veterinary certificate shall merely attest that those diseases, in so far as they are communicable to the animal species in question, were not prevalent at the time of despatch, either at the place of origin or in the neighbouring communes."

The 7th paragraph of Article 2 shall read as follows:

"Certificates for meat or meat products shall contain a statement to the effect that the goods in question are products of animals which, on inspection by an official veterinary surgeon both when alive and after being slaughtered, were found to be in a healthy condition."

The following clause shall be added to Article 5, paragraph 1:

"The same measures may be applied in the event of an outbreak of peripneumonia in respect of the import of cattle, parts of carcasses of cattle and raw materials, derived from cattle and articles which might carry infectious germs, and furthermore, on notification of mal de coit in respect of the import of solipeds, even should such diseases not be prevalent to a dangerous entent."

FINAL PROTOCOL

TO THE AGREEMENT SUPPLEMENTARY TO THE COMMERCIAL CONVENTION SIGNED AT PRAGUE ON MAY 4, 1921, BETWEEN THE AUSTRIAN REPUBLIC AND THE CZECHOSLOVAK REPUBLIC.

On signing the present Agreement concluded today, supplementary to the Commercial Convention signed at Prague on May 4, 1921, between the Austrian Republic and the Czechoslovak Republic, the undersigned Plenipotentiaries have made the following declarations, which shall form an integral part of the said Agreement:

1. Both High Contracting Parties reserve the right to enquire into the effect produced on their trade with each other by any economic conventions that either of them has concluded or may hereafter conclude with other States, and, if necessary, to require that negotiations be instituted on the subject.

Negotiations for a revision of the present Supplementary Agreement shall also be opened on application from either of the Contracting Parties should such Party allege on the basis of specific evidence, particularly trade statistics, that as a result of the provisions of the present Agreement or of autonomous measures of the other Party relating to Customs, fiscal or commercial matters

1ts exports to the territory of the other Party have sensibly decreased as compared with the time

during which the Additional Agreement of July 21, 1927, was in force.

For the purpose of estimating a decrease in exports, due account shall be taken of the general economic situation and more particularly of any general decrease of consumption. The opening of the negotiations provided for in paragraphs I and 2 cannot be claimed before January I, 1932. Such negotiations shall be opened within thirty days from the date on which the demand for the opening of negotiations has been received by the Contracting Party to which it is sent. Should the negotiations have produced no satisfactory result within a further period of thirty days, the party which demanded that negotiations should be opened shall reserve the right to denounce the present Supplementary Agreement, before the prescribed time, at sixty days' notice.

2. The Czechoslovak Government declares that it is prepared to take suitable measures to prevent the prejudicial effects on Austrian markets of the Czechoslovak system of import certificates. Should the system of import certificates be re-established in Austria, the Austrian Federal Government declares that it is prepared similarly to prevent the prejudicial effects of such a system on Czechoslovak markets.

Both Contracting Parties reserve the right to carry out a full investigation of the effects of the present Czechoslovak system of import certificates or of any such system that may hereafter be established in Austria. Either Contracting Party shall be bound, should such a system exercise pressure for a considerable time on the market prices of the goods concerned, to submit to the other Party evidence unmistakeably showing that the fall in prices has been caused by the particular import certificates system established by Czechoslovakia or by Austria as the case may be. The negotiations demanded by the complainant Party shall be opened within eight days from the date on which the invitation to open them, accompanied by the documentary evidence, has been received, with a view to reaching agreement on such measures as may be considered suitable to remedy the alleged effects of the system in question. Should such negotiations not have proved successful within a further period of fourteen days, the Party which deems itself injured shall have the right, after having notified its intention, to take defensive measures to ensure the necessary protection for its production, more particularly by the establishment of a special duty or a special surtax or through the limitation of imports. In such case, however, the other Party shall have the right to avail itself of the provisions of Article 25 of the Commercial Convention of May 4, 1921.

A. AD AUSTRIAN CUSTOMS TARIFF.

Ad No. 18: Beet sugar, etc.

The difference between the Customs duties under No. 18 (b) and those in Note No. 1 may never exceed 12 % of the Customs duty applicable under No. 18 (b), plus 2.66 gold crowns per 100 kg.

Ad No. 25: Barley and No. 29: Malt.

The surtax applicable to barley under No. 25 up to an annual quota of 100 % of Austrian imports from the Czechoslovak Republic during the year 1930 may not exceed 4 crowns. The conventional duty on barley shall apply only when the autonomous duty plus Customs surtax is not more favourable.

Fodder barley imported duty-free shall not be included in the annual quota in question.

Ad No. 26 : Oats.

It is understood that no surtax shall be levied in respect of conventional traffic.

Ad No. 35 (a): Cherries.

It is agreed that all privileges which Austria may grant to any third State in respect of duties on Mahaleb cherries (Weichseln) shall be applied also in respect of the Customs duties on cherries of Czechoslovak origin.

Ad Nos. 46 (c) and 47 (c). Ornamental flowers, etc. and ornamental branches, etc., coloured, impregnated or otherwise prepared for preservation.

Ornamental flowers, etc., and ornamental branches, etc., prepared for preservation with glycerine, a lye of chloride of calcium, etc., whether or not lacquered or velveted or covered with mica or bronzed, shall also be dutiable under Nos. 46 (c) and 47 (c)

Ad No. 50: Hops.

Hops may not be exported to Austria under the designation "Czechoslovak hops", particularly under the names "Bohemian hops" (Saaz hops, Roudnic hops, Auscha hops, Dauba hops) and Moravian hops (Trsic hops), unless they bear the indications prescribed by the Czechoslovak regulations in force with regard to the appellation of origin of hops, are provided with a certificate of origin issued by an official Czechoslovak public market (Signierhalle) and are in their original packing, that is to say, in a container bearing the indication of origin and the seals and plombs provided for in the said Czechoslovak regulations.

The appellation of origin "Czechoslovak hops" shall enjoy the same protection in Austria as is provided by Austrian legislation for appellations of origin in respect of sparkling wine and spirituous liquors.

Ad No. 56: Horses.

It is agreed that all advantages which Austria may grant to any third State in respect of light draught-saddle (hot-blooded) breeds or heavy draught (cold-blooded) breeds shall also be applicable under the same conditions to light draught and saddle breeds or heavy draught, breeds of Czechoslovak origin and provenance.

Ad No. 87: Wine.

Wines of Czechoslovak origin and provenance shall enjoy, in respect of their geographical appellation of origin, the same protection as that granted to Austrian wines by the Austrian wine law, the Austrian law concerning foodstuffs and the Austrian law against unfair competition.

Ad 98: Cheese.

Should the Austrian Federal Government grant any third State, in respect of any kind of cheese coming under No. 98 (a) or No. 98 (b) a duty lower than that prescribed in Annex A for Czechoslovak curds and Primsen cheese, the same duty shall also be applied to Czechoslovak curds and Primsen cheese.

It is agreed that any reduction of duty which either of the Contracting Parties grants to any third State for any kind of cheese shall apply also to similar types of cheese of the other Contracting Party.

Ad No. 116: Brewers Pitch.

The Austrian Federal Government undertake that so long as the present Supplementary Agreement remains in force, it will not authorise the import of rosin for manufacturers of pitch coming under No. 116 for the purposes of manufacturing under licence pitch covered by the said Number (Note No. 1 of No. 115) at a lower duty than 24 gold crowns.

Ad No. 132: Cotton wool.

Cotton wool, bleached and degreased, in balls weighing 50 kg. or more shall also be dutiable under this number.

Ad Nos. 140-144: Cotton Tissues.

Plain tissues with simple edges or borders produced solely by the weaving in of stouter threads (such as plain borders of handkerchiefs, etc.) shall not on that account be regarded as figured.

Ad Notes to Nos. 140, 141 A, 141 B and 142. 1. Gradl Tissues.

Gradl tissues are Gradl twills woven with three or four crossed threads, in which two stripes of the same width alternate, the ribs of one running to the left and those of the other to the right.

2. Ad note 3): Tissues of twisted yarns.

Tissues the warp and weft of which do not in the aggregate contain on an average more than three simple twisted yarns shall be regarded as twisted yarn tissues.

This restriction shall not apply to damask gauze and embroidery, which shall be regarded as twisted yarn tissues whenever they contain twisted yarns.

Ad No. 145: Cotton furnishing stuffs.

The following shall not be regarded as cotton furnishing material:

(a) All printed cotton tissues;(b) Cotton velvet weighing less than 400 gr. per square metre;

(c) Other cotton tissues:

(a) Dyed in the piece; (b) Weighing less than 250 gr. per square metre.

Other cotton tissues not mentioned above shall be cleared as furnishing material when they are so made up as to be particularly suitable for furnishing (upholstery, furniture coverings) or for decoration (material for curtains or hangings).

The category "table covers, bed covers and furniture covers", shall not include table linen (napkins) which according to their more inherent character should be dutiable as cotton tissues, linen tissues or half-silk tissues.

Ad No. 153 c) : Gloves.

Worked or knitted gloves when lined are not thereby subject to a surtax of 20 per cent. on the duty payable (prescribed in paragraph 5 of the General Notes to Classes XVIII-XXII).

Ad No. 161: Tissues of linen yarn.

Tissues of linen yarn with plain satin facing shall be cleared in the conventional traffic as non-figured tissues.

Ad No. 180: Woollen tissues, not specially mentioned.

For Customs clearance purposes no account shall be taken of the addition of silk up to 8 per cent. of the total weight of the goods.

Ad No. 180 (a) 1. Halina and Hunja Cloth.

Halina cloth is manufactured from coarse wool, weighs 800 gr. or more per square metre and is used for various purposes (such as peasant's cloaks, carpets, etc.).

Hunja cloth is made out of materials similar to Halina, but is somewhat finer and smoother. It is as a rule somewhat more thickly dressed than Halina cloth and is used for the manufacture of ordinary slippers.

Ad No. 180 a): 2. Blankets made of waste.

Blankets made of waste shall be held to mean blankets the warp of which consists of vegetable tissue and the weft of wool tissue waste or artificial wool of small value. These blankets are not washed and have therefore a fatty smell and a greasy touch.

Ad No. 180 (c): Rules applicable to the assessment of ad valorem Customs duty on woollen tissues:

Ad valorem duties on woollen tissues not specially mentioned should, in principle, be assessed on the net price charged on the invoice. Rebates, etc. should therefore be deducted from the invoiced price. The price shall be converted into gold crowns at the rate of the day on which the Customs duty is levied. Should the goods be sold direct to the Austrian purchaser by the Czechoslovak manufacturer, the duty shall be calculated on the invoice made out by the Czechoslovak factory. Should the Austrian purchaser receive the goods from an Austrian free bonded warehouse through a commission agent or through a depot of the Czechoslovak manufacturing concern, the invoice to be taken into account shall be that given to the Austrian purchaser by the Commission agent or by the depot.

Should the Customs administration have any doubt as to the correctness of the invoice price, the case shall be settled by arbitration, as provided for in Article 21, paragraph 3, of the Austrian Customs Regulations.

Ad No. 181: Woollen furnished stuffs.

The following shall not be regarded as woollen furnishing stuffs:

(a) Wool velvet weighing less than 450 gr. per square metre;

(b) Other woollen tissues weighing less than 250 gr. per square metre.

Other woollen tissues not mentioned above shall be cleared as furnishing stuffs, should their character be such that they are specially suitable for furnishing (upholstery and furniture coverings).

Ad No. 182 (a): "Sealskins".

"Sealskins" (imitation sealskin) are tissues of a character similar to plush having a cotton warp and woollen weft, whether or not printed or embossed. Other roughened woollen stuffs not woven in the manner of plush shall be dutiable under No. 180.

Ad No. 187 (c) : Gloves.

Worked or knitted gloves when lined are not thereby subject to a surtax of 20 per cent on the duty payable (point 5 of the General Notes to classes XVIII-XXII).

Ad No. 188 (d): Chenille carpets.

Carpets of this character with fringes sewn on or tied on shall be liable for a surtax of 20 per cent. over and above the duty applicable to such carpets.

Ad Nos. 200 and 208: Furnishing stuffs of pure silk or half-silk.

Materials of loaded silk shall not come under the category of furnishing materials of pure silk or half-silk.

Ad No. 234 (a): Other plaited wares including basket ware, coarse, raw.

This number shall also be taken to include ordinary wooden chip baskets if they are not stained, dyed, varnished or lacquered or combined with other materials and are such as are used for packing (despatch of goods). A rim of interlaced coloured chips on such baskets shall not be taken into account for purposes of duty assessment. Rough cradles made of unpolished sticks shall also be neluded in this number.

Ad No. 238 (b): Course packing Paper (Lompspackpapier).

Course packing paper (Lompspackpapier(, grey or brownish, in sheets or rolls weighing from 80 to 300 gr. per square metre, is a quite ordinary packing paper manufactured from paper and cellulose waste, rough on both sides, the ordinary materials of which can be recognised by their impurity and the lumps on the outer surface.

Ad No. 238 (c): Patent packing paper.

Patent packing paper is a packing paper of a brown colour manufactured from brown woodpulp without addition of cellulose and similar to the samples that have been deposited.

The Customs offices of Vienna, Graz, Klagenfurt, Innsbruck, Linz, Salzburg and Bregenz are authorised to clear patent packing paper which corresponds to the samples deposited.

Ad No. 250: Printed matter.

Printed matter of the Czechoslovak postal cheque service (receipts, chequebooks, cheque counterfoils, payment orders to a postal cheque account, credit notices, trnasfer orders, payment

orders, transfers by cheque, transfer counterfoils and envelopes for cheque payment orders or transfer orders) shall be cleared duty-free in the conventional traffic.

Ad No 252 c): Pharmaceutical cardboard wares.

Boxes used for pharmaceutical purposes (sliding boxes, pill-boxes and the like, known as apothecaries' boxes) and folding boxes shall be regarded as pharmaceutical cardboard wares when their use for that purpose is indicated by a printed inscription or in some similar manner.

Ad No 267. Clothing of Rubber, etc.

The conventional duties in respect of Nos. 265 and 266 shall be taken as a basis for the calculation of duty and surtax to be applied to conventional traffic.

Ad No. 270: Coarse textile materials chemically prepared, etc.

Coarse materials made of jute, flax or hemp chemically prepared or covered or impregnated with oil, tar or greasy compositions, coverings and waggon tarpaulins, shall be dutiable under this number should the character of the goods be evident, irrespective of the thickness of the material.

The use in the warp of cotton yarn up to No. 13 English shall not prevent the goods being treated as coarse materials.

Ad No. 271 b): Pasteboard for flooring.

Pasteboard for flooring consists of floor facings of pasteboard impregnated with bitumen, pitch or asphalt and then coated with varnish on one or both sides, at least 1.2 mm. thick and weighing 1,000 kg. or more per square metre.

Ad No. 287 b): Plain shoes for ladies.

The lining of the upper part of these shoes and the inner sole must be wholly of cotton or linen. Adhesive materials and rubber may be used for the purpose of assembling the parts. The fastening must be a plain button or a plain metal hook; one or two flat cross-buckles may be used. These shoes may not be ornamented in any other manner or be provided with "comtesse" heels (i.e. have the sole protruding beyond the top part of the heel). The net invoiced price must not exceed 7 gold crowns per pair

Further samples may be deposited or those deposited may be changed.

Ad No. 288. Slippers and slip shoes, etc.

"Hunja" shoes are slippers made out of "hunja" material (whatever the weight of the textile material) with soles of "spagat" thread, "hunja" or felt. In the conventional traffic, the strengthening of the heel or of the front part of the shoe by the insertion of cardboard (pasteboard) and the presence of devices for the better enclosing of the foot (such as buttons, buckles or elastic sides) shall not debar such footwear from being dutiable as "hunja" shoes.

"Mikado" shoes are also dutiable under No 288 b. "Mikado" shoes are slippers of felt or other shoemaking material, such as those known as camelhair or Scotch material (see No. 180 a 3), whatever the weight of the material used, with soles of felt and leather or of leather only, or of felt, or of "Spagat" thread or of leather with an intermediary sole of pasteboard or textile materials. The addition of heel-pieces and ornamentation with rosettes of other materials are permissible. Such shoes may also have special instep and heel pieces.

Ad No. 294 c): Charcoal.

The Austrian Federal Government will not cancel before August 1st, 1932, its regulations allowing traffic, duty-free under license, in charcoal for blast furnaces and foundries.

Ad No. 301: Walking-sticks of wood or cane.

For Customs clearance purposes, no account shall be taken of the fact that the lower end of a stick has a ferrule of common or fine materials.

Ad 301 B: Furniture, etc.

Children's special nursery chairs (" Reformstühle") are also dutiable under this number.

Ad Nos. 302 and 303: Boxes.

For Customs clearance purposes, no account shall be taken of indications of firms, goods, or qualities, trademarks and the like, whether in colours or in bronze, silver or gold, branded or stamped, ornamented or not.

Ad No. 316 a): Industrial Glass.

The following shall be regarded as industrial glass: (1) The following articles, whether or not reinforced with wire: Luxfer prisms, bulls-eye glasses, glass letters, trays for developing photographs and for surgical instruments, with or without sinks, water-level gauges and appliances for the protection of such gauges, jars for lubricating oil and cylinders for machines, fluted filter funnels, railway signal discs, lights of ships and portholes, corrugated glass scrubbing boards, glass rods for the furniture and textile industries, stoppers of bottles and other stoppers, glass balls for industrial purposes, glass balls for pounding.

(2) The following articles only when reinforced with wire: protection glasses, flat or curved, shop-window glass and glass for bakers' ovens.

It is understood that Luxfer prisms shall be held to mean not only the prisms of the Luxfer Company protected by patent law, but all other prisms of similar construction.

Ad No. 317 (a) 1: Illuminating glassware, painted.

The following shall be regarded as illuminating glassware: shades, globes, tulips (also termed "Manschetten" or incandescent light mantles), hanging mantles (also known as suspended mantles (Ampelschelen) chandelier bowls, Flemish chandeliers (Hammschalen), suspended bowls

(Ampeln. Urnen), floor lamps, bells, protective globes, tubular glass casings, glass cubes and other faceted glass, and lastly similar hollow glass which cannot be used for any purpose other than the assembling of lighting apparatus.

Ad No. 340 (a): Limestone, crude.

Crude limestone (natural carbonate of calcium) not calcined, in lumps or ground, shall come under No. 340 (a).

Ad. No. 355: Dutch bricks (Klinker) and paving slabs.

The thickness shall be measured at the thinnest part, irrespective of hollows due to stamped marks or signs indicating the make or isolated irregularities of surface resulting from stamping or calcining or of chamfering on the edges.

Ad No. 363: Znaïm pottery.

It is agreed that pottery of this kind, wherever manufactured, shall be liable to the conventional Customs duty on Zna \bar{m} pottery.

Ad No. 365 (a): Foundry Pig Iron.

Certificates issued by the laboratories of the Prague Iron Industry Company, the Wittkowitz Mines and Iron foundries Company and the Mines and Foundries Company in respect of the quality of foundry pig iron produced by the said undertakings shall be recognised in respect of the importation of foundry pig iron from Czechoslovakia in the manner laid down in the "Agreement regarding Mutual Recognition of Certificates of the Testing of Products" (Annex (d) to Article 12 of the Agreement of May 4, 1921).

Ad No. 375: Pipes, etc. of non-malleable Cast Iron.

Pressure pipes with pumps, and waste pipes with in-built pumps, shall be dutiable at the same

rates as connecting pipes coming under this number.

It is understood that the Čzechoslovak Government shall receive three months' notice of the coming into force of any Customs duty applicable to articles falling under this number, in order to enable it to enter into negotiations with the Austrian Federal Government with regard to the amount of the new duties.

Ad No 381: Wares of Sheet Iron.

It is agreed that, should there be any increase in the Customs duties on sheet-iron (No. 369), the conventional duties on articles of sheet iron may be increased to an amount equal to 125 % of the increase of the duty on the sheet-iron utilised for the manufacture of such articles.

Coal scuttles, fenders and stoves of the type (Ofentasse) shall also be dutiable as household

and kitchen utensils.

Ad No. 4c7 (a): Wares of non-malleable cast-iron.

Cast-iron for drainage appliances with rivetted handles and cast with holes shall be cleared as crude cast-iron.

In the case of cast-iron for drainage appliances, a coating of asphalt shall be regarded as a

rough coating.

The following shall be regarded as cast-iron for drainage appliances; sewer gratings, manhole cover rings, manhole covers, sewer covers, rainwater tanks, funnels, casings of taps, covers for underground street hydrants.

Ad No. 407: Cast-iron for stoves.

In the case of Quint stoves and Quint grates, rings, gratings, feet and non-ornamented doors forming part of the article and attached thereto by wire or contained in the same packing shall be included in the weight of the article.

Ad No. 408: Quint stoves and Quint grates.

Rings, gratings, feet and doors forming part of the article and attached thereto by wire or contained in the same packing, shall be included in the weight of the article.

Ad 407(a) and 408 (a): Quint stoves and Quint grates.

In the case of Quint stoves and Quint grates which are otherwise of crude material, no account should be taken for Customs clearance purposes of the screwing or rivetting on of the various parts, of the attachment of fastening devices to the doors, or, when such a stove is imported in detached pieces, of the presence of bored or punched holes for purposes of assembly.

Ad No. 408 (b): Baths.

It is agreed that the Czechoslovak Government shall be notified three months in advance of any increase of the Customs duties applicable to baths over and above these coming under this number, in order to enable it to open negotiations with the Austrian Federal Government regarding the amount of the new duty.

Ad No. 428. Armatures, oilstoves, etc.

No account shall be taken for Customs purposes of calking of all kinds in armatures, oil or spirit stoves or soldering or welding apparatus.

Ad No. 439 (d) 2 (a): Machines for removing moss from meadows.

Machines for removing moss from meadows are machines for working meadows, fitted with two rows of cutting blades, one behind the other, and used for removing topsoil.

Ad No. 441 (b) and (c): Special machines and apparatus for sugar factories, breweries and malt factories.

The following shall be regarded as such special machines and apparatus provided that they are shown to be intended for such purposes:

A. For sugar factories:

Machines for washing beetroots,
Beetroot cutters,

Diffusers and diffusing apparatus with air pumps belonging thereto,

Presses for slices, Filter presses, Scum filter presses, Pulp machines. Malaxators (including refrigerators and crystallisers), Saturators. Centrifugal ejectors, Apparatus for separating molasses, Apparatus for sulphiting juices, Milk of lime separators. Lime slaking apparatus, Filters (open low-pressure filters, closed case filters, char filters), Apparatus for cleaning juices by means of active carbon, Char regenerating apparatus, Cube forming rods, cube plate presses and sugar-crushing machines, Appliances for packing sugar, Granulators, Sugar sifting appliances, Sugar grinding appliances, Apparatus for drying slices, Revolving elevators for raising beetroot, Revolving elevators for raising water, Rake scrap transporters, Scrap dredgers, Worm gear for slice transporters and presses, Band transporters, Bucket lifting machines, Transport shakers, Beetroot elevators, Weston centrifugal drums. Sugar-loaf centrifugal drums, Pumps for ammoniacal lignor, slaked lime, scum, juice, concentrated juice (Füllmasse), syrups, Machines for washing filter cloths, Machines for washing spodium, Machines for washing sugar moulds.

B. For breweries and malt works:

Mash tuns and refining vats with stirers, Malting machines. Malt grinders, Malting drums, drying drums, Malt crushers, Machines for cleaning and polishing malt. Hop strainers, Machines for putting hoops on casks, and accessories. Appliances for removing bungs, Automatic cask-cleaning machines, Automatic machines for emptying casks, Machines for racking under pressure, Machines for cleaning casks of tar, Machines for spraying casks with tar, Mash filters, Hop-juice extractors with stirring machinery, Heating apparatus for malt works,

Appliances for filling casks,

Filters.

Machines for washing pulp while filtering,

Machines for filling bottles, with or without travelling belt,

Apparatus for cleaning bottles, Apparatus for corking bottles.

The last-named five machines or apparatus shall be entitled to the conventional duty even when intended for works other than breweries.

"Apparatus for filling bottles, with or without travelling belt" shall be liable to the conventional duties only when the travelling belts are a constructional part of the bottle-filling apparatus and are not more than 4 metres away from the central axis of such apparatus.

The conventional duties shall apply also in respect of individual detached parts of such machines and apparatus coming under No. 441 (b) and (c), with the exception of travelling belts for bottle-filling purposes when imported separately.

Ad. No. 456: Children's Toy Carriages.

Children's toy carriages coming under this number shall be children's carriages, as a rule folding, with chassis, seat, back, arm and foot supports of wood, without side lining, foot-muff or roof.

Ad. No. 482: Measuring Instruments.

The conventional rate of 60 shall apply so long as the same conventional rate is consolidated for the benefit of Germany. Should the said consolidation cease to have effect, a conventional rate of 90 shall be substituted.

Ad. No. 514 (a): Surgical Dressing Materials.

Surgical dressings of muslin and calico with woven edges shall also be dutiable under this number in the conventional traffic, even when packed without being impregnated or sterilized.

Menstruation bandages, consisting of rolls of cotton filled with absorbent material come under 514 (a); on the other hand, belts, if any, imported with such bandages attached to them shall be dutiable according to their exact use under No. 225.

B. AD CZECHOSLOVAK CUSTOMS TARIFF.

Ad Nos. 64 and 65. The conventionel duties of 180 Czechoslovak crowns per head, laid down in the Treaty of Commerce concluded between Switzerland and the Czechoslovak Republic on February 16, 1927, shall apply to pedigree bulls and cows of the Simmenthal breed and of the brown cattle breed of Austrian origin and provenance, so long as the above-mentioned Treaty remains in force.

Pedigree stock of the above-mentioned races shall be entitled to the privileged régime when imported, provided that the importer submits to the Customs Office the prescribed certificate, issued by the competent Czechoslovak Agricultural Board or the Agricultural Council of the District Office for Sub-Carpathian Russia and confirmed by a certificate from the Czechoslovak veterinary official in charge of import, attesting that the cattle imported are pedigree stock of the breeds mentioned in the certificate, in accordance with the particulars given in the Austrian livestock licence issued in respect of the imported cattle in question.

Ad No. 71. It is understood that any privileges which the Czechoslovak Republic may grant to any third State in respect of Customs duty on light draught and saddle horses shall apply also to light draught and saddle horses of Austrian origin and provenance, provided that the importer submits to the Customs Office a certificate from the Czechoslovak veterinary official responsible for veterinary examination on import, attesting that the horses referred to are imported in accordance with the particulars given on the Austrian livestock licence issued in respect of them.

It is furthermore agreed that any advantages which the Czechoslovak Republic may hereafter grant to any third State in respect of the Customs treatment of heavy draught horses shall also apply under the same conditions to heavy draught horses of the Nordic breed of Austrian origin

and provenance.

Ad No. 109. Wines of Austrian origin and provenance shall, as regards their geographical appellation indicating their origin, be entitled to the same protection as that enjoyed by Czechoslovak wines under the Czechoslovak law on unfair competition, the Czechoslovak wine law and the Czechoslovak foodstuffs law.

When imported into the Czechoslovak Republic, consignments of Austrian wine must be accom-

panied not only by certificates of origin but also by certificattes of analysis.

The chief agricultural and forest boards (chambers of agriculture) competent *ratione loci* and the competent Federal wine-vault inspectors shall be authorised to issue certificates of origin.

The Federal Analytical Institute for Agricultural Chemistry at Vienna or its branch establishments shall be authorised to issue certificates of analysis.

The certificate of analysis shall show in particular:

Specific gravity,
Alcoholic content,
Total acid content,
Volatile acid content,
Extracts content,
Sugar content,
Content of extracts not containing sugar,
Content of ashes (mineral substances).

The certificate of analysis must mention that the analysis relates to the consignment of wines

for which the certificate of origin has been issued.

The above shall in no way affect the right of the Czechoslovak authorities to verify the analysis of imported wines.

Ad No. 119. It is agreed that any reduction of duty that either Contracting Party may grant to any third State in respect of any kind of cheese shall also be granted to similar types of cheese of the country of the other Contracting Partiy.

Ad No. 200 (d), 233 (d), 252 (d), 258 (d). It is agreed that, for Customs clearance purposes, in the conventional traffic, of woven and knitted wares not specially mentioned, coming under the above-mentioned numbers of the Customs tariff, the conventional duties shall apply also to cut out and sewn articles.

Ad No. 229 (b). Styrian and Tyrolese "Loden" is a plain cloth, unfigured, single-coloured (coloured by piece or in the wool) or multi-coloured (only of mixed colours) tissue of sheep's wool yarn, more or less felted (fulled) and the outer side of which is either smoothed or scraped (camelhair Loden).

The Czechoslovak Government declares that it is prepared, should it grant a reduction of duties in respect of wool textiles coming under this number in the Customs tariff, exceeding that at present granted to Styrian and Tyrolese Loden, to apply such reduction also to Styrian and

Tyrolese Loden.

The main Customs Offices at Prague, Budweis (Bohemia), Reichenberg, Brünn, and Bratislava shall be authorised to clear Styrian and Tyrolese Loden.

- Ad No. 274. Light apparel for ladies, girls and children shall include: light clothing, blouses, skirts, dressing-gowns, pyjamas, aprons, négligées (dressing jackets). Ladies' heavy apparel shall include coats, costumes, jackets (sacques) and costume skirts for ladies and girls.
- Ad Nos. 298 and 300. It is agreed that printed matter from the Austrian Postal Savings Bank (receipts, cheque-books, counterfoils, payment warrants, and notices of sums credited) shall be admitted duty- free under No. 647 on entry into the Czechoslovak Republic.
- Ad No. 299. Exemption from Customs duty for fashion journals shall be granted to publications which appear in the form of a periodical, that is to say, are published not less than four times a year, the name of the (editor) publisher and prices of subscription or of single copies being stated, if they also contain literary matter (novels, serials, short stories), or a technical article (fashion report, or similar article, or a detailed description of the models represented), even when they are not bound, but consist of loose pages, provided that the pages are numbered.

Patterns, finished models and the like included in such fashion journals admitted duty-free and annexed pictures not on numbered pages shall be dutiable according to their individual character.

- Ad No. 300. (1) Pictures and emblems which are merely trade marks, and ornamentation by means of lines, framing, etc., shall not be taken into account for Customs clearance purposes, provided that they are only on the immediate covering, packing or containers of the paper articles.
- (2) Grooving intended to facilitate the turning of pages of albums, the perforation of such pages for purposes of binding and the presence of slits for the insertion of maps, shall not debar such wares from being cleared under No. 300 (a).
- (3) In the case of albums, covers of albums and blotting-pads, leather or textile corners or backs shall not be taken into account for Customs tariff purposes.
 - (4) Finished albums with leather cover shall be cleared under No. 300 (c).
- (5) Binding covers for albums, in imitation leather (pegamoid, grabiol, granitol, etc.) shall be dutiable under No. 300 (c).
- Ad 300 (b). Paper prepared for the manufacture of stencils for duplicating machines shall be held to mean the paper mentioned in paragraph 2 of Explanatory Note No. 1 to 293.
- $Ad\ No.\ 312.$ Packing sheets of rubber combined with asbestos shall be understood to mean large rectangular sheets used for high-pressure packing.
- Ad No. 351. Sheets made of veneers glued together, (Sperrholzplatten) shall be cleared under No. 351.
- Ad No. 354. In the clearance of walking-sticks, the fact that a stick has a ferrule of precious metal shall not be taken into account.
- Ad Nos. 356, 358 and 359. Marks denoting the firms, the article or the quality, trade-marks, etc., in colour, also in bronze, silver or gold, branded or stamped, shall not be taken into account in the Customs clearance of boxes.
- Ad No. 400. Slabs for building (heraclite and Veitsch slabs) made of shavings of wood or other fibrous vegetable material shall be cleared under No. 400, provided that they contain more than 50 % in weight of magnesite cement mortar (Sorel cement mortar).

- Ad No. 431. In the conventional traffic twisted steel bars used for the manufacture of spiral coal borers, and steel bars with protruding spirals for the manufacture of spiral drills, shall be cleared under No. 431 (b).
- Ad No. 432. Sheet iron for knife-blades shall be held to mean sheet iron gradually becoming thicker in the middle or along one side of its length.
- Ad No. 433. It is agreed that case hoops notched or grooved through the punching of holes on them shall not be regarded as bearing designs.
- Ad No. 439. The external diameter of hollow steel in bars for the manufacture of hollow chisels shall be from 18 to 35 mm., and the width of the hole shall not exceed 35 % of the external diameter. Such bars may have a circular, hexagonal or octagonal section.
- Ad No. 445. The mere printing or stamping of the name of the firm, trade-mark, etc. on seals shall not be regarded as constituting a printed inscription or a design.
- Ad No. 454. In the case of trowels, the method of fastening the handle, whether through the bending up of the blade at the back, or through a shank (tang), shall in no way affect their tariff classification.
- Ad No. 468. In the conventional traffic, nickelled cigarette cases and tobacco boxes shall be charged a Customs duty of 1950 Czechoslovak crowns per 100 kg.
- Ad Nos. 468 and 509. Small elastic bands in cigarette cases and tobacco boxes shall not be taken into account for Customs clearance purposes.
- Ad No 470 (b). Tempered spring steel, imported in bundles or coils, less than 0.5 mm thick and not more than 1.5 cm. in breadth, shall also be cleared under No 470 (b).
- Ad No 472. The fact that hinges have countersunk screw-holes shall not debar such hinges from being cleared under No 472 (a)
- Ad No. 479 (b). Component parts of mincing-machines coming in this item shall be dutiable at the conventional rate for mincing-machines.
- Ad No. 499. In the case of cast nickel anodes, partial scouring for the purpose of detecting flaws shall not be regarded as working.
 - Ad No. 516. Armatures are articles for the equipment of machines, apparatus and piping.
- Ad Nos. 516 and 517. Packings of all kinds for armatures, lighting apparatus, oil-stoves and cookers, spirit stoves and welding apparatus, shall not be taken into account for tariff classification purposes.
 - Ad Notes to No. 530 (b). Crude flail steel of this kind shall be cleared under No. 431 (c).
- Ad No. 538. In order that consignments may be entitled to the privileges in respect of Customs duties prescribed for paper-making machinery, and subject to compliance with other regulations, the Customs administration must ascertain that the machines in question are set up in working order in the consignee's factory and are really used for the purpose stated.

Paper-making machinery shall include machines for the manufacture of paper pulp, paper

and poste board and the finishing of paper and posteboard.

- 1. The following shall be included under the heading of machines for the manufacture of paper pulp:
 - (a) Machines for the manufacture of wood-pulp: Bark peeling machines, Peeling machines,

Wood splitting machines (weighing more than 1000 kg. each),

Knot borers,

Wood raspers,

Splinter catchers,

Wood pulp sorters,

Wood pulp refiners,

Desiccating screw-presses.

Wood-pulp desiccating machines;

(b) Machines for the manufacture of cellulose:

Bark-peeling machines,

Peeling machines,

Wood-chopping machines,

Centrifugal machines (for reducing cut wood, with not less than 15 beater-arms),

Wood shavings sorters,

Knot extractors,

Cellulose unravelling machines,

Sand traps,

Cellulose sorters,

Desiccating screw-presses,

Desiccating machines with rectangular or circular sifters,

Bleaching machines:

(c) Machines for the manufacture of pulp from rags:

Rag-threshing machines,

Rag-cutters,

Dust-extractors for rags,

Soaking vats.

Unravelling machines,

Washing and grinding machines,

Bleaching machines,

Desiccating machines with rectangular or circular sifters.

2. The following shall be included under machines for the manufacture of paper and pasteboard:

Apparatus for the solution of earth and chlorine,

Paper pulping machines,

Fine material mills (also known as conical mills),

Paper-making machines properly so-called, with rectangular or circular sifters, including sand traps, knot entractors, sifter, shaking sieve, desiccating apparatus, drying apparatus (drying cylinder), polishing (satining) apparatus, apparatus for cutting paper into strips and rolling-up apparatus.

3. The following shall be included under machines for the finishing of paper and pasteboard:

Rolling and cutting machines,

Damping machines.

Calenders.

Cross cutting machines.

Parchmenting machines (consisting of parts similar to those of paper-making machines properly so-called),

Rolling and sizing machines (pasting machines the individual parts of which are similar to those of actual paper-making machines.).

Ad Class XLI. It is agreed that the Customs duties provided for in the present Supplementary Agreement in respect of articles in this class shall not apply to Röntgen apparatus or to other electro-medical apparatus or accessories thereof.

Ad No. 621. The application of the conventional duties shall be subject to the production of a certificate as to the contents of the packings. Such certificate shall be issued by the competent chambers of trade, commerce and industry of the country of production.

AD COMMERCIAL CONVENTION OF MAY 4, 1921.

Ad Article II.

The Contracting Parties undertake not to treat each other's nationals or companies, as regards traffic in national and foreign currency, less favourably than the nationals and companies of the nation most favoured in that respect.

Ad Article VIII.

The provisions of the Statute of the Danube concerning transit traffic on the Danube shall in no way be affected by the provisions of this Article or of the Final Protocol relating thereto.

Ad Article X.

In amendment of the provisions of paragraph 3 of this Article, the Contracting Parties agree to inform to each other as to the authorities competent to issue trading certificates.

The trading certificates shall be made out in accordance with the model provided by Article 10 of the International Convention of November 3, 1923, for the Simplification of Customs Formalities.

Ad Article XIII.

Paragraph 2 of this Article shall be amended to read as follows:

"In the case of the establishment of a State tug or towage service on natural or artificial waterways or of the grant to private undertakings of an exclusive right to provide a tug or towage service, the vessels and products of the other Contracting Party shall receive the same treatment as that accorded to vessels and products of the home country, in regard to the formalities required and to the rating and collection of tug or towage fees."

Ad Article XIV.

Article 14, paragraph 1, shall be amended to read as follows:

"The nationals of the other Contracting Party shall be permitted, upon the same conditions and on payment of the same charges as nationals of the home country, to make use of causeways and other roads, canals, locks, ferries, bridges and bridge-openings, harbours and landing-stages, buoys and lights on waterways, pilot services, warehouses, apparatus for recovery and salvage of cargo and so forth, in so far as the above works and apparatus are intended for public use, whether controlled by the State or by municipalities, public corporations or private undertakings."

Ad Annex a) ad Article XII.

The exemption from duties provided for under (b) shall be extended to fresh vegetables (with the exception of potatoes) in quantities not exceeding 5 kg.

The provisions of point (f) concerning agricultural undertakings shall also apply mutatis mutandis

to fish breeding in ponds.

Exemption from Customs duties shall be granted to the necessary amount of food for fish.

Carp for spanning, transferred from breeding tanks to spawning tanks, shall be cleared under the régime of temporary importation. Duty need not be paid on those missing at the time of re-export, if there is reason to believe that they are genuinely lost.

The annual quota and the nature of the food for fish and the number or weight of fish for

spanning shall be settled in respect of the individual fish-pond farms by mutual agreement.

The following new paragraph shall be inserted after (0):

"(00) Fire brigades and salvage brigades, and doctors and organised rescue services, shall be allowed to cross the frontier at all times and by all roads with their vehicles, appliances, etc., without being liable to any formalities in respect of Customs or passports, for the purpose of rendering assistance in the case of outbreaks of fire or other accidents.

"Nevertheless, the fact that the persons concerned belong to the rescue services in

question must be apparent or must be proved by an identity card."

Section q), paragraph 1, shall be amended to read as follows:

"Small quantities of articles of daily use for which a licence (Article IX, paragraph 1, point (c)) is otherwise required may be taken over the frontier personally by residents on the frontier, even if they are commercial goods, so long as the import duties on such articles do not exceed 300 Czechoslovakian crowns, or 43 gold crowns."

VIENNA, July 22, 1931.

For the Austrian Republic: Schober, m. p.

For the Czechoslovak Republic: Dr. Jul. Friedmann, m. p.