ÉTATS-UNIS D'AMÉRIQUE
ET MEXIQUE

Echange de notes comportant un accord relatif
au paiement de compensations pour les
biens agraires expropriés appartenant à des
ressortissants américains au Mexique. Wash-
ington, le 9 novembre 1938, et Mexico, le
12 novembre 1938 et les 17 et 18 avril 1939.

Textes officiels anglais et espagnol communiqués par l'envoyé extraordinaire et
ministre plénipotentiaire des États-Unis d'Amérique à Berne. L'enregistre-
ment a eu lieu le 12 avril 1940.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
AND MEXICO

Exchange of Notes constituting an Agreement
concerning Compensation for Expropriated
Lands of American Citizens in Mexico.
Washington, November 9th, 1938, and
Mexico, November 12th, 1938, and April
17th and 18th, 1939.

English and Spanish official texts communicated by the Envoy Extraordinary
and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States of America at Berne.
The registration took place April 12th, 1940.

I.

WASHINGTON, November 9th, 1938.

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of the note addressed by your Government on September 1st to Ambassador Daniels.

Careful examination of that note discloses no grounds that would justify this Government in modifying the position set forth at length in my notes to you dated July 21st and August 22nd, 1938. My Government must insist that the recognized rules of law and equity require the prompt payment of just compensation for property that may be expropriated. Therefore, inasmuch as my Government remains convinced of the basic soundness of its position, buttressed as it is by law and justice, and in view of the scope and content of our recent conversations, in the course of which you informed me of the policy of your Government and of the desire of the Government of Mexico, which is similar to the desire of the Government of the United States, to settle all difficulties which may arise between the two Governments in a spirit of friendship and of equity, further discussion of the note under reference seems unnecessary.

My Government has a particular desire to safeguard friendship with Mexico not only because Mexico is one of its nearest neighbors but on account of the many ways in which ever improving relations, in the fullest sense, between the two countries could be complementary and mutually beneficial. It has therefore spared no effort to arrive at prompt, friendly and satisfactory solutions of problems as they arose. It was in this spirit that last November my Government urged, in accordance with the principle of just compensation, the desirability of a comprehensive agreement providing for the compensation of the American citizens whose properties had been seized by the Mexican Government. It is in that same spirit that I have given every attention to the proposals of your Government which you recently communicated to me. Based upon them, my Government would be willing to agree to the plan proposed hereafter which, if acceptable to your Government, would resolve at once the present controversy, in so far as it relates to compensation for American-owned agrarian properties seized since August 30th, 1927, that if continued must seriously impair the friendly relations between the two countries. It is also in this same spirit that I earnestly commend it to the favorable consideration of your Government.

One: Both our Governments are in accord that the values of the American-owned agrarian properties expropriated since August 30th, 1927, be determined by a Commission composed of
one representative of each of our Governments, and in case of disagreement, by a third person selected by the Permanent Commission with seat at Washington, as established by the so-called Gondra Treaty.

Two: My Government proposes (a) that the two commissioners be appointed by their respective Governments at once; (b) that they hold their first meeting in the City of Mexico on the first day of December 1938; (c) that each Government bear the entire expense of the salaries, maintenance, transportation, and incidentals of its commissioner and his staff and that any expense incurred jointly, as for instance in connection with airplane travel, be shared equally.

Three: My Government believes it important, and understands that your Government is in accord in this regard, that a time limit be established for the completion of the work of the commissioners. It is therefore proposed that the commissioners be instructed that they must complete the determinations of value by not later than May 31st, 1939. If during the course of the deliberations of the two commissioners they are unable to reach a common finding upon the matters submitted to them for their joint determination, my Government proposes that the Permanent Commission at Washington be requested to appoint immediately the third commissioner in order that he may resolve the matters upon which the two Governments' commissioners are unable to agree. It is further proposed that in case of disagreement in any particular case, the representative appointed by the Permanent Commission be requested to render his award within not more than two months from the time the case is submitted to him. The salaries and expenses of the third commissioner will be defrayed in equal proportions by the two Governments.

Four: The adequate and effective measure of compensation to be paid in each case shall be determined in the usual manner by taking into consideration, among other pertinent factors, the establishment of the nationality of the claimant, the legitimacy of his title, the just value of the property expropriated, the fair return from the property of which claimant has been deprived between the time of expropriation and the time of receiving compensation, as well as such other facts as in the opinion of the commissioners should be taken into account in reaching a determination as to compensation.

Five: It is my understanding that the Mexican Government will pay the sum of $1,000,000 United States currency as first payment of the indemnities to be determined by the Commission to which this note refers, and that this payment will be made to the Government of the United States on or before May 31st, 1939.

It is my further understanding that immediately subsequent to the determination by the Commission of the final valuation, in accordance with the procedure indicated in numbered paragraph Four of this note, of American-owned agrarian properties as defined in numbered paragraph One, the two Governments will reach an agreement as to the amounts to be paid to the Government of the United States by the Government of Mexico annually for the account of such claims in the years subsequent to the year 1939. As the basis for such agreement there will be taken into consideration such statement of its ability to pay as may be demonstrated by the Government of Mexico. The Government of Mexico, I understand, agrees that the annual payments to be made by it to the Government of the United States subsequent to the year 1939 for the account of these claims will in no event be less than $1,000,000 United States currency, and that such payments will be made on June 30th of the corresponding year.

In view of our recent conversations I have every confidence that the foregoing proposals will prove acceptable to Your Excellency's Government. I shall await with interest Your Excellency's response to the suggestions made.

Accept, Excellency, the renewed assurances of my highest consideration.

Cordell Hull.

His Excellency
Señor Dr. Don Francisco Castillo Nájera,
Ambassador of Mexico.
II.

TEXTE ESPAÑOL. — SPANISH TEXT.
SECRETARÍA DE RELACIONES EXTERIORES.
ESTADOS UNIDOS MEXICANOS.
MÉXICO.
511284.
MÉXICO, 12 DE NOVIEMBRE DE 1938.

SEÑOR EMBAJADOR:

Tengo el honor de acusar recibo de la nota que, con fecha 9 del presente mes, el Excelentísimo Sr. Cordell Hull, Secretario de Estado de vuestro país, dirigió al Embajador de México en los Estados Unidos de Norte América, Dr. Francisco Castillo Nájera, por lo que el Gobierno de Vuestra Excelencia, al insistir en su opinión de que los principios reconocidos de derecho y equidad exigen el pago inmediato de justa compensación por bienes que sean expropiados, manifiesta su disposición para convenir en un plan que, basándose en las proposiciones de mi Gobierno, se aplique a la consideración y pago de las afectaciones agrarias posteriores a 1927.

El Gobierno de México, a su vez, al reafirmar su convicción de no haber procedido en contra de las normas y principios del Derecho Internacional, de la justicia y la equidad, con la expedición y aplicación de su Legislación Agraria, está de acuerdo con el plan presentado y se complazce en reconocer que los sentimientos de cordial amistad que ligan a nuestros dos países, hayan prevalecido a la postre sobre discrepancias de orden técnico y jurídico.

Como fué propuesto en mi nota a vuestro Gobierno, el 3 de agosto del año en curso, mi Gobierno conviene en que el valor de las tierras expropiadas sea establecido por una comisión integrada por un representante de cada Gobierno, así como que los casos de desacuerdo, entre estos representantes, sean decididos por una tercera persona, designada por la Comisión Permanente, establecida por el Pacto Gondra y que tiene su sede en Washington, a pesar de que no se trata, en el presente caso, de una comisión investigadora, función expresamente señalada en dicho Pacto a la citada Comisión.

Mi Gobierno está de acuerdo, también con su intención original, en el sentido de que los... 1

II.

1 TRADUCTION. — TRANSLATION.
MINISTRY FOR FOREIGN AFFAIRS.
UNITED MEXICAN STATES.
MEXICO.
511284.
MEXICO, NOVEMBER 12TH, 1938.

MR. AMBASSADOR:

I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of the note dated November 9th, 1938, addressed by His Excellency Secretary of State Cordell Hull to the Ambassador of Mexico in the United States of America, Dr. Francisco Castillo Nájera, in which the Government of Your Excellency, while maintaining its opinion that the recognized principles of law and equity require the immediate payment of just compensation for expropriated properties, makes known its readiness to agree to a plan which, based on the proposals of my Government, may apply to the consideration and payment of agrarian expropriations (afectaciones) subsequent to 1927.

The Government of Mexico, in its turn, while reaffirming its conviction that it has not acted contrary to the rules and principles of international law, of justice and equity, by the enactment and application of its agrarian legislation, is in agreement with the plan presented and takes pleasure in recognizing that the sentiments of cordial friendship which unite our two countries have in the end prevailed over differences of a technical and juridical order.

As was proposed in my note to your Government on August 3rd of the current year, my Government agrees that the value of the expropriated lands shall be established by a commission consisting of a representative of each Government, and that cases of disagreement between these representatives shall be decided by a third person designated by the Permanent Commission, established by the Gondra Pact, which has its seat in Washington, notwithstanding the fact that, in this instance, it is not a matter of an investigating commission, an express function assigned that Commission in the said pact.

My Government agrees, likewise, in conformity with its original intention, that the repre... 1

1 Translation of the Government of the United States of America.
representantes de ambos países sean, desde luego, designados y que su primera reunión se efectúe en la ciudad de México el primero de diciembre del año actual. Las erogaciones por concepto de emolumentos, pasajes y otros gastos, tanto de los representantes como de las personas que los secunden en sus trabajos, serán sufragados por cuenta del Gobierno respectivo. Los dos Gobiernos cubrirán, por mitad, los gastos originados conjuntamente.

Asimismo, los emolumentos que hayan de pagarse a la mencionada tercera persona se cubrirán, como lo propone vuestro Gobierno, por mitad, entre México y los Estados Unidos.

Mi Gobierno expresamente manifiesta estar de acuerdo en que los representantes designados sean instruidos en el sentido de que sus trabajos de avalúo concluyan en mayo de 1939, y en que los casos de desacuerdo sean sometidos a la consideración del Tercer, quien deberá ser requerido, igualmente, para que rinda sus decisiones en un plazo no mayor de dos meses, a partir de la fecha en que haya sido solicitada su intervención.

El Gobierno de México entiende que al actuar los comisionados, para hacer el avalúo respectivo, deberán tomar en cuenta, entre otros hechos pertinentes, el establecimiento de la nacionalidad del reclamante, la legalidad de su título para reclamar y el valor fiscal último, previo a la afectación.

En cuanto a la forma de pago de las indemnizaciones correspondientes, mi Gobierno cubrirá en el mes de mayo del año de 1939 la suma de un millón de dólares.

Mi Gobierno está de acuerdo en que una vez que los representantes fijen el monto de las indemnizaciones, los Gobiernos concerten la suma anual que el Gobierno de México debe pagar al de los Estados Unidos, en los años subsecuentes al de 1939, por concepto de las reclamaciones de que se trata. Para la fijación de dichos pagos anuales se tomarán en cuenta las posibilidades económicas de México. Mi Gobierno conviene, desde ahora, en que las sumas anuales, que deberán pagarse al Gobierno de los Estados Unidos, no serán inferiores a un millón de dólares moneda de los Estados Unidos y, por último, mi Gobierno está de acuerdo en que los pagos se cubran el día 30 de junio de cada año.

El Gobierno de México estima necesario dejar establecido que las resoluciones a que lleguen los representantes designados, en ningún caso se extenderán más allá del avalúo de las sentatives of the two Governments shall be immediately designated and that their first meeting shall take place in the City of Mexico on the 1st day of December of the present year. Outlays for emoluments, travel and other expenditures, both of the representatives and of the persons assisting them in their work, shall be defrayed by the respective Government. The two Governments shall each pay one-half of the expenses incurred jointly.

Likewise, the emoluments which are to be paid to the third person referred to shall be shared equally, as proposed by your Government, by Mexico and the United States.

My Government expressly declares that it agrees that the representatives designates be instructed to the effect that their work of evaluation be concluded in May 1939, and that the cases of disagreement be submitted to the consideration of the third person, who will likewise be requested to render his decision within a period of not more than two months, counting from the date on which his intervention has been requested.

The Government of Mexico understands that the commissioners, in proceeding to make the respective evaluation, shall take into account, among other pertinent facts, the establishment of the nationality of the claimant, the legality of his title to enter a claim, and the last fiscal valuation prior to the expropriation.

Respecting the manner of payment of the corresponding indemnifications, my Government will pay the amount of one million dollars in the month of May 1939.

My Government is agreed that, once the representatives fix the amount of the indemnifications, the Governments shall agree upon the annual amount which the Government of Mexico shall pay to that of the United States, in the years subsequent to 1939, on the claims in question. In the determination of the said annual payments, the economic possibilities of Mexico shall be taken into account. My Government agrees, forthwith, that the annual amounts which must be paid to the United States Government shall not be less than one million dollars, United States currency, and, lastly, my Government agrees that the payments shall be made on the 30th day of June of each year.

The Government of Mexico deems it necessary to have it understood that the decisions reached by the representatives designated shall in no case extend beyond evaluation of the lands expro-
tierras afectadas y de las modalidades de pago de la cantidad que se fije; que no constituirán precedente, en ningún caso ni por motivo alguno; tampoco decidirán sobre los principios jurídicos sostenidos por ambos Gobiernos y aplicables a la materia de que se trata.

El Gobierno de México se compliece en reconocer que, al formalizar este arreglo, ha podido, por una parte, demostrar, al igual que lo expresado por el de Vuestra Excelencia en la nota que contesto, el deseo especial de mantener a salvo su amistad con los Estados Unidos, por los mutuos beneficios que este sentimiento recíproco representa para los dos países y cumplir, por la otra, con los mandatos de la Legislación Agraria, expresión de nuestra política tradicional que, al ser interpretada por el C. Presidente de la República, fué apoyada, en forma solemnne, por la Representación Nacional, en la respuesta dada al mensaje del Poder Ejecutivo por el C. Presidente del Congreso de la Unión, en la inauguración del período de sesiones del primero de septiembre último.

Aprovecho esta oportunidad para renovar a Vuestra Excelencia las seguridades de mi más alta y distinguida consideración.

Eduardo HAY.

Excelentísimo Señor Josephus Daniels,
Embajador Extraordinario y Plenipotenciario de los Estados Unidos de Norte América.
Presente.

III.

EMBASSY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

No. 3540.

MEXICO, D. F., April 17th, 1939.

I have the honor to refer to the exchange of notes of November 9th and November 12th, 1938, between Your Excellency’s Government and my Government on the subject of agrarian claims.

In view of the very limited time now remaining within the period originally contemplated for the examination and evaluation of all the agrarian claims, it would seem that the period of time for the filing of claims might usefully be extended to July 31st, 1939, and the period for the adjudication of claims might be extended to November 30th, 1939. It would also seem that both periods might be further extended, if necessary, particularly since, under the provisions of the notes just mentioned, Mexico will obviously have a period of years in which to complete payments.

It would be understood that the extension of time would be without prejudice to any other aspect of the agreement of November 9th—November 12th, 1938.

Please accept, Excellency, the renewed assurances of my highest and most distinguished consideration.

Pierre de L. Boal,
Chargé d’Affaires ad interim.

His Excellency Señor General Eduardo Hay,
Minister for Foreign Affairs,
Mexico, D. F.
SECRETARIA DE RELACIONES EXTERIORES.
ESTADOS UNIDOS MEXICANOS.
MÉXICO.
54133.
MÉXICO, 18 DE ABRIL DE 1939.

SEÑOR ENCARGADO DE NEGOCIOS:

Doy respuesta a la atenta nota de usted, del 17 del actual, en la que manifiesta que—in vista de quedar un tiempo muy limitado para el examen y avalúo de las reclamaciones agrarias de ciudadanos norte-americanos, que deben hacer los Comisionados de México y de los Estados Unidos, en los términos del arreglo celebrado por medio de las notas cambiadas el 9 y 12 de noviembre de 1938—estima usted que tanto el plazo para presentar las reclamaciones como el que correspondería para decidirlas, puede ampliarse convenientemente.

Mi Gobierno expresa, una vez más, su conocido deseo de que estos asuntos sean definitivamente resueltos y, animado de tal propósito, accede, desde luego, a la solicitud que hace usted en la nota que contestó, y declara su conformidad en que el plazo para presentar reclamaciones ante los Comisionados de ambos países, se prorrogue hasta el 31 de julio del año en curso y, de esa fecha hasta el 30 de noviembre próximo, quede establecido un término para decidir sobre el monto de las reclamaciones presentadas.

Aprovecho esta oportunidad para renovar a usted el testimonio de mi muy atenta y distinguida consideración.

Eduardo HAY.

Sr. Pierre de L. Boal,
Encargado de Negocios de los
Estados Unidos de Norte América,
Presente.

Certified to be a true and complete textual copy of the original agreement in all the languages in which it was signed.

For the Secretary of State
of the United States of America:
Edward Yardley,
Director of Personnel.

1 Traduction du Gouvernement des États-Unis d'Amérique.

No. 4714

IV.

TEXTE ESPAGNOL. — SPANISH TEXT.

MINISTRY FOR FOREIGN AFFAIRS.
UNITED MEXICAN STATES.
MEXICO.
54133.
MEXICO, APRIL 18th, 1939.

MR. CHARGE D'AFFAIRES:

I am replying to your courteous note of the 17th instant, in which you state that—in view of the very limited time now remaining for the examination and evaluation of the agrarian claims of American citizens by the Commissioners of Mexico and the United States in the terms of the agreement concluded by means of the notes exchanged on November 9th and 12th 1938—you consider that both the period for the presentation of the claims and that for the deciding of them might usefully be extended.

My Government expresses, once more, its known desire that these matters be definitively settled and, animated by such purpose, it accedes, at once, to the request which you make in the note under acknowledgment, and agrees that the period for the filing of claims before the Commissioners of both countries shall be extended to July 31st of this year, and, from this latter date to November 30th next, there be established a period for the deciding of the amount to cover the claims presented.

I avail myself of this opportunity to renew to you the assurances of my very courteous and distinguished consideration.

Eduardo HAY.

Pierre de L. Boal, Esquire,
Chargé d'Affaires of the
United States of America,
City.

1 Translation of the Government of the United States of America.