10. Instructs the Secretary-General, in cooperation with the Director-General of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, to report to the General Assembly in due course on the progress achieved in the implementation of the present resolution.

1391st plenary meeting, 8 December 1965.

2044 (XX). United Nations Institute for Training and Research

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolutions 1827 (XVII) of 18 December 1962 and 1934 (XVIII) of 11 December 1963 relating to the United Nations Institute for Training and Research,

Noting with interest the progress made so far in establishing the Institute’s preliminary activities,

Taking note of Economic and Social Council resolutions 1057 (XXXVII) of 15 August 1964 and 1072 (XXXIX) of 26 July 1965, and of the reports submitted by the Secretary-General and the statement made by the Executive Director of the Institute,

1. Expresses the hope that the United Nations Institute for Training and Research will begin its regular operations as soon as possible and not later than the end of 1965;

2. Renews its appeal to Governments of States Members of the United Nations and members of the specialized agencies and of the International Atomic Energy Agency and to private institutions which have not yet financially contributed to the Institute to give it their generous financial support now that it has been established;

3. Requests the Executive Director of the Institute to report annually to the General Assembly and, as appropriate, to the Economic and Social Council on the activities of the Institute.

1391st plenary meeting, 8 December 1965.

2082 (XX). Science and technology

The General Assembly,

Reaffirming its conviction, which was greatly strengthened by the results of the United Nations Conference on the Application of Science and Technology for the Benefit of the Less Developed Areas, that science and technology can make an outstanding contribution to the economic and social development of the developing countries,

Recalling its resolution 1944 (XVIII) of 11 December 1963 concerning international co-operation in the application of science and technology to economic and social development,

Noting with appreciation the comprehensive response made by the Advisory Committee on the Application of Science and Technology to Development to the request in resolution 1944 (XVIII) that the Advisory Committee examine, in keeping with its terms of reference, the possibility of establishing a programme of international co-operation in science and technology for economic and social development, with special reference to the study of the problems of the developing countries and the exploration of suitable solutions,

1. Endorses Economic and Social Council resolution 1083 (XXXIX) of 30 July 1965, in which the Council warmly commended the Advisory Committee on the Application of Science and Technology to Development for its second report, approved the plans of the Advisory Committee for the next phase of its work and transmitted to the General Assembly the second report as an exposition of the steps that must be taken to achieve the objectives envisaged in Assembly resolution 1944 (XVIII);

2. Also endorses the views of the Advisory Committee that:

(a) It would be not only possible, but highly desirable, to develop a programme of the kind envisaged in resolution 1944 (XVIII) in order to strengthen existing programmes and to add appropriate new arrangements for rounding out the total effort, and also designed to draw the attention of world opinion to the work of the Advisory Committee;

(b) The Economic and Social Council itself should be the appropriate body, under the authority of the General Assembly, to initiate and guide the programme, through its links with organizations in the United Nations family, the regional economic commissions and non-governmental organizations, and through the cooperation of the States Members of the United Nations and members of the specialized agencies and of the International Atomic Energy Agency;

3. Commends the comprehensive proposals and suggestions made by the Advisory Committee in chapter IV of its second report, to the attention of States Members of the United Nations and members of the specialized agencies and of the International Atomic Energy Agency, all organizations of the United Nations family concerned with the application of science and technology to development and to all similarly interested non-governmental organizations;

4. Invites the Advisory Committee, as its programme of work evolves and in the light of its second report, to continue to examine in more detail the needs and possibilities and, where appropriate, the role of the United Nations family in relation to:

(a) The establishment of national policies for the application of science and technology to development by developing countries;

(b) The establishment or strengthening of institutions for scientific and technological research in the developing countries, and of co-operative arrangements among such institutions, especially on a regional basis, with a view to the widest dissemination of the possibilities of applying scientific and technical knowledge to development;

(c) The more extensive undertaking, by appropriate institutions in the highly developed countries, of research on problems of special concern to the developing countries;

(d) The encouragement of co-operative links between universities, research institutes, laboratories and similar institutions in the highly developed countries and those in the developing countries.

1404th plenary meeting, 20 December 1965.