Monetary Fund, the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development and such other organizations as he considers necessary, a study on:

"(i) Economic factors affecting the ability of developed countries to transfer maximum financial resources to the developing countries in accordance with the relevant recommendations contained in the Final Act of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development, particularly its annex A.I.V.2, taking into account the increase in the national income of the developed countries;

(ii) The progress made by individual developed countries in the implementation of operative paragraph 3 (b) (ii) above;

"(c) To report to the Economic and Social Council at its forty-third session on the implementation of the present resolution, with particular emphasis on the objectives relating to the volume and the terms and conditions of the flow of external resources to developing countries;

6. Expresses the wish that the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development continue to give special attention, within the field of its competence, to the problems of financing economic development in developing countries.

1. Endorses Economic and Social Council resolution 1183 (XLI);
2. Decides to consider at its twenty-second session the reports to be prepared by the Secretary-General in response to paragraph 5 of that resolution.

1485th plenary meeting, 6 December 1966.

2171 (XXI). Conversion to peaceful needs of the resources released by disarmament

The General Assembly

Takes note with approval of the decision of the Economic and Social Council, in its resolution 1154 (XLI) of 4 August 1966, that reports concerning the economic and social consequences of disarmament should in future be submitted to the Council on a biennial basis, unless developments warrant additional reports.

1485th plenary meeting, 6 December 1966.

2172 (XXI). Resources of the sea

The General Assembly,

Recognising the need for a greater knowledge of the oceans and of the opportunities available for the utilization of their resources, living and mineral,

Realising that the effective exploitation and development of these resources can raise the economic level of peoples throughout the world, and in particular of the developing countries,

Taking into account with appreciation the activities in the field of resources of the sea at present being undertaken by the United Nations, the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization and, in particular, its Inter-governmental Oceanographic Commission, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations and, in particular, its Committee on Fisheries, the World Meteorological Organization, the Advisory Committee on the Application of Science and Technology to Development, other intergovernmental organizations concerned, various Governments, universities, scientific and technological institutions and other interested organizations,

Considering the need to maximize international cooperative efforts for the further development of marine science and technology and to avoid duplication or overlapping of efforts in this field,

1. Endorses Economic and Social Council resolution 1112 (XLI) of 7 March 1966 requesting the Secretary-General to make a survey of the present state of knowledge of the resources of the sea beyond the continental shelf, excluding fish, and of the techniques for exploiting these resources;

2. Requests the Secretary-General—in co-operation with the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization and, in particular, its Inter-governmental Oceanographic Commission, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations and, in particular, its Committee on Fisheries, the World Meteorological Organization, other intergovernmental organizations concerned, and the Governments of interested Member States, and utilizing, inter alia, such voluntary services as may be offered—to undertake, in addition to the survey requested by the Economic and Social Council, a comprehensive survey of activities in marine science and technology, including that relating to mineral resources development, undertaken by members of the United Nations family of organizations, various Member States and intergovernmental organizations concerned, and by universities, scientific and technological institutions and other interested organizations;

3. Requests the Secretary-General, in co-operation with the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization and, in particular, its Inter-governmental Oceanographic Commission and the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations and, in particular, its Committee on Fisheries and in the light of the above-mentioned comprehensive survey, to formulate proposals for:

(a) Ensuring the most effective arrangements for an expanded programme of international co-operation to assist in a better understanding of the marine environment through science and in the exploitation and development of marine resources, with due regard to the conservation of fish stocks;

(b) Initiating and strengthening marine education and training programmes, bearing in mind the close interrelationship between marine and other sciences;

4. Requests the Secretary-General to set up a small group of experts to be selected, as far as possible, from the specialized agencies and intergovernmental organizations concerned, to assist him in the preparation of the comprehensive survey called for in paragraph 2 above and in the formulation of the proposals referred to in paragraph 3 above;

5. Requests that the survey and proposals prepared by the Secretary-General be submitted to the Advisory Committee on the Application of Science and Technology to Development for its comments;

6. Requests the Secretary-General to submit his survey and proposals, together with the comments of the Advisory Committee, to the General Assembly at its twenty-third session, through the Economic and Social Council.

1485th plenary meeting, 6 December 1966.

2173 (XXI). Development of natural resources

The General Assembly,

Recalling Economic and Social Council resolutions 1113 (XL) of 7 March 1966 and 1127 (XLI) of
26 July 1966 regarding the development of natural resources,

Expressing its appreciation of the initiative taken by the Secretary-General in submitting to the Economic and Social Council a five-year survey programme for the development of natural resources, comprising nine selected natural resources surveys, as outlined in his report dated 18 January 1966.18

1. Notes with satisfaction the progress made by the Advisory Committee on the Application of Science and Technology to Development, the group of experts consulted by the Secretary-General and the Economic and Social Council in the evolution of a long-term survey programme in the field of natural resources;

2. Endorses the continuing study by the Economic and Social Council of the means of implementing a five-year programme for the development of natural resources, intended to strengthen the economic base and the economic independence of the developing countries;

3. Invites the Secretary-General to study the technical and financial implications of carrying out surveys of petroleum and natural gas resources in the developing countries and to submit specific proposals on this subject to the Economic and Social Council.

148th plenary meeting, 6 December 1966.

2177 (XXI). Special session of the Trade and Development Board

The General Assembly

Invites the Trade and Development Board to hold a special session to be convened in New York for one day, on 21 December 1966, in order to review the calendar of meetings of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development for 1967 which the Board adopted at its fourth session.19

148th plenary meeting, 9 December 1966.

2178 (XXI). International Symposium on Industrial Development

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 1940 (XVIII) of 11 December 1963 and Economic and Social Council resolutions 1030 C (XXXVII) of 13 August 1964 and 1081 B (XXXIX) of 30 July 1965 on the holding of international and regional symposia on industrial development,

Recognising the importance of the results and recommendations of the regional symposia held at Manila, Cairo and Santiago and of the Conference on Industrial Development in the Arab States held in Kuwait,

Noting with approval the recommendations contained in Economic and Social Council resolutions 1180 (XLI) of 5 August 1966 and 1185 (XLI) of 15, 16 and 17 November 1966 concerning the preparation and organization of the International Symposium on Industrial Development,

Considering that the Symposium, as the first worldwide forum on industrialization to be held under United Nations auspices, is likely to play a significant role in focusing attention on policies and measures aimed at strengthening international co-operation in the field of industrial development and accelerating the industrial development of the developing countries,

1. Endorses the decision of the Economic and Social Council to convene the International Symposium on Industrial Development at Athens in December 1967;

2. Invites the Governments of States Members of the United Nations and members of the specialized agencies and of the International Atomic Energy Agency to take an active interest in the preparatory work for the Symposium and to ensure their effective participation in it;

3. Calls upon the United Nations Industrial Development Organization to devote all the necessary attention to that preparatory work in order to ensure the success of the Symposium;

4. Invites the specialized agencies, the International Atomic Energy Agency, the regional economic commissions, the United Nations Economic and Social Office in Beirut and the intergovernmental organizations concerned to co-operate actively in the preparatory work for the Symposium;

5. Expresses the hope that the recommendations of the Symposium will give an added impetus to international co-operative efforts aimed, in particular, at achieving the accelerated industrialization of the developing countries;

6. Requests the Industrial Development Board to study in due course the recommendations of the Symposium and to take appropriate follow-up action.

148th plenary meeting, 9 December 1966.

2179 (XXI). Provision of operational personnel under the Technical Assistance component of the United Nations Development Programme

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 1946 (XVIII) of 11 December 1963 authorizing the use of funds from the Special Account of the Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance for the provision of operational personnel by all the participating organizations, at the request of Governments, on an experimental basis for the years 1964-1966,

Noting the actions taken by the Governing Council of the United Nations Development Programme at its second session and by the Economic and Social Council at its forty-first session, in response to the General Assembly's invitation to review the results of the experimental provision of operational personnel,

Decides to authorize temporarily the continued use of the funds of the Technical Assistance component of the United Nations Development Programme for the provision of operational personnel by all the participating organizations, at the request of Governments, for the years 1967-1968.

148th plenary meeting, 9 December 1966.