

facilitate greater regional co-ordination of industrial development policies;

11. *Decides* to set up an *Ad Hoc* Committee on Co-operation between the United Nations Development Programme and the United Nations Industrial Development Organization composed of those Member States whose representatives are serving as officers of the Governing Council of the Programme and the Industrial Development Board⁴² to examine in detail, in consultation with the Administrator of the United Nations Development Programme and the Executive Director of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, all aspects of co-operation between the two organizations, especially those related to the formulation, appraisal and approval of industrial projects, and to submit a report thereon to the General Assembly at its twenty-seventh session, through the Economic and Social Council, together with the comments of the Governing Council of the Programme and those of the Industrial Development Board;

12. *Requests* the Secretary-General to convene the *Ad Hoc* Committee at an early date in New York and to extend to it all the necessary facilities and assistance;

13. *Calls upon* the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, in co-operation with the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development and with the regional economic commissions and the United Nations Economic and Social Office at Beirut, to assist the developing countries, especially the least developed among them, to take full advantage of the benefits of the generalized system of preferences for manufactures and semi-manufactures;

14. *Invites* the Executive Director of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization to review the organization and the structure of its secretariat, with a view to adapting it to the changing needs of the work programme in the light of the International Development Strategy and, in particular, to the needs for effective implementation of the operational activities of the organization, and to submit appropriate reports and proposals thereon to the Industrial Development Board;

15. *Recommends* that, as part of the preparatory work for the next general conference of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, the Industrial Development Board should keep under consideration the proposals submitted to the Special International Conference on such changes and improvements as might be necessary, pursuant to paragraph 37 of General Assembly resolution 2152 (XXI), in order to meet fully the growing needs in the field of industrial development.

*2021st plenary meeting,
16 December 1971.*

2824 (XXVI). Revision of the lists of States eligible for membership in the Industrial Development Board

The General Assembly,

Recalling section II, paragraph 4, of its resolution 2152 (XXI) of 17 November 1966 on the United Nations Industrial Development Organization,

⁴² The *Ad Hoc* Committee is composed of the following Member States: Bulgaria, Costa Rica, Denmark, Ghana, Hungary, India, Italy, Mexico and Uganda.

Decides to include Bahrain, Bhutan, Oman, Qatar and the United Arab Emirates in list A of the annex to its resolution 2152 (XXI).⁴³

*2021st plenary meeting,
16 December 1971.*

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As a result of the above resolution, the lists of States eligible for membership in the Industrial Development Board will be as follows:

A. LIST OF STATES INDICATED IN SECTION II, PARAGRAPH 4 (a), OF GENERAL ASSEMBLY RESOLUTION 2152 (XXI)

Afghanistan	Maldives
Algeria	Mali
Bahrain	Mauritania
Bhutan	Mauritius
Botswana	Mongolia
Burma	Morocco
Burundi	Nepal
Cameroon	Niger
Central African Republic	Nigeria
Ceylon	Oman
Chad	Pakistan
China	People's Democratic Republic of Yemen
Congo	Philippines
Dahomey	Qatar
Egypt	Republic of Korea
Equatorial Guinea	Republic of Viet-Nam
Ethiopia	Rwanda
Fiji	Saudi Arabia
Gabon	Senegal
Gambia	Sierra Leone
Ghana	Singapore
Guinea	Somalia
India	South Africa
Indonesia	Sudan
Iran	Swaziland
Iraq	Syrian Arab Republic
Israel	Thailand
Ivory Coast	Togo
Jordan	Tunisia
Kenya	Uganda
Khmer Republic	United Arab Emirates
Kuwait	United Republic of Tanzania
Laos	Upper Volta
Lebanon	Western Samoa
Lesotho	Yemen
Liberia	Yugoslavia
Libyan Arab Republic	Zaire
Madagascar	Zambia
Malawi	
Malaysia	

B. LIST OF STATES INDICATED IN SECTION II, PARAGRAPH 4 (b)

Australia	Iceland
Austria	Ireland
Belgium	Italy
Canada	Japan
Cyprus	Liechtenstein
Denmark	Luxembourg
Federal Republic of Germany	Malta
Finland	Monaco
France	Netherlands
Greece	New Zealand
Holy See	Norway
	Portugal

⁴³ For the other changes in the lists since the adoption of resolution 2152 (XXI), see resolutions 2385 (XXIII) of 19 November 1968, 2510 (XXIV) of 21 November 1969 and 2637 (XXV) of 19 November 1970.

San Marino	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
Spain	Ireland
Sweden	United States of America
Switzerland	
Turkey	

C. LIST OF STATES INDICATED IN SECTION II, PARAGRAPH 4 (c)

Argentina	Guyana
Barbados	Haiti
Bolivia	Honduras
Brazil	Jamaica
Chile	Mexico
Colombia	Nicaragua
Costa Rica	Panama
Cuba	Paraguay
Dominican Republic	Peru
Ecuador	Trinidad and Tobago
El Salvador	Uruguay
Guatemala	Venezuela

D. LIST OF STATES INDICATED IN SECTION II, PARAGRAPH 4 (d)

Albania	Poland
Bulgaria	Romania
Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic	Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic
Czechoslovakia	Union of Soviet Socialist Republics
Hungary	

2845 (XXVI). Public administration and development

The General Assembly,

Taking into account its previous resolutions on the role of public administration in economic and social development, particularly resolutions 723 (VIII) of 23 October 1953, 1024 (XI) of 21 December 1956, 1256 (XIII) of 14 November 1958, 1530 (XV) of 15 December 1960, 1710 (XVI) of 19 December 1961 and 2561 (XXIV) of 13 December 1969,

Recalling Economic and Social Council resolutions 1199 (XLII) of 24 May 1967 and 1567 (L) of 6 May 1971,

Emphasizing the importance of improving public administration in order to speed up the economic and social development of the developing countries and to achieve the aims and objectives of the Second United Nations Development Decade,

Considering, therefore, that the measures needed to increase the capability and efficiency of public administration in the developing countries are indispensable for the formulation and implementation of economic and social development plans and programmes,

Recognizing the importance for developing countries of the establishment and entry into service of regional centres of administration for development, the purpose of which is to co-operate with Governments in increasing their administrative capability for the implementation of their economic and social development programmes,

Noting the existence of the African Training and Research Centre in Administration for Development and the forthcoming entry into service of the Asian Centre of Development Administration, the Centre of the Arab Organization for Administrative Sciences and the Latin American Centre of Administration for Development,

Recognizing the prompt and effective co-operation given by the United Nations Development Programme for the establishment and operation of the regional centres in Asia and Africa,

1. *Draws the attention* of Member States to the importance of measures to increase administrative capability for economic and social development, the desirability of making such measures an integral part of development plans at all levels, as appropriate, and the need for such measures to be adequate to enable Governments, individually and collectively, to achieve the aims of the Second United Nations Development Decade;

2. *Takes note* of the report of the Second Meeting of Experts on the United Nations Programme in Public Administration;⁴⁴

3. *Endorses* the objectives of the regional centres of administration for development to increase the administrative capability and efficiency of the developing countries in order to speed up the process of economic and social development;

4. *Invites* the Governing Council of the United Nations Development Programme to provide the technical and financial co-operation necessary for the establishment and operation of the Latin American Centre of Administration for Development and the Centre of the Arab Organization for Administrative Sciences in the same way in which it supported the regional centres in Africa and Asia, and further invites it to continue to provide the necessary assistance to the regional centres in Africa and Asia.

*2026th plenary meeting,
20 December 1971.*

2846 (XXVI). Question of the creation of an intergovernmental sea service

The General Assembly,

Having given preliminary consideration to the question of the creation of an intergovernmental sea service,

1. *Decides* to refer this question for further consideration to the Committee on the Peaceful Uses of the Sea-Bed and the Ocean Floor beyond the Limits of National Jurisdiction at its session to be held in July and August 1972;

2. *Requests* the Committee to report on this question to the General Assembly through the Economic and Social Council.

*2026th plenary meeting,
20 December 1971.*

2847 (XXVI). Enlargement of the Economic and Social Council

The General Assembly,

Recognizing that an enlargement of the Economic and Social Council will provide broad representation of the United Nations membership as a whole and make the Council a more effective organ for carrying out its functions under Chapters IX and X of the Charter of the United Nations,

⁴⁴ *Public Administration in the Second United Nations Development Decade* (United Nations publication, Sales No.: E.71.II.H.3).