

arrangements regarding the termination or expiration of the agreement;

4. *Encourages* all Member States to make available to the United Nations Centre for Human Settlements audio-visual material prepared for their programmes of national action;

5. *Appeals* to all States and interested organizations to make available to the United Nations Centre for Human Settlements the necessary resources for continuing its audio-visual and information activities;

6. *Requests* the Executive Director of the United Nations Centre for Human Settlements to report to the Commission on Human Settlements at its third session on the progress achieved towards the establishment of a unified information service.

*104th plenary meeting
14 December 1979*

34/116. Strengthening of human settlements activities

The General Assembly,

Recalling its relevant resolutions, in particular resolutions 2718 (XXV) of 15 December 1970, 3001 (XXVII) of 15 December 1972, 3327 (XXIX) of 16 December 1974 and 32/162 of 19 December 1977,

Noting that in the report of the Commission on Human Settlements on the work of its second session⁶⁷ Member States are called upon to deal with human settlements programmes as an integral and important element of national development plans,

Recognizing that the goals of the new international economic order encompass both general economic improvements in developing countries and the achievement of social equity in the distribution of benefits from economic growth,

Convinced that human settlements activities can make an important contribution to achieving both those goals of the new international economic order,

Recognizing that one of the most urgent needs in developing countries is to upgrade the living and working conditions of low-income and disadvantaged groups in both rural and urban areas,

Convinced that human settlements programmes provide a direct mechanism for redressing imbalances in access to shelter, utility services, health care, education and community amenities, and hence can have a significant impact on the immediate, day-to-day needs of low-income and disadvantaged groups,

Convinced that human settlements programmes offer an effective tool for generating the energy-conserving and resource-conserving community patterns which will be called for,

1. *Urges* Member States, within the context of their national priorities, to devote a larger share of national resources to the strengthening of human settlements activities as vehicles of economic and social change;

2. *Suggests* that Member States should examine multilateral and bilateral co-operation programmes, particularly those financed by the United Nations Development Programme, to determine whether an increased allocation can be made to the human settlements sector;

3. *Requests* Member States to report every two years to the Commission on Human Settlements on the

⁶⁷ *Ibid.*, Supplement No. 8 (A/34/8).

progress made in implementing the recommendations for national action adopted by Habitat: United Nations Conference on Human Settlements and, where possible, on the level and sources of international and national funding being devoted to human settlements activities.

*104th plenary meeting
14 December 1979*

34/117. Technical co-operation among developing countries

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolutions 3201 (S-VI) and 3202 (S-VI) of 1 May 1974, containing the Declaration and the Programme of Action on the Establishment of a New International Economic Order, 3281 (XXIX) of 12 December 1974, containing the Charter of Economic Rights and Duties of States, and 3362 (S-VII) of 16 September 1975 on development and international economic co-operation,

Recalling also its resolution 33/134 of 19 December 1978, in which it endorsed the Buenos Aires Plan of Action for Promoting and Implementing Technical Co-operation among Developing Countries⁶⁸ as an important instrument of the international community to intensify and strengthen co-operation among developing countries, thus making international co-operation for development more effective,

Noting the Arusha Programme for Collective Self-Reliance and Framework for Negotiations,⁶⁹ adopted by the Fourth Ministerial Meeting of the Group of Seventy-seven, held at Arusha, United Republic of Tanzania, from 12 to 16 February 1979,

Noting also the Economic Declaration, the Programme of Action for Economic Co-operation and resolution 7, containing policy guidelines on the reinforcement of collective self-reliance between developing countries, adopted by the Sixth Conference of Heads of State or Government of Non-Aligned Countries, held at Havana from 3 to 9 September 1979,⁷⁰

Bearing in mind resolutions 112 (V) on strengthening the technological capacity of developing countries, including accelerating their technological transformation, and 127 (V) on economic co-operation among developing countries, adopted by the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development at its fifth session, held at Manila from 7 May to 3 June 1979,⁷¹

Reiterating that the implementation of the Buenos Aires Plan of Action would constitute a major contribution in the evolution of international co-operation for development and to the establishment of the new international economic order and an important element of the international development strategy for the third United Nations development decade,

Taking note of the report of the Administrator of the United Nations Development Programme on organiza-

⁶⁸ *Report of the United Nations Conference on Technical Co-operation among Developing Countries, Buenos Aires, 30 August-12 September 1978* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.78.II.A.11 and corrigendum), chap. I.

⁶⁹ *Proceedings of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development, Fifth Session, vol. I, Report and Annexes* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.79.II.D.14), annex VI.

⁷⁰ See A/34/542, annex.

⁷¹ See *Proceedings of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development, Fifth Session, vol. I, Report and Annexes* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.79.II.D.14), part one, sect. A.

tional and substantive arrangements for the high-level meeting on the review of technical co-operation among developing countries, to be held in 1980,⁷²

1. *Requests* the Secretary-General as well as the organs, organizations and bodies of the United Nations system to continue to intensify their efforts to ensure that technical co-operation among developing countries is an integral part of their activities for international co-operation for development;

2. *Approves* the proposals made by the Administrator of the United Nations Development Programme in his report regarding arrangements for the high-level meeting;⁷²

3. *Requests* the executive heads of the organs, organizations and bodies of the United Nations development system, including the regional commissions, in close co-operation with the Administrator of the United Nations Development Programme, to contribute to the preparation of the high-level meeting and participate actively in it;

4. *Requests* the Administrator of the United Nations Development Programme to take fully into account the relevant elements of the Vienna Programme of Action on Science and Technology for Development⁷³ in the preparation of the high-level meeting;

5. *Requests* the Secretary-General to include in his analytical report to the General Assembly at its special session in 1980 on the implementation of the decisions regarding the establishment of the new international economic order, called for in Assembly resolution 33/198 of 29 January 1979, a review of developments regarding technical co-operation among developing countries, including the implementation of the Buenos Aires Plan of Action;⁶⁸

6. *Urges* all States to take immediate steps to implement the agreements reached at the United Nations Conference on Technical Co-operation among Developing Countries and calls upon developed countries to comply in particular with those contained in recommendations 35 and 38 of the Buenos Aires Plan of Action;⁶⁸

7. *Invites* all participants in the United Nations Development Programme to undertake all the necessary preparations for the meeting and to be represented at it at a high level;

8. *Invites* the Preparatory Committee for the New International Development Strategy to take fully into account, in the formulation of the strategy for the third United Nations development decade, the special contribution to be made by technical co-operation among developing countries.

*104th plenary meeting
14 December 1979*

34/118. Assistance to Grenada

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolutions 3338 (XXIX) of 17 December 1974 and 3362 (S-VII) of 16 September 1975 dealing, *inter alia*, with efforts to meet the special problems of developing countries,

Recalling also resolution 111 (V) adopted by the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development

⁷² A/34/415.

⁷³ *Report of the United Nations Conference on Science and Technology for Development, Vienna, 20-31 August 1979* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.79.I.21 and corrigenda), chap. VII.

at its fifth session, held at Manila from 7 May to 3 June 1979,⁷⁴ in which specific action in a number of identified areas was urged in respect of island developing countries,

Mindful that the particular impediments hampering the economic development of many island developing countries—especially those handicaps resulting from their smallness of size, remoteness, constraints in transport and communications, great distances from market centres, highly limited internal markets, lack of marketing expertise, limited resource endowment, lack of natural resources, heavy dependence on a few commodities for their foreign exchange earnings, shortage of administrative personnel and heavy financial burdens—calls for the continued attention of Governments and of the organizations of the United Nations system,

Aware of the special problems faced by Grenada in respect of many of those impediments, as well as the serious adverse effects on its economy of the persistent world-wide economic and financial problems,

Mindful that Grenada requires the continued attention and assistance of the United Nations in the achievement by its people of their development objectives,

Noting the action taken by the specialized agencies and other organizations within the United Nations system, as well as by the regional bodies, particularly the Caribbean Community and the Common Market, to provide economic, financial and technical assistance to Grenada,

1. *Stresses* the urgency of rendering all necessary assistance to Grenada in its efforts to develop and strengthen its economy;

2. *Requests* the specialized agencies and other organizations within the United Nations system, including in particular the United Nations Development Programme, international financial institutions and aid donors to intensify their assistance to Grenada within their respective spheres of competence;

3. *Requests* the Secretary-General to mobilize the financial, technical and economic assistance of the international community, in particular that of the developed countries and the appropriate organizations of the United Nations system, with a view to helping to meet the short-term and long-term development needs of Grenada;

4. *Further requests* the Secretary-General to report to the General Assembly at its thirty-sixth session on the progress achieved in the implementation of the present resolution.

*104th plenary meeting
14 December 1979*

34/119. Assistance to Cape Verde

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 33/127 of 19 December 1978, in which it made an appeal to the international community to provide generous and immediate assistance to the development programme recommended in the report of the Secretary-General on the mission which he sent to Cape Verde in response to General Assembly resolution 32/99 of 13 December 1977,⁷⁵ and in which

⁷⁴ See *Proceedings of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development, Fifth Session, vol. I, Report and Annexes* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.79.II.D.14), part one, sect. A.

⁷⁵ A/33/167 and Corr.1.