35/43. Question of the Comorian island of Mayotte

The General Assembly.

Recalling its resolutions 1514 (XV) of 14 December 1960, containing the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples, and 2621 (XXV) of 12 October 1970, containing the programme of action for the full implementation of the Declaration,

Recalling its previous resolutions, in particular resolutions 3161 (XXVIII) of 14 December 1973, 3291 (XXIX) of 13 December 1974, 314 of 21 October 1976, 327 of 1 November 1977 and 34/69 of 6 December 1979, in which it, inter alia, affirmed the unity and territorial integrity of the Comoros,

Recalling, in particular, its resolution 3385 (XXX) of 12 November 1975, on the admission of the Comoros to membership in the United Nations, in which it reaffirmed the necessity of respecting the unity and territorial integrity of the Comoro Archipelago, composed of the islands of Anjouan, Grande-Comore, Mayotte and Mohéli,

Taking note of the talks opened between the Government of the Islamic Federal Republic of the Comoros and the Government of the French Republic,

Convinced that a just and lasting solution of the question of Mayotte is to be found in respect for the sovereignty, unity and territorial integrity of the Comoro Archipelago,

Bearing in mind the decisions of the Organization of African Unity, the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries and the Organization of the Islamic Conference concerning this question,

1. Reaffirms the sovereignty of the Islamic Federal Republic of the Comoros over the island of Mayotte:

2. Invites the Governments of the Comoros and France to continue the talks, with a view to rapidly finding a just solution in conformity with the relevant resolutions of the United Nations:

3. Welcomes the initiative taken at Freetown by the Organization of African Unity to convene at Moroni before the thirty-seventh ordinary session of the Council of Ministers its Committee of Seven charged with the question, with a view to discussing with the Comorian Government appropriate measures likely to speed up the settlement of the question of Mayotte:

4. Requests the Secretary-General of the United Nations to follow developments concerning this question, in conjunction with the Secretary-General of the Organization of African Unity, and to report thereon to the General Assembly at its thirty-sixth session:

5. Decides to include in the provisional agenda of its thirty-sixth session the item entitled "Question of the Comorian island of Mayotte"

74th plenary meeting
28 November 1980

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35/112. Peaceful use of nuclear energy for economic and social development

The General Assembly.

Having considered the report of the International Atomic Energy Agency to the General Assembly for the year 1979,

Reaffirming the principles and provisions of its resolution 32/50 of 8 December 1977 on the peaceful use of nuclear energy for economic and social development,

Recalling the relevant paragraphs of the Final Document of the Tenth Special Session of the General Assembly, the first special session devoted to disarmament,

Recalling also its decision, as contained in its resolution 34/63 of 29 November 1979, to convene an international conference for the promotion of international co-operation in the peaceful uses of nuclear energy, in principle by 1983,

Recalling the role of the International Atomic Energy Agency set out in resolution 34/63,

Welcoming the establishment, by the Board of Governors of the International Atomic Energy Agency, of the Committee on Assurances of Supply,

Expressing the conviction that progress in the work of the Committee on Assurances of Supply will greatly contribute to the success of the aforementioned conference,

Recognizing the need for the timely initiation of preparations for the conference,

1. Decides to convene in 1983 the United Nations Conference for the Promotion of International Co-operation in the Peaceful Uses of Nuclear Energy;

2. Decides in this regard to take account of the results of the work of the Committee on Assurances of Supply;

3. Further decides to establish a Preparatory Committee for the United Nations Conference for the Promotion of International Co-operation in the Peaceful Uses of Nuclear Energy, composed of seventy Member States and, on an equal footing, other Member States which may express their interest in participating in the work of the Committee, and requests the President of the General Assembly to appoint the members of the Committee, in accordance with the principle of equitable geographical representation, not later than 1 July 1981:

4. Requests the Preparatory Committee to hold, at Vienna, an organizational session not exceeding one week in length during the second half of 1981, primarily for the purpose of preparing its programme of work, and to submit its report thereon to the General Assembly at its thirty-sixth session;

5. Invites the International Atomic Energy Agency to fulfill its appropriate role within the scope of its responsibilities at all stages of preparation of the Conference, and during the Conference itself, by contributing to the discussion of relevant issues, by providing technical data and documentation as needed, particularly in relation to the progress of the work of the

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2Resolution S-10/2.