The General Assembly,

Reaffirming the Universal Declaration of Human Rights,\(^1\) the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights,\(^2\) the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights\(^2\) and other human rights instruments adopted by the United Nations,


Recalling also its resolutions 47/196 of 22 December 1992, by which it declared 17 October International Day for the Eradication of Poverty, 48/183 of 21 December 1993, by which it proclaimed 1996 International Year for the

\(^{1}\) Resolution 217 A (III).

\(^{2}\) See resolution 2200 A (XXI), annex.

\(^{3}\) A/CONF.157/24 (Part I), chap. III.

\(^{4}\) A/CONF.166/9, chap. I, resolution 1, annexes I and II.
Eradication of Poverty, and 50/107 of 20 December 1995, by which it proclaimed
the first United Nations Decade for the Eradication of Poverty (1997-2006),

Bearing in mind Commission on Human Rights resolutions 1992/11 of
21 February 1992, 1 1993/13 of 26 February 1993, 6 1994/12 of
11 April 1996, 9 as well as resolution 1996/23 of 29 August 1996 of the
Subcommission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities, 10

Recalling its resolution 47/134 of 18 December 1992, in which it
reaffirmed that extreme poverty and exclusion from society constituted a
violation of human dignity and stressed the need for a complete and in-depth
study of extreme poverty, based on the experience and the thoughts of the
poorest,

Recognizing that the existence of widespread extreme poverty inhibits
the full and effective enjoyment of human rights and might, in some
situations, constitute a threat to the right to life,

Deeply concerned that extreme poverty continues to spread in all
countries of the world, regardless of their economic, social and cultural
situation, and seriously affects the most vulnerable and disadvantaged
individuals, families and groups, who are thus hindered in the exercise of
their human rights and their fundamental freedoms,

Recognizing that the elimination of widespread poverty and the full
enjoyment of economic, social and cultural rights are interrelated goals,

Welcoming the work of the Special Rapporteur on the question of human
rights and extreme poverty, and taking into account his final report, 11

1. Reaffirms that extreme poverty and exclusion from society
constitute a violation of human dignity and that urgent national and
international action is therefore required to eliminate them;

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No. 2 (E/1992/22), chap. II, sect. A.
6 Ibid., 1993, Supplement No. 3 (E/1993/23), chap. II, sect. A.
7 Ibid., 1994, Supplement No. 4 and corrigendum (E/1994/24 and Corr.1),
chap. II, sect. A.
8 Ibid., 1995, Supplement No. 3 and corrigenda (E/1995/23 and Corr.1 and
2), chap. II, sect. A.
2. **Reaffirms also** that, in accordance with the Vienna Declaration and Programme of Action,\(^3\) it is essential for States to foster participation by the poorest people in the decision-making process in the communities in which they live, in the promotion of human rights and in efforts to combat extreme poverty;

3. **Notes with satisfaction** that the Special Rapporteur, in the process of preparing his final report,\(^11\) has implemented the recommendations of the Commission on Human Rights by paying special attention to the efforts of the poorest themselves and the conditions in which they can convey their experiences;

4. **Again calls upon** States, the specialized agencies, United Nations bodies and other international organizations, including intergovernmental organizations, to give the necessary attention to this problem and to the necessary follow-up to the recommendations of the Special Rapporteur as contained in his final report;

5. **Invites** the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights, within the framework of the implementation of the United Nations Decade for the Eradication of Poverty, to give appropriate attention to the question of human rights and extreme poverty;

6. **Notes with appreciation** the specific action taken by the United Nations Children's Fund to mitigate the effects of extreme poverty on children and the efforts of the United Nations Development Programme to give priority to the search for some means of alleviating poverty within the framework of the relevant resolutions, and urges them to continue in this work;

7. **Decides** to consider this question further at its fifty-third session under the sub-item entitled "Human rights questions, including alternative approaches for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms".

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82nd plenary meeting  
12 December 1996