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ECONOMIC CO-OPERATION AMONG DEVELOPING COUNTRIES

- 1. Calls upon all developing countries to implement the recommendations on economic co-operation among developing countries, as contained in United Nations Conference on Trade and Development resolution 142
- 2. Requests all donor countries and multilateral organizations to support and strengthen economic co-operation among developing countries, in particular concerning the projects of special interest to the least developed countries, in order to ensure that the countries concerned will fully benefit from the results of such co-operation;

ROLE OF NON-GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS

Recognizing that non-governmental organizations can contribute positively to the development of the least developed countries as well as provide valuable disaster relief,

- 1. Calls upon the Governments of the least developed countries and donors to encourage active participation of the local population, both women and men, through non-governmental entities;
- 2. Calls upon non-governmental organizations to comply with the national policies and legislation of the host countries and, while preserving their character, to contribute to the development priorities of the least developed countries, co-operating with appropriate authorities and organizations in order to implement effective development programmes;
- 3. Invites the non-governmental organizations of the donor countries to reinforce their role in consciousness-raising in their countries of origin and in mobilizing increased private and public resources for the benefit of the least developed countries;

XVII

CO-ORDINATION AND MONITORING

- 1. Reaffirms the importance of co-ordination, follow-up and monitoring at the national, regional and global levels as crucial to the implementation of the Substantial New Programme of Action;
- 2. Reaffirms also the monitoring role of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development at the global level and requests the Secretary-General of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development to continue and intensify his work, as specified in paragraph 121 of the Substantial New Programme of Action;
- 3. Welcomes the growing attention to co-ordination at the national level;
- 4. Recognizes that effective co-ordination, monitoring and follow-up at the national level must be a continuous process:
- 5. Endorses the results concerning the co-ordination of assistance programmes of the Meeting of Governmental Experts of Donor Countries and Multilateral and Bilateral Financial and Technical Assistance Institutions with Representatives of the Least Developed Countries as part of Preparation for the Mid-term Global Review of the Substantial New Programme of Action, held at Geneva in May 1985; 117
- 6. Welcomes the steps taken by the World Bank and the United Nations Development Programme to improve the consultative groups and round-table meetings by, inter alia, enhancing co-operation among multilateral institutions and agencies, as well as efforts made with the help of the Special Measures Fund of the United Nations Development Programme and voluntary contributions and specific contributions of donor countries for the least developed countries;
- 7. Emphasizes the primary role of each least developed country in the co-ordination of aid activities;
- 8. Further emphasizes the importance of co-ordination in each least developed country at the sectoral level in order to ensure the greatest possible effectiveness of development activities
- 9. Requests the Governments of the least developed countries to continue to strengthen their planning machinery and administrative capacity so as to improve the planning, negotiation and utilization of external
- 10. Requests the least developed countries, with the assistance of the lead agencies, to attend to the quality and early availability of preparatory

- documents for round-table conferences and meetings of consultative groups, which are essential for their success:
- 11. Requests the multilateral agencies to improve further the quality, coherence and timeliness of the background documentation they present at round-table conferences and meetings of consultative groups;
- 12. Requests donor countries and multilateral institutions to pay more attention to appropriate local representation and sectoral co-ordination;
- 13. Urges donors in a position to do so to support development plans or programmes of the least developed countries with multi-year, predictable and monitorable commitments and timely disbursements;
- 14. Calls upon the organizations of the United Nations system to cooperate closely in each least developed country under the aegis of the resident co-ordinator, as provided for in paragraph 124 of the Substantial New Programme of Action:
- 15. Reiterates paragraph 123 of the Substantial New Programme of Action, in which the Director-General for Development and International Economic Co-operation is called upon, in close collaboration with the Secretary-General of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development, the executive secretaries of the regional commissions and the lead agencies for the aid groups, to ensure at the secretariat level the full mobilization and co-ordination of all organs, organizations and bodies of the United Nations system for the purpose of implementation and follow-up of the Programme;
- 16. Urges the resident co-ordinators of the United Nations system to respond constructively to requests by the Governments of the host countries to play a broader co-ordinating role in appropriate cases;
- 17. Requests the international community and the multilateral agen-
- (a) To ensure that review meetings result in facilitating an increased flow of external assistance through, inter alia, a better understanding and a candid dialogue between the least developed countries and their development partners;
- (b) To harmonize terms and procedures of donors to the extent possible in order to achieve a co-ordinated approach conducive to the implementation of the development programmes of the least developed countries.

New international human order: aspects of development

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolutions 37/225 of 20 December 1982 and 38/170 of 19 December 1983 entitled "New international human order: moral aspects of development", as well as the report of the Economic and Social Council on its consideration of this question¹¹⁸ and Council decision 1983/171 of 25 July 1983,

Having considered the report of the Secretary-General 119 containing the responses of Governments concerning the auestion.

Taking into account the views expressed on the question in the Second Committee, 120

- 1. Requests Member States to submit to the Secretary-General additional comments and suggestions on the ques-
- Decides to consider the question at its forty-second session on the basis of a report of the Secretary-General taking into account suggestions of Member States.

119th plenary meeting 17 December 1985

40/207. Long-term trends in economic development

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolutions 3201 (S-VI) and 3202 (S-VI) of 1 May 1974, containing the Declaration and the Programme of Action on the Establishment of a New International Economic Order, 3281 (XXIX) of 12 December 1974, containing the Charter of Economic Rights and

¹¹⁷ See TD/B/1055 and Corr.1, part two.

¹¹⁸ See Official Records of the General Assembly, Thirty-eighth Session, Supplement No. 3 (A/38/3), chap. II, paras. 61-64.

¹²⁰ Sec Official Records of the General Assembly, Fortieth Session, Second Committee, 24th and 30th meetings; and ibid., Second Committee, Sessional Fascicle, corrigendum.