

## ANNEX

## I. GUIDELINES FOR NATIONAL ACTION

1. All Governments that have not already done so should endeavour to prepare national shelter strategies at appropriate levels as an integral part of their development strategies.

2. The national shelter strategies should take into account the multidimensional nature of the problem and fulfil and reflect the wide socio-economic benefits of shelter development.

3. The national shelter strategies should also reflect the criteria of affordability and replicability, particularly for shelter for low-income population groups; special attention should be paid to improving the access of the poor to land with secure tenure and appropriate building materials, as well as to developing housing finance institutions that will mobilize household savings and are responsive to the needs of low-income groups.

4. All efforts should be made to involve, in full partnership, all concerned governmental, non-governmental, public-sector and private-sector bodies, agencies and institutions at all levels and, in particular, the communities and people concerned, in the planning and implementation of national shelter strategies.

5. In the national shelter strategies, special attention should be paid to the problems faced and capacities represented by marginalized groups such as women and youth and disadvantaged groups such as the aged and the disabled.

6. Governments should report biennially at the session of the Commission on Human Settlements on the progress made in implementing the measures mentioned above.

## II. GUIDELINES FOR INTERNATIONAL ACTION

1. All United Nations bodies, specialized agencies and institutions should support, as necessary, the Commission on Human Settlements and the Executive Director of the United Nations Centre for Human Settlements (Habitat) in the formulation and implementation of the Global Strategy for Shelter to the Year 2000 and ensure that their relevant country-specific activities are supportive of and co-ordinated with national shelter strategies.

2. The regional commissions of the United Nations should encourage and assist in the formulation of shelter strategies in their respective regions and the exchange of information thereon, and the Executive Director is invited to make full use of contacts with Governments through the regional commissions and their subsidiary bodies.

3. All countries in a position to do so and international funding agencies should give all possible support to Governments in their efforts to plan and implement national shelter strategies for the attainment of the goals of the Global Strategy for Shelter to the Year 2000 and, within the framework of an enabling shelter strategy, their endeavours to achieve improvement in the shelter situation of their inhabitants, in particular the poor and disadvantaged, and they should report to the Executive Director of the United Nations Centre for Human Settlements (Habitat) on their actions in this respect.

#### 42/192. Tenth anniversary of the adoption of the Vienna Programme of Action on Science and Technology for Development

*The General Assembly,*

*Reaffirming* the continuing importance of the Vienna Programme of Action on Science and Technology for Development<sup>76</sup> in providing comprehensive guidance for the work of the United Nations system in the field of science and technology for development,

*Having considered* the report of the Intergovernmental Committee on Science and Technology for Development on its ninth session,<sup>77</sup>

<sup>76</sup>Report of the United Nations Conference on Science and Technology for Development, Vienna, 20-31 August 1979 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.79.I.21 and corrigenda), chap. VII.

<sup>77</sup>Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-second Session, Supplement No. 37 (A/42/37 and Corr.1).

*Noting* that 1989 will mark the tenth anniversary of the adoption of the Vienna Programme of Action on Science and Technology for Development, and taking note of the recommendation of the Intergovernmental Committee that the General Assembly observe the anniversary at its forty-fourth session, at a commemorative plenary meeting,<sup>78</sup>

*Recalling* that the Intergovernmental Committee, at its tenth session, will carry out an end-of-decade review of the implementation of the Vienna Programme of Action,

*Conscious* of the need to enhance the endogenous scientific and technological capabilities of the developing countries, and aware of the impact of new and emerging areas of science and technology on the development of the developing countries,

*Bearing in mind* that the multi-faceted preparation of the end-of-decade review of the implementation of the Vienna Programme of Action constitutes a challenge and an opportunity to contribute to a forward-looking strategy for incorporating science and technology in the development process,

1. *Endorses* the resolutions and decisions adopted by the Intergovernmental Committee on Science and Technology for Development at its ninth session;<sup>79</sup>

2. *Also endorses* Economic and Social Council resolution 1987/79 of 8 July 1987;

3. *Emphasizes* the need for careful and comprehensive preparation of the end-of-decade review of the implementation of the Vienna Programme of Action on Science and Technology for Development, in 1989, taking into account the important role that science and technology play in the development process, in particular in developing countries;

4. *Reaffirms* the crucial role of the United Nations in promoting and catalyzing international co-operation in the field of science and technology for development, in particular in developing countries, and in helping solve global scientific and technological problems;

5. *Decides* to observe at its forty-fourth session, at a commemorative plenary meeting, the tenth anniversary of the adoption of the Vienna Programme of Action on Science and Technology for Development, and encourages the participation of distinguished professionals in the field of science and technology;

6. *Also decides* that, in the light of the importance and priority accorded to science and technology for development, the general debate on the question will be conducted at its forty-fourth session in plenary meeting.

*96th plenary meeting  
11 December 1987*

#### 42/193. Preparation of the new international development strategy for the fourth United Nations development decade

*The General Assembly,*

*Recalling* its resolutions 3201 (S-VI) and 3202 (S-VI) of 1 May 1974, containing the Declaration and the Programme of Action on the Establishment of a New International Economic Order, 3281 (XXIX) of 12 December 1974, containing the Charter of Economic Rights and Du-

<sup>78</sup> *Ibid.*, sect. II.A, resolution 1 (IX), sect. II.

<sup>79</sup> *Ibid.*, sect. II.

ties of States, and 3362 (S-VII) of 16 September 1975 on development and international economic co-operation,

*Recalling also* its resolution 35/56 of 5 December 1980, the annex to which contains the International Development Strategy for the Third United Nations Development Decade, and its decision 40/438 of 17 December 1985 concerning the review and appraisal of the implementation of the Strategy,

*Concerned* that the goals and objectives of the Strategy remain largely to be fulfilled,

*Recognizing* the crucial and urgent need for the reactivation of the economic and social development process of the developing countries,

1. *Requests* the Secretary-General, in consultation with all the concerned organs and organizations of the United Nations system, to provide information which would be appropriate for the preparation and elaboration of an international development strategy for the fourth United Nations development decade (1991-2000), including that which would be relevant for the assessment of the International Development Strategy for the Third United Nations Development Decade, taking into account the above-mentioned resolutions;

2. *Also requests* the Secretary-General to report to the General Assembly at its forty-third session, through the Economic and Social Council, on the information requested above;

3. *Decides* to consider, at its forty-third session, appropriate further action for the assessment of the International Development Strategy for the Third United Nations Development Decade and the preparation and elaboration of an international development strategy for the fourth United Nations development decade.

*96th plenary meeting  
11 December 1987*

#### 42/194. Raúl Prebisch Foundation

*The General Assembly,*

*Recognizing* the important and valuable contribution of Raúl Prebisch, first Secretary-General of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development and former Executive Secretary of the Economic Commission for Latin America, to the United Nations system, in particular to development and international economic co-operation,

1. *Warmly welcomes* the establishment in Argentina of the Raúl Prebisch Foundation to promote the study of development issues, especially those which affect the developing countries;

2. *Invites* all States and relevant agencies, organizations and bodies of the United Nations system to support the activities undertaken by the Raúl Prebisch Foundation in the cause of development.

*96th plenary meeting  
11 December 1987*

#### 42/195. Consequences of the recent sharp fluctuations in the international financial and stock markets and the implications of those fluctuations for the development of the developing countries

*The General Assembly,*

*Deeply concerned* at the recent sharp fluctuations in the international financial and stock markets and the possible negative impact of those fluctuations on world economic stability, growth and trade and on the development process of the developing countries,

*Convinced* that strengthened multilateral co-operation has a central role to play in preventing such a possible negative impact and in promoting growth and development,

1. *Decides* to consider this question further in the light of the relevant discussions of the Trade and Development Board and other appropriate international organs and organizations;

2. *Requests* the Secretary-General, in close co-operation with the appropriate bodies, to analyse in the *World Economic Survey 1988* the effects of these sharp fluctuations on growth and development, in particular in developing countries, and to draw this issue to the attention of the General Assembly at its forty-third session.

*96th plenary meeting  
11 December 1987*

#### 42/196. Operational activities for development

*The General Assembly,*

*Recalling* its resolutions 3201 (S-VI) and 3202 (S-VI) of 1 May 1974, containing the Declaration and the Programme of Action on the Establishment of a New International Economic Order, 3281 (XXIX) of 12 December 1974, containing the Charter of Economic Rights and Duties of States, and 3362 (S-VII) of 16 September 1975 on development and international economic co-operation,

*Recalling also* its resolutions 32/197 of 20 December 1977 on the restructuring of the economic and social sectors of the United Nations system and 41/171 of 5 December 1986 on operational activities for development,

*Recalling further* its resolution 2688 (XXV) of 11 December 1970 on the capacity of the United Nations development system,

*Reaffirming* that the operational activities for development of the United Nations system are carried out for the benefit of developing countries, at their request and in accordance with their own policies and priorities for development,

*Emphasizing* the need to keep under periodic review the structures and *modus operandi* of the organizations of the United Nations system in relation to their operational activities so as to ensure efficiency and responsiveness to the needs and priorities of the developing countries,

*Deeply concerned* that the targets for official development assistance spelt out in the International Development Strategy for the Third United Nations Development Decade<sup>27</sup> have not been met, and stressing the urgent need to strengthen multilateral co-operation for development through, *inter alia*, increased voluntary contributions to the operational activities for development of the United Nations system,

*Emphasizing also* the need for a significant, continuous, predictable and real increase in resources for operational activities for development to meet the growing require-