

3. *Urges* the international community, in particular donor countries and multilateral financial and development organizations, to provide land-locked and transit developing countries with appropriate financial and technical assistance in the form of grants or concessional loans for the construction, maintenance and improvement of their transport and transit infrastructures and facilities, including alternative routes;

4. *Invites* transit countries and the land-locked developing countries to co-operate effectively in harmonizing transport planning and in promoting joint ventures, where appropriate, in the fields of transport and communications at the regional, subregional and bilateral levels;

5. *Urges* the international development bodies, in particular the United Nations Development Programme, the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development and the regional commissions, to further expand their support, including technical assistance programmes in the transport and communications sectors of the land-locked developing countries;

6. *Appeals* to the international community to make available to all transit and land-locked developing countries, as required and on appropriate terms, including concessional arrangements, new scientific and technological know-how relating to specific transit-transport and communication problems;

7. *Appeals* to the international community and, in particular, donor countries, multilateral financial and development institutions, the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development and the regional commissions, to extend all possible support to land-locked developing countries in their efforts to implement economic measures and policies designed to promote a pattern of growth that renders their economies less vulnerable to adverse consequences of their land-locked situation;

8. *Welcomes* the report of the Secretary-General of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development on progress in the implementation of specific action related to the particular needs and problems of land-locked developing countries,²⁹ submitted pursuant to resolution 40/183, and requests him to prepare another report, taking into account the provisions of the present resolution, for submission to the General Assembly at its forty-fourth session.

*96th plenary meeting
11 December 1987*

42/175. Seventh session of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolutions 1995 (XIX) of 30 December 1964, as amended,³⁰ on the establishment of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development as an organ of the General Assembly, 3201 (S-VI) and 3202 (S-VI) of 1 May 1974, containing the Declaration and the Programme of Action on the Establishment of a New International Economic Order, 3281 (XXIX) of 12 December 1974, containing the Charter of Economic Rights and Duties of States, 3362 (S-VII) of 16 September 1975 on development and international economic co-operation and 35/56 of 5 December 1980, the annex to which contains the International Development Strategy for the Third United Nations Development Decade, and its decision

²⁹ A/42/537, annex.

³⁰ See resolutions 2904 (XXVII), 31/2 A and B and 34/3.

40/438 of 17 December 1985 concerning the review and appraisal of the implementation of the Strategy,

Recalling also its resolution 41/169 of 5 December 1986, in which it decided to convene the seventh session of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development,

Having considered the Final Act adopted by the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development at its seventh session, held at Geneva from 9 July to 3 August 1987,²

Taking note of Trade and Development Board decision 350 (XXXIV) of 16 October 1987, in which the Board decided that the intergovernmental bodies of the Conference should follow up and keep under review the implementation of the policies and measures in the Final Act falling within their terms of reference,³¹

Affirming the commitments made by Member States in the Final Act to reinvigorate and strengthen multilateral co-operation to promote and give effect to policies aimed at revitalizing development, growth and international trade,

1. *Welcomes* the Final Act adopted by the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development at its seventh session as a step forward in co-operation, negotiation and the international dialogue on development;

2. *Urges* all Governments, bearing in mind their particular contributions, commensurate with their economic weight, and their commitments as embodied in the Final Act, to give full and prompt effect to the policies and measures agreed to therein, through continuing action, individually and collectively and in competent international organizations, in pursuit of the objective of revitalizing development, growth and international trade;

3. *Requests* the Trade and Development Board and the subsidiary organs of the Conference to take the appropriate necessary action on the Final Act;

4. *Invites* all organs, organizations and bodies of the United Nations system to respond positively to the results of the seventh session of the Conference, within their respective fields of competence.

*96th plenary meeting
11 December 1987*

42/176. Trade embargo against Nicaragua

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolutions 40/188 of 17 December 1985 and 41/164 of 5 December 1986, as well as its resolution 42/1 of 7 October 1987,

Taking note of the report of the Secretary-General on the trade embargo against Nicaragua,³²

1. *Deplores* the continuation of the trade embargo contrary to its resolutions 40/188 and 41/164 and to the Judgment of the International Court of Justice of 27 June 1986,³³ and once again requests that those measures be immediately revoked;

³¹ *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-second Session, Supplement No. 15 (A/42/15), vol. II, sect. II.B.*

³² A/42/583.

³³ See *Military and Paramilitary Activities in and against Nicaragua (Nicaragua v. United States of America), Merits, Judgment, I.C.J. Reports 1986, p. 14.*