

2. (a) Any other unliquidated obligations of the financial period in question owed to Governments for goods supplied and services rendered, as well as other obligations owed to Governments, for which required claims have not yet been received shall remain valid for an additional period of four years following the end of the twelve-month period provided for in regulation 4.3;

(b) Claims received during this four-year period shall be treated as provided under paragraph 1 of the present annex, if appropriate;

(c) At the end of the additional four-year period any unliquidated obligations shall be cancelled and the then remaining balance of any appropriations retained therefor shall be surrendered.

47/235. Financing of the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991

The General Assembly,

Having considered Security Council resolution 808 (1993) of 22 February 1993, on the establishment of the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991, and Council resolution 827 (1993) of 25 May 1993, by which the Council adopted the statute of the International Tribunal,

Having also considered the note by the Secretariat on the financing of the International Tribunal⁴⁵ and the report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions,⁴⁶

Taking into account the views expressed by Member States in the Fifth Committee,

1. *Endorses* the observations and recommendations contained in the report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions;⁴⁶

2. *Reaffirms*, in the context of Security Council resolution 827 (1993) and with respect to the financing of the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991, the role of the General Assembly as set out in Article 17 of the Charter of the United Nations, as the organ to consider and approve the budget of the Organization, as well as the apportionment of its expenses among Member States;

3. *Expresses concern* that advice given to the Security Council by the Secretariat on the nature of the financing of the International Tribunal did not respect the role of the General Assembly as set out in Article 17 of the Charter;

4. *Requests* the President of the General Assembly to bring to the attention of the President of the Security Council the contents of the present resolution;

5. *Endorses* the recommendation of the Advisory Committee to authorize the Secretary-General to enter into commitments in an amount not to exceed 500,000 United States dollars to provide for the immediate and urgent requirements of the International Tribunal for its initial activities;

6. *Requests* the Secretary-General to submit, during the forty-eighth session of the General Assembly and before 31 December 1993, detailed cost estimates for the International Tribunal, separate from the proposed programme budget for the biennium 1994-1995, to be fi-

nanced through assessed contributions and, pending a final decision on the manner of apportioning the expenses of the International Tribunal, to finance its activities through a separate account outside the regular budget;

7. *Invites* Member States and other interested parties to make voluntary contributions to the International Tribunal both in cash and in the form of services and supplies acceptable to the Secretary-General;

8. *Decides* to include in the draft agenda of its forty-eighth session the item entitled "Financing of the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991".

*110th plenary meeting
14 September 1993*

47/236. Financing of the United Nations Peace-keeping Force in Cyprus

The General Assembly,

Having considered the report of the Secretary-General on the financing of the United Nations Peace-keeping Force in Cyprus⁴⁷ and the related report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions,⁴⁸

Bearing in mind Security Council resolution 186 (1964) of 4 March 1964, by which the Council established the United Nations Peace-keeping Force in Cyprus, and the subsequent resolutions by which the Council extended the mandate of the Force, the latest of which was resolution 839 (1993) of 11 June 1993,

Recognizing that, in order to meet the expenditures caused by the Force with effect from 16 June 1993, a different procedure is required from the one applied to meet expenditures of the regular budget of the United Nations,

Taking into account the fact that the economically more developed countries are in a position to make relatively larger contributions and that the economically less developed countries have a relatively limited capacity to contribute towards such an operation,

Bearing in mind the special responsibilities of the States permanent members of the Security Council, as indicated in General Assembly resolution 1874 (S-IV) of 27 June 1963, in the financing of such operations,

Noting with appreciation that voluntary contributions have been made to the Force by certain Governments,

Noting that voluntary contributions were insufficient to cover all of the costs of the operation, including those incurred by troop-contributing Governments prior to 16 June 1993, and regretting the absence of an adequate response to the various appeals for voluntary contributions, including the one contained in section IV of General Assembly resolution 47/218 A of 23 December 1992,

Appreciating the continued efforts of Governments providing troops to the Force,

Mindful of the fact that it is essential to provide the Force with the necessary financial resources to enable it to fulfil its mandate,

1. *Reaffirms*, in the context of paragraph 4 of Security Council resolution 831 (1993) of 27 May 1993, in which the Council addressed the issue of the financing of the United Nations Peace-keeping Force in Cyprus, the role of