UNITED NATIONS



Security Council

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RESOLUTION 1234 (1999)

The Security Council,

Recalling the statements by its President of 31 August 1998 (S/PRST/1998/26) and of 11 December 1998 (S/PRST/1998/36),

Expressing its concern at the further deterioration of the situation in the
Democratic Republic of the Congo and the continuation of hostilities,

<u>Expressing</u> its firm commitment to preserving the national sovereignty, territorial integrity and political independence of the Democratic Republic of the Congo and all other States in the region,

Recalling that the Assembly of the Heads of State and Government of the Organization of African Unity during its first ordinary session held in Cairo from 17 to 21 July 1964, adopted in its resolution AHG 16(1) the principle of the inviolability of national frontiers of African States, as stated in paragraph 2 of the communiqué of the Central Organ of the OAU Mechanism for Conflict Prevention, Management and Resolution issued on 17 August 1998 (S/1998/774, annex),

<u>Concerned</u> at reports of measures taken by forces opposing the Government in the eastern part of the Democratic Republic of the Congo in violation of the national sovereignty and territorial integrity of the country,

<u>Expressing</u> its concern at all violations of human rights and international humanitarian law in the territory of the Democratic Republic of the Congo, including acts of and incitement to ethnic hatred and violence by all parties to the conflict,

 $\underline{\text{Deeply concerned}}$ at the illicit flow of arms and military $\underline{\text{mat\'eriel}}$ in the Great Lakes region,

<u>Recalling</u> the inherent right of individual or collective self-defence in accordance with Article 51 of the Charter of the United Nations,

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<u>Welcoming</u> the appointment by the Secretary-General of his Special Envoy for the peace process for the Democratic Republic of the Congo,

<u>Stressing</u> that the present conflict in the Democratic Republic of the Congo constitutes a threat to peace, security and stability in the region,

- 1. <u>Reaffirms</u> the obligation of all States to respect the territorial integrity, political independence and national sovereignty of the Democratic Republic of the Congo and other States in the region, including the obligation to refrain from the threat or use of force against the territorial integrity or political independence of any State or in any other manner inconsistent with the purposes of the United Nations, and further <u>reaffirms</u> the need for all States to refrain from any interference in each other's internal affairs, in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations;
- 2. <u>Deplores</u> the continuing fighting and the presence of forces of foreign States in the Democratic Republic of the Congo in a manner inconsistent with the principles of the Charter of the United Nations, and <u>calls upon</u> those States to bring to an end the presence of these uninvited forces and to take immediate steps to that end;
 - 3. Demands an immediate halt to the hostilities;
- 4. <u>Calls</u> for the immediate signing of a ceasefire agreement allowing the orderly withdrawal of all foreign forces, the re-establishment of the authority of the Government of the Democratic Republic of the Congo throughout its territory, and the disarmament of non-governmental armed groups in the Democratic Republic of the Congo, and <u>stresses</u>, in the context of a lasting peaceful settlement, the need for the engagement of all Congolese in an all-inclusive process of political dialogue with a view to achieving national reconciliation and to the holding on an early date of democratic, free and fair elections, and for the provision of arrangements for security along the relevant international borders of the Democratic Republic of the Congo;
- 5. <u>Welcomes</u> the intention of the Government of the Democratic Republic of the Congo to hold an all-inclusive national debate as a precursor to elections, and <u>encourages</u> further progress in this respect;
- 6. <u>Calls upon</u> all parties to the conflict in the Democratic Republic of the Congo to protect human rights and to respect international humanitarian law, in particular, as applicable to them, the Geneva Conventions of 1949 and the Additional Protocols of 1977, and the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide of 1948;
- 7. <u>Condemns</u> all massacres carried out on the territory of the Democratic Republic of the Congo and <u>calls for</u> an international investigation into all such events, including those in the province of South Kivu and other atrocities as referred to in the report submitted by the Special Rapporteur on the situation of human rights in the Democratic Republic of the Congo in accordance with resolution 1999/61 of the fifty-fifth session of the Commission on Human Rights (E/CN.4/1999/31), with a view to bringing to justice those responsible;

- 8. <u>Condemns</u> the continuing activity of and support to all armed groups, including the ex-Rwandese Armed Forces, Interahamwe, and others in the Democratic Republic of the Congo;
- 9. <u>Calls</u> for safe and unhindered access for humanitarian assistance to those in need in the Democratic Republic of the Congo, and <u>urges</u> all parties to the conflict to guarantee the safety and security of United Nations and humanitarian personnel;
- 10. <u>Welcomes</u> the commitment by the parties to the conflict in the Democratic Republic of the Congo to stop fighting in order to allow an immunization campaign and <u>urges</u> all parties to the conflict to take concrete action in order to provide greater protection to children exposed to armed conflict in the Democratic Republic of the Congo;
- 11. Expresses its support for the regional mediation process by the OAU and Southern African Development Community to find a peaceful settlement to the conflict in the Democratic Republic of the Congo and <u>calls upon</u> the international community to continue to support these efforts;
- 12. <u>Urges</u> all parties to the conflict to continue to work constructively through the regional mediation process towards the signing of a ceasefire agreement and settlement of the conflict in the Democratic Republic of the Congo, and <u>calls upon</u> all States in the region to create the conditions necessary for the speedy and peaceful resolution of the crisis and to desist from any act that may further exacerbate the situation;
- 13. Expresses its support for the Special Envoy of the Secretary-General for the peace process in the Democratic Republic of the Congo, <u>calls upon</u> all parties to the conflict to cooperate fully with him in his mission in support of regional mediation efforts and national reconciliation, as set out in his mandate (S/1999/379), and <u>urges</u> Member States and organizations to respond readily to requests from the Special Envoy for assistance;
- 14. Reaffirms the importance of holding, at the appropriate time, an international conference on peace, security and stability in the Great Lakes region under the auspices of the United Nations and the Organization of African Unity, with the participation of all the Governments of the region and all others concerned;
- 15. Reaffirms its readiness to consider the active involvement of the United Nations, in coordination with the Organization of African Unity, including through concrete sustainable and effective measures, to assist in the implementation of an effective ceasefire agreement and in an agreed process for political settlement of the conflict;
- 16. Requests the Secretary-General of the United Nations to work closely with the Secretary-General of the Organization of African Unity in promoting a peaceful resolution of the conflict, to make recommendations on the possible role of the United Nations to this end, and to keep the Council informed of developments;
 - 17. Decides to remain actively seized of the matter.
