

No. 922

**UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN
AND NORTHERN IRELAND
and
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA**

**Exchange of notes constituting an agreement relating to
ferrous scrap exports. Washington, 30 September 1948**

Official text: English.

*Registered by the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
on 2 October 1950.*

**ROYAUME-UNI DE GRANDE-BRETAGNE
ET D'IRLANDE DU NORD
et
ÉTATS-UNIS D'AMÉRIQUE**

**Echange de notes constituant un accord relatif aux expor-
tations de ferrailles. Washington, 30 septembre 1948**

Texte officiel anglais.

*Enregistré par le Royaume-Uni de Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande du Nord
le 2 octobre 1950.*

No. 922. EXCHANGE OF NOTES CONSTITUTING AN AGREEMENT¹ BETWEEN HIS MAJESTY'S GOVERNMENT IN THE UNITED KINGDOM AND THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA RELATING TO FERROUS SCRAP EXPORTS. WASHINGTON, 30 SEPTEMBER 1948

I

*His Majesty's Ambassador at Washington to the United States
Acting Secretary of State*

BRITISH EMBASSY

Washington, 30th September, 1948

Sir,

I have the honour to refer to the discussions which have taken place between representatives of His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom and the Government of the United States of America on the subject of ferrous scrap exports, and to inform you that the matters agreed upon in the course of these discussions have received the approval of my Government. These matters are set forth in the following memorandum :--

MEMORANDUM ON FERROUS SCRAP

(1) Proposal to O.E.E.C. Countries on Allocation Machinery

A proposal will be put before the members of the Organisation of European Economic Co-operation that an *ad hoc* committee be established in Paris consisting of representatives of O.E.E.C. members and the United States as a full member. It is proposed that this committee, although outside the jurisdiction of the O.E.E.C. Council, should work in close co-operation with it and its committees. The functions of the committee shall be to make recommendations to the Governments of the countries participating in the O.E.E.C., including the Bizonal Area of Germany and

¹ Came into force on 30 September 1948, by the exchange of the said notes.

the French Zone, on the distribution of scrap exports from those countries. Final decisions with respect to exports will be made, however, by the Governments of the exporting countries. In the Bizonal Area decisions will be made by the United States and United Kingdom Military Governors, subject to the provisions of Article (3) of this Agreement.

(II) Instructions to Military Governors

Identical instructions shall be sent to the United States and United Kingdom Military Governors in Germany as follows :—

(1) It is the desire of the Governments of the United States and United Kingdom that the total collection and export of scrap from the Bizonal Area, after providing for the legitimate requirements of the German steel industry, be maximised.

Initial authorisations outside of future allocations

(2) The existing authorisation (approved 13th May, 1948) of 600,000 tons (namely 200,000 tons to the United States, 300,000 tons to the United Kingdom and 100,000 tons to other countries) is confirmed.

(3) In addition there will be the following supplementary authorisations :—

- (a) 100,000 tons to the United States, to bring the United States share to parity with the above-mentioned United Kingdom share of 300,000 tons;
- (b) 75,000 tons to the United Kingdom as a final shipment of booty scrap without payment;
- (c) 75,000 tons to the United States, to correspond to (b) above, but not free of payment.

(4) The above total authorisations of 375,000 tons to the United States, 375,000 tons to the United Kingdom and 100,000 tons to other countries shall not be charged to future allocations, and the two Military Governors shall implement these authorisations immediately.

Export availabilities from Bizonal Area

(5) The United States and United Kingdom Military Governors shall inform the *ad hoc* committee promptly after its establishment and from time to time thereafter, of the anticipated volume of scrap exports from the Bizonal Area. It is hoped that this figure for the year ending 1st October,

1949, will be 1,000,000 tons or more over and above the 850,000 tons authorised above outside of future allocations.

Interim authorisations chargeable against future allocations

(6) As an advance against contemplated early allocations within the framework of the regular allocating procedure, there shall also be authorised a further 125,000 tons to the United States, 125,000 tons to the United Kingdom and 125,000 tons to other countries, such quantities to be charged against future allocations. The two Military Governors shall also implement these authorisations immediately.

(7) In the event that no recommendation is made by the *ad hoc* committee before 31st October, 1948, further interim authorisations shall be made on that date and on the last day of each month thereafter in the ratio of 2-2-1 for the United States, United Kingdom and other countries, respectively, until such time as the regular allocation procedure is in operation.

Implementation of allocations

(8) In implementing this Agreement, the United States and United Kingdom Military Governors shall determine among other matters:—

- (a) whether to implement allocations by control over contracts or control over exports or both;
- (b) whether, if control over exports is adopted, the Joint Export-Import Agency may approve contracts within agreed limitations in excess of the total outstanding allocations of any country;
- (c) whether, in appropriate cases, contracts shall provide for delivery of scrap within specified short periods in order to prevent undue tying up of allocations in individual long-term contracts;
- (d) whether and in what manner to instruct Joint Export-Import Agency to take precautions to satisfy itself as to the competence of contracting parties to implement the terms of the contract.

Effective date of foregoing authorisations

(9) All scrap exported subsequent to the date of this Agreement shall be charged against the foregoing authorisations.

Booty scrap

(10) There shall be no further exports of booty scrap after the date of this Agreement except for the 75,000 tons authorised under paragraph II (3) (b) above.

Price

(11) The price of scrap with appropriate differentials for loading points, quality of scrap, &c., shall be uniform for all foreign buyers, and shall be set from time to time by the United States and United Kingdom Military Governors under such procedures as they may establish.

Special measures

(12) If the United States and United Kingdom Military Governors consider that adequate quantities of exportable scrap cannot be obtained without special measures, they are authorised to approve the recovery of scrap by such measures. Scrap recovery under such arrangements, if approved, may be outside regular allocations but subject to such special allocations as the United States and United Kingdom Military Governors may determine after consultation with the *ad hoc* committee.

Direct recovery of scrap

(13) Nothing in this Agreement shall preclude operations by non-German organisations for the recovery of scrap from disarmament and other sources not readily accessible to German scrap merchants, provided such operations are carried on in a manner acceptable to the United States and United Kingdom Military Governors and that all recoveries of scrap (other than the 75,000 tons of booty scrap mentioned above) are paid for at prices established by the United States and United Kingdom Military Governors and are within either the regular or the special allocations determined by the United States and United Kingdom Military Governors.

United States-United Kingdom Scrap Control Authority

(14) The United States and United Kingdom Military Governors shall set up a United States-United Kingdom Scrap Control Authority in which each shall appoint a Co-ordinator to supervise and control the collection and export of ferrous scrap. This Control Authority shall be subject, through whatever organisation the Military Governors may determine, to the jurisdiction of the Bipartite Board.

(III) Reservation of Fusion Agreement

Nothing in this Agreement shall be deemed to modify the arrangements set forth in the Fusion Agreement of 2nd December, 1946,¹ as amended by the Agreement of 17th December, 1947.² Questions which may arise with respect to scrap exports under the present Agreement will be resolved as contemplated in paragraph 5 of the Agreement of 17th December, 1947, having regard also to the provisions of sub-paragraph (3) (a) of the latter Agreement.

Upon receipt of a note from you indicating your Government's approval of the terms of the above memorandum, my Government will consider that this note and your reply constitute an Agreement between the two Governments effective from the date of your reply.

I avail, &c.

(Signed) O. FRANKS

II

*The United States Acting Secretary of State to His Majesty's
Ambassador at Washington*

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

30th September, 1948

Your Excellency,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your Note of 30th September, 1948, proposing that an Agreement be entered into between

¹ United Nations, *Treaty Series*, Volume 7, page 163.

² United Nations, *Treaty Series*, Volume 34, page 390.

the Government of the United States of America and His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom on the subject of ferrous scrap exports. The terms of the proposed Agreement are set forth in the following memorandum :—

[*See note I*]

This proposal and the foregoing memorandum are acceptable to the Government of the United States of America. As proposed in your Excellency's Note, therefore, your Note and the present reply are regarded as constituting an Agreement between the two Governments, effective on the date of this Note.

Accept, &c.

(*Signed*) Robert A. LOVETT