

No. 1365

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**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA  
and  
YUGOSLAVIA**

**Exchange of notes constituting an agreement relating to an understanding with respect to the issuance by the Yugoslav Government of entry and exit visas for American citizens visiting Yugoslavia. Belgrade, 23 and 25 March 1950**

*Official text: English.*

*Registered by the United States of America on 21 August 1951.*

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**ÉTATS-UNIS D'AMÉRIQUE  
et  
YOUGOSLAVIE**

**Échange de notes constituant un accord relatif à un arrangement concernant l'octroi par le Gouvernement yougoslave de visas d'entrée et de sortie aux citoyens des États-Unis se rendant en Yougoslavie. Belgrade, 23 et 25 mars 1950**

*Texte officiel anglais.*

*Enregistré par les États-Unis d'Amérique le 21 août 1951.*

No. 1365. EXCHANGE OF NOTES CONSTITUTING AN AGREEMENT<sup>1</sup> BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND YUGOSLAVIA RELATING TO AN UNDERSTANDING WITH RESPECT TO THE ISSUANCE BY THE YUGOSLAV GOVERNMENT OF ENTRY AND EXIT VISAS FOR AMERICAN CITIZENS VISITING YUGOSLAVIA. BELGRADE, 23 AND 25 MARCH 1950

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*The American Ambassador to the Yugoslav Minister of Foreign Affairs*

Belgrade, Yugoslavia, March 23, 1950

My Dear Mr. Minister :

With reference to the citizenship question which I had the honor to discuss with Marshal Tito during our conference January 26, and which Mr. Prica and I have discussed several times subsequently, I would appreciate your confirmation of my understanding of the position of the Yugoslav Government with regard to entry and exit visas for American citizens visiting Yugoslavia.

As of April 1, 1950, all American citizens, including American citizens of Yugoslav origin, who qualify for entry into Yugoslavia for temporary visits, will be granted Yugoslav entrance visas on their American passports, and all persons who enter Yugoslavia bearing American passports containing Yugoslav entrance visas will be granted exit permits. The phrase "American citizens of Yugoslav origin" is understood to include persons who are regarded by the American Government as American citizens by birth or naturalization in accordance with American law but who are at the same time regarded by the Yugoslav Government as Yugoslav citizens in accordance with Yugoslav law.

It is understood that the foregoing does not pertain to persons who apply for entry into Yugoslavia for permanent residence.

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<sup>1</sup> Came into force on 25 March 1950, by the exchange of the said notes, and, according to their terms, became operative on 1 April 1950.

This clarification of the position of your Government will remove a misunderstanding which has created much difficulty in the past and will relieve my Government from the unwelcome necessity of marking American passports invalid for travel to Yugoslavia.

Sincerely yours,

George V. ALLEN

His Excellency Edvard Kardelj  
Minister of Foreign Affairs of the  
Federal People's Republic of Yugoslavia

## II

### *The Yugoslav Minister of Foreign Affairs to the American Ambassador*

POTPRETSEDNIK VLADE FNRJ

I

MINISTAR INOSTRANIH POSLOVA<sup>1</sup>

Beograd, March 25th, 1950

Excellency,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter dated March 23, 1950, which reads as follows :

[See note I]

I have the honor to inform you that I am in full agreement with your understanding of the matter treated in the above letter.

Sincerely yours,

KARDELJ

His Excellency Mr. George V. Allen  
Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary  
Embassy of the United States of America  
Beograd

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<sup>1</sup> Vice President of the Government of the Federal People's Republic of Yugoslavia and Minister of Foreign Affairs.