

No. 1051

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
and
FRANCE

**Mutual Defense Assistance Agreement (with annexes). Signed
at Washington, on 27 January 1950**

Official texts: English and French.

Registered by the United States of America on 10 February 1951.

ÉTATS-UNIS D'AMÉRIQUE
et
FRANCE

**Accord relatif à l'aide pour la défense mutuelle (avec annexes).
Signé à Washington, le 27 janvier 1950**

Textes officiels anglais et français.

Enregistré par les Etats-Unis d'Amérique le 10 février 1951.

No. 1051. MUTUAL DEFENSE ASSISTANCE AGREEMENT¹
BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND
FRANCE. SIGNED AT WASHINGTON, ON 27 JANUARY
1950

The Governments of the United States of America and the Republic of France;

Being parties to the North Atlantic Treaty signed at Washington on April 4, 1949;²

Conscious of their reciprocal pledges under Article 3 separately and jointly with the other parties, by means of continuous and effective self-help and mutual aid, to maintain and increase their individual and collective ability to resist armed attack;

Desiring to foster international peace and security, within the framework of the Charter of the United Nations through measures which will further the ability of nations dedicated to the purposes and principles of the Charter to participate effectively in arrangements for individual and collective self-defense in support of those purposes and principles;

Reaffirming their determination to give their full cooperation to the efforts to provide the United Nations with armed forces as contemplated by the Charter and to obtain agreement on universal regulation and reduction of armaments under adequate guarantee against violation;

Recognizing that the increased confidence of free peoples in their own ability to resist aggression will advance economic recovery;

Taking into consideration the support that the Government of the United States of America has brought to these principles by enacting the Mutual Defense Assistance Act of 1949³ which provides for the furnishing of military assistance to nations which have joined with it in collective security arrangements;

Desiring to set forth the understandings which will govern the transfer of such assistance;

Have agreed as follows:

Article I

1. Each Government, consistently with the principle that economic recovery is essential to international peace and security and must be given

¹ Came into force on 27 January 1950, as from the date of signature, in accordance with article VII.

² United Nations, *Treaty Series*, Vol. 34, p. 243.

³ United States of America: Public Law 329, 81st Congress; 63 Stat. 714.

clear priority, will make or continue to make available to the other, and to such other governments as the parties hereto may in each case agree upon, such equipment, materials, services, or other military assistance as the Government furnishing such assistance may authorize and in accordance with such terms and conditions as may be agreed. The furnishing of any such assistance as may be authorized by either party hereto shall be consistent with the Charter of the United Nations and with the obligations under Article 3 of the North Atlantic Treaty. Such assistance shall be so designed as to promote an integrated defense of the North Atlantic area and to facilitate the development of, or be in accordance with, defense plans under Article 9 of the North Atlantic Treaty approved by each Government. Such assistance as may be made available by the United States of America pursuant to this Agreement will be furnished under the provisions, and subject to all of the terms, conditions and termination provisions, of the Mutual Defense Assistance Act of 1949, and such other applicable laws as may hereafter, come into effect. The two Governments will, from time to time, negotiate detailed arrangements necessary to carry out the provisions of this paragraph.

2. Each Government undertakes to make effective use of assistance received pursuant to paragraph 1 of this Article.

- (a) for the purpose of promoting an integrated defense of the North Atlantic Area, and for facilitating the development of defense plans under Article 9 of the North Atlantic Treaty, and
- (b) in accordance with defense plans formulated by the North Atlantic Treaty Organization recommended by the North Atlantic Treaty Defense Committee and Council, and agreed to by the two Governments.

3. Neither Government, without the prior consent of the other, will devote assistance furnished to it by the other Government to purposes other than those for which it was furnished.

4. In the common security interest of both Governments, each Government undertakes not to transfer to any person not an officer or agent of such Government or to any other nation title to or possession of any equipment, materials, or services, received on a grant basis pursuant to paragraph 1, without the prior consent of the other Government.

Article II

In conformity with the principle of mutual aid, the Government of the Republic of France agrees to facilitate the production and transfer to the Government of the United States of America, for such period of time, in such quantities and upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon, of raw and semi-processed materials required by the United States as a result of

deficiencies or potential deficiencies in its own resources, and which may be available in France or dependent territories under its administration. Arrangements for such transfers shall give due regard to requirements for domestic use and commercial export of France.

Article III

1. Each Government will take such security measures as may be agreed in each case between the two Governments in order to prevent the disclosure or compromise of classified military articles, services or information furnished by the other Government pursuant to this Agreement.

2. Each Government will take appropriate measures consistent with security to keep the public informed of operations under this Agreement.

Article IV

The two Governments will, upon request of either of them, negotiate appropriate arrangements between them respecting responsibility for patent or similar claims based on the use of devices, processes, technological information or other forms of property protected by law in connection with equipment, materials or services furnished pursuant to this Agreement or furnished in the interest of production undertaken by agreement of the two Governments in implementation of pledges of self-help and mutual aid contained in the North Atlantic Treaty. In such negotiations consideration shall be given to the inclusion of an undertaking whereby each Government will assume the responsibility for all such claims of its nationals and such claims arising in its jurisdiction of nationals of any country not a party to this Agreement.

Article V

Subject to the provision of the necessary appropriations, the Government of the Republic of France undertakes to make available to the Government of the United States of America francs for the use of the latter Government for its administrative expenditures within France in connection with carrying out this Agreement. The two Governments will forthwith initiate discussions with a view to determining the amount of such francs and to agreeing upon arrangements for the furnishing of such francs.

Article VI

1. The two Governments will, upon the request of either of them, consult regarding any matter relating to the application of this Agreement or to operations or arrangements carried out pursuant to this Agreement.

2. Each Government agrees to receive personnel of the other Government who will discharge in its territory the responsibilities of the other Government under this Agreement and who will be accorded facilities to observe the progress of assistance furnished pursuant to this Agreement. Such personnel who are nationals of that other country, including personnel temporarily assigned, will, in their relations with the Government of the country to which they are assigned, operate as a part of the Embassy under the direction and control of the Chief of the Diplomatic Mission of the Government of such country.

Article VII

1. The present Agreement shall enter into force on the date of signature; and will continue in force until one year after the receipt by either party of written notice of the intention of the other party to terminate it, provided that, if notification of ratification¹ of this Agreement by the Government of the Republic of France is not received by the Government of the United States of America within forty-five days after the signature of this Agreement, the Agreement will terminate immediately upon the receipt by the Government of the Republic of France of a notice in writing that the Government of the United States of America no longer considers itself bound by the Agreement.

2. This Agreement may be amended at any time by agreement between the two Governments. The terms of this Agreement shall be subject to such modification, in the light of agreements concluded in connection with carrying out Article 9 of the North Atlantic Treaty, as may be agreed upon between the two Governments.

3. The Annexes to this Agreement form an integral part thereof.

4. This Agreement shall be registered with the Secretary-General of the United Nations.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF the representatives of the two Governments, duly authorized for the purpose, have signed this Agreement.

DONE at Washington, in duplicate, in the English and French languages, both texts authentic, this twenty-seventh day of January, 1950.

For the Government of the United States of America:
Dean ACHESON

For the Government of the French Republic:
H. BONNET

¹ Notification of ratification was given to the Government of the United States of America by a *note verbale* from the French Ministry for Foreign Affairs, dated 4 April 1950, received at the American Embassy at Paris on 5 April 1950.

ANNEX A

In the course of discussions of the Mutual Defense Assistance Agreement, the following understandings were reached by the representatives of the Governments of the United States of America and the Republic of France:

1. For the purposes of Article I, paragraphs 2 and 3, fungible materials and minor items of equipment which, for all practical purposes, are fungible, shall be treated as such. Accordingly, in the case of such fungible materials or equipment, the requirements of Article I, paragraphs 2 and 3, will be satisfied if each Government devotes to the purposes of this Article either the particular items furnished or an equivalent quantity of similar and substitutable items.

2. Similarly, in the case of finished products manufactured by either Government with assistance furnished under this Agreement, the requirements of Article I, paragraphs 2 and 3, will be satisfied if the recipient Government devotes to the purposes of Article I, paragraphs 2 and 3, either such finished products or an equivalent quantity of similar and substitutable finished products.

3. Further, in the light of paragraphs 1 and 2 above, neither Government will refuse its consent under Article I, paragraph 4, to the transfer of a major item of indigenous equipment merely because there may have been incorporated into it as an identifiable component part a relatively small and unimportant item of assistance furnished under this Agreement by the other Government. The two Governments will forthwith discuss detailed arrangements for a practical procedure for granting consent in respect of the types of transfer referred to in this paragraph.

4. Each Government will nevertheless make all practicable efforts to use items of assistance for the purposes for which they may have been furnished by the other.

ANNEX B

In implementation of paragraph 1 of Article V of the Mutual Defense Assistance Agreement, the Government of the Republic of France will deposit francs at such times as requested in an account designated by the United States Embassy at Paris, not to exceed in total 185,000,000 francs for its use on behalf of the Government of the United States of America for administrative expenditures within France in connection with carrying out that Agreement for the period ending June 30, 1950.

ANNEX C

The representatives of the Government of the Republic of France have advised the representatives of the Government of the United States of America that the Government of France has decided to authorize in the application of Article 189 of the Customs Code of the Republic of France the importation free of duty and taxes of equipment and materials which may in the future be imported into France

under the Mutual Defense Assistance Agreement. This exemption from customs duties and internal taxation upon the importation of such equipment and materials shall relate only to deliveries effected to the Government of France by the Government of the United States of America, of grant aid furnished under the above-mentioned Agreement.

In order to receive the benefits of the above-mentioned exemption such equipment and materials, when delivered, should be accompanied by a special shipping document in a form to be determined by consultation between the appropriate officials of the two parties to the above-mentioned Agreement. This shipping document is to be annexed to the customs declaration and deposited in the Bureau of Importation of the Government of France.

The Government of France will not impose any duties or other internal taxation upon exportation in connection with the above Agreement, of products, property, materials or equipment from France to any other country in the original state or after conversion.

The representatives of the Government of the United States of America have taken note of these statements.

ANNEX D

In recognition of the fact that personnel who are nationals of one country, including personnel temporarily assigned, will in their relations with the Government of the country to which they are assigned, operate as a part of the Embassy under the direction and control of the Chief of the Diplomatic Mission of the Government of such country, it is understood, in connection with Article VI, paragraph 2, of the Mutual Defense Assistance Agreement, that the status of such personnel, considered as part of the Diplomatic Mission of such other Government, will be the same as the status of personnel of corresponding rank of that Diplomatic Mission who are nationals of that other country.

The personnel will be divided into 3 categories:

(a) Upon appropriate notification of the other, full diplomatic status will be granted to the senior military member and the senior Army, Navy and Air Force officer assigned thereto, and to their respective immediate deputies.

(b) The second category of personnel will enjoy privileges and immunities conferred by international custom, as recognized by each Government, to certain categories of personnel of the Embassy of the other, such as the immunity from civil and criminal jurisdiction of the host country, immunity of official papers from search and seizure, right of free egress, exemption from customs duties or similar taxes or restrictions in respect of personally owned property imported into the host country by such personnel for their personal use and consumption, without prejudice to the existing regulations on foreign exchange, exemption from internal taxation by the host country upon salaries of such personnel. Privileges and courtesies incident to diplomatic status such as diplomatic automobile license plates, inclusion on the "Diplomatic List", and social courtesies may be waived by both Governments for this category of personnel.

(c) The third category of personnel will receive the same status as the clerical personnel of the Diplomatic Mission.

It is understood between the two Governments that the number of personnel in the 3 categories above will be kept as low as possible.

The status as described above will be substituted by such status for appropriate officials and agents of the countries parties to the North Atlantic Treaty as may be agreed by those countries.

ANNEX E

Whereas this Agreement, having been negotiated and concluded on the basis that the Government of the United States of America will extend to the other party thereto the benefits of any provision in a similar agreement concluded by the Government of the United States of America with any other country party to the North Atlantic Treaty, it is understood that the Government of the United States of America will interpose no objection to amending this Agreement in order that it may conform, in whole or in part, to any other similar agreement, or agreements amendatory or supplementary thereto, concluded with a party to the North Atlantic Treaty.
