

No. 2886

**TURKEY
and
INDIA**

Agreement concerning cultural relations. Signed at Ankara, on 29 June 1951

Official text: English.

Registered by Turkey on 10 August 1955.

**TURQUIE
et
INDE**

Accord relatif aux relations culturelles. Signé à Ankara, le 29 juin 1951

Texte officiel anglais.

Enregistré par la Turquie le 10 août 1955.

No. 2886. AGREEMENT¹ BETWEEN THE REPUBLIC OF
TURKEY AND THE REPUBLIC OF INDIA CONCERN-
ING CULTURAL RELATIONS. SIGNED AT ANKARA,
ON 29 JUNE 1951

The President of the Republic of Turkey

and

The President of India,

Conscious of many centuries of cultural relations between Turkey and India,

Inspired by a common desire to establish and develop closer cultural relations in the future in the spirit of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, and

Desirous of promoting and developing in every possible way and on a sound basis such relations and understanding between the two countries, especially in the realm of science and education,

Have decided to conclude a Cultural Agreement and to this end have appointed as their plenipotentiaries :

The President of the Republic of Turkey :

His Excellency Prof Dr. Fuad Köprülü, Deputy of Istanbul, Minister of Foreign Affairs

The President of India :

The Honorable Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Minister for Education who having examined each other's credentials and found them good and in due form have agreed as follows :

Article 1

The two Governments declare their desire and willingness for the exchange of University teachers and members of scientific and cultural institutions.

¹ Came into force on 24 October 1952, fifteen days after the exchange of the instruments of ratification which took place at New Delhi on 9 October 1952, in accordance with article 11.

Article 2

It is the desire of each Government to institute scholarships to enable its students to pursue their studies in institutions situated in the territory of the other Government. Such studies may be pursued in any subject, scientific, technical, or otherwise.

Article 3

Each Government will receive, as far as its own resources and requirements may permit, employees of the other Government, or any other persons deputed by that Government, for training in its scientific, technical and industrial institutions.

Article 4

The two Governments will welcome the establishment of cultural institutes in each other's territory subject to the laws governing the establishment of such institutes in that territory and the general policy of that Government. By the term "cultural institute" is meant educational centres, libraries, scientific institutions of an educational nature, and institutions for the promotion of art, such as art galleries, art centres and societies, and film libraries.

Article 5

The two Governments will strive to promote cultural and intellectual exchange between the two countries by arranging concerts, lectures, art and scientific exhibitions, by organizing visits of students, by encouraging collaboration between scientific, artistic and literary societies and other organizations devoted to the promotion of learning, by establishing chairs in Universities or other institutions of higher learning for the teaching of subjects pertaining to each other's country, by diffusion of books and periodicals, by exhibition of films, by exchange of archaeological specimens and "objets d'art" and through broadcasts on the radio.

Article 6

The two Governments will encourage, as far as possible, sports competitions between their respective nationals and collaboration between their scout organizations.

Article 7

The two Governments will, so far as it lies within their power, ensure that text books prescribed for educational institutions do not contain any errors or misrepresentations about each other's country.

Article 8

The question of "equivalence" of diplomas and degrees will be the subject of thorough and periodical studies by the two Governments.

Article 9

The two Governments pledge themselves to take all appropriate measures and to provide all possible facilities for giving effect to the terms of this Agreement.

Article 10

For the purpose of carrying out the terms of this Agreement, either Government may, if necessary, agree to set up a special Commission composed, in Turkey, of the Minister in charge of Foreign Affairs and the Head of the Indian Diplomatic Mission, and, in India, of the Minister in charge of Education and the Head of the Turkish Diplomatic Mission, with such advisers as may be nominated by either member of the Commission with the object of :

- (a) watching the working of the Agreement in the country concerned;
- (b) advising the Governments concerned on the detailed manner of carrying out the Agreement;
- (c) making recommendations for the selection of personnel regarding exchange of professors, students, etc.; and
- (d) generally advising the Governments concerned as to the manner in which the working of the Agreement could be improved upon.

At intervals of not less than once in three years the two Governments will hold joint consultations to co-ordinate the working of the Agreement in the two countries and invite suggestions and advice from co-operating agencies as to the steps that may be deemed necessary for a more effective implementation of this Agreement.

Article 11

The present Agreement shall be ratified with the least possible delay.

The Agreement will come into force fifteen days after the exchange of instruments of ratification which will take place in New Delhi.

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