No. 3517

DENMARK and URUGUAY

Treaty of Commerce and Navigation. Signed at Montevideo, on 4 March 1953

Official texts: Danish and Spanish.

Registered by Denmark on 12 September 1956.

DANEMARK et URUGUAY

Traité de commerce et de navigation. Signé à Montevideo, le 4 mars 1953

Textes officiels danois et espagnol.

Enregistré par le Danemark le 12 septembre 1956.

[Translation — Traduction]

No. 3517. TREATY¹ OF COMMERCE AND NAVIGATION BETWEEN THE KINGDOM OF DENMARK AND THE REPUBLIC OF URUGUAY. SIGNED AT MONTEVIDEO, ON 4 MARCH 1953

His Majesty the King of Denmark and the Government of the Republic of Uruguay, being equally desirous of strengthening the traditional ties of friendship uniting their two countries and of encouraging and developing trade relations in their mutual interest, have resolved to conclude a Treaty of Commerce and Navigation and have for this purpose appointed as their plenipotentiaries:

His Majesty the King of Denmark: Count Kield Knuth-Winterfeldt, His Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary; and the National Council of Government of the Republic of Uruguay: Dr. Fructuoso Pittaluga, Minister of Foreign Affairs.

Article I

Each of the High Contracting Parties undertakes to apply to the other Party the principle of most-favoured-nation treatment in all matters relating to the rights of citizens, to the treatment of imports or exports and goods in transit, and to navigation.

Article II

The nationals, products and vessels of each of the High Contracting Parties shall in particular be entitled, in the territory of the other Party, to the following facilities and privileges:

- (a) The nationals of each of the two countries shall be treated in the other country, unconditionally, in the same manner as the nationals of the most favoured nation as regards the protection of their persons and property, the carrying-on of trade, navigation and industry, the right to acquire, possess and dispose of movable and immovable property, and as regards the obligation to pay taxes, charges or contributions of any kind. An exception shall be made with regard to the treatment applied to the countries bordering on Uruguay, and to Paraguay and Bolivia, in the matter of taxes levied on persons resident in a foreign country (Act No. 5,377 of 14 August 1916).
- (b) Natural and manufactured products of each of the two countries shall, unconditionally and in every respect, be entitled in the other country to the same facilities and privileges as similar products of the most favoured nation. This treatment shall apply more particularly to all matters relating to customs duties

¹ Came into force on 29 September 1955, one month after the exchange of the instruments of ratification which took place at Montevideo on 29 August 1955, in accordance with article IV.

and other taxes or charges of any kind, including the production of certificates of origin and of consular invoices, the fees to be paid for the legalization of such documents and all regulations and formalities connected therewith.

(c) The vessels of each of the two countries and their cargoes shall, unconditionally, be entitled in the other country to the same treatment as the vessels of the most favoured nation and their cargoes, in all matters relating to navigation and customs duties, loading and unloading, and in general as regards all formalities, regulations and fees of any kind to which vessels and their cargoes are or may hereafter be subject.

The provisions of the present Treaty shall not, however, apply to the right to engage in the coasting trade.

Tonnage measurement certificates and other tonnage documents, issued by the authorities of one of the two countries, shall be recognized by the other country in accordance with such special agreements as may be concluded between the two Governments.

Article III

The provisions of the present Treaty relating to most-favoured-nation treatment may not be invoked in connexion with the privileges which are or may in future be granted to bordering States with a view to facilitating local frontier traffic.

It is also agreed that Uruguay shall not be entitled under the provisions of the present Treaty to claim privileges which have been or may in future be granted by Denmark to Sweden, Norway or Iceland.

It is further agreed that Denmark shall not be entitled under the provisions of the present Treaty to claim privileges which have been or may in future be granted by Uruguay to Argentina, Brazil, Bolivia and Paraguay.

Although the provisions of the Treaty do not apply to Greenland, the principle of most-favoured-nation treatment as provided for in article II, paragraph (b), shall apply, in matters concerning import duties and customs formalities, both to products of Uruguayan origin imported into Greenland and to products of Greenland origin imported into Uruguay.

Article IV

The present Treaty, which is drawn up in the Danish and Spanish languages, both texts being equally authentic, shall be ratified, and the instruments of ratification shall be exchanged as soon as possible. It shall come into force one month after the exchange of ratifications, and may be terminated by either of the High Contracting Parties subject to three months' notice.

Done at Montevideo on 4 March 1953 in two copies in the Danish and Spanish languages.

K. KNUTH-WINTERFELDT Fructuoso PITTALUGA