## No. 11259

## UNITED STATES OF AMERICA and INDONESIA

Thirteenth Supplementary Agreement for sales of agricultural commodities (with annex). Signed at Djakarta on 17 March 1971

Authentic text: English.

Registered by the United States of America on 4 August 1971.

# ÉTATS-UNIS D'AMÉRIQUE et INDONÉSIE

Treizième accord supplémentaire relatif à la vente de produits agricoles (avec annexe). Signé à Djakarta le 17 mars 1971

Texte authentique: anglais.

Enregistré par les États-Unis d'Amérique le 4 août 1971.

# THIRTEENTH SUPPLEMENTARY AGREEMENT <sup>1</sup> BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND THE GOVERNMENT OF INDONESIA FOR SALES OF AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES

The Government of the United States of America and the Government of Indonesia, as the Thirteenth Supplement to the Agreement for Sales of Agricultural Commodities between the two Governments signed on September 15, 1967 <sup>2</sup> (hereafter referred to as the September Agreement), have agreed to the commodity sale specified below. The Thirteenth Supplementary agreement shall consist of the Preamble, Parts I and III, and the Convertible Local Currency Credit (CLCC) Annex of the September Agreement and the following Part II:

#### PART II

#### PARTICULAR PROVISIONS

## Item I. Commodity Table:

Commodity	Supply period (United States Calendar Year)	Approximate Maximum Quantity (Metric Tons)	Maximum Export Market Value (Millions)
Wheat/Wheat Flour .	1971	460,000 (Wheat equivalent basis)	\$29.4
Cotton	1971	204,000 bales	\$29.2
		TOTAL	\$58.6

## Item II. Payment Terms:

Convertible Local Currency Credit

- 1. Initial Payment None
- 2. Currency Use Payment None

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Came into force on 17 March 1971 by signature, in accordance with part III (B).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> United Nations, Treaty Series, vol. 693, p. 87.

- 3. Amount of Each Installment Payment Approximately equal annual amounts
- 4. Number of Installment Payments 31
- 5. Due Date of First Installment Payment Ten years after date of last delivery of commodities in each calendar year.
- 6. Initial Interest Rate 2 percent
- 7. Continuing Interest Rate 3 percent

## Item III. Usual Marketing Requirements: None

#### Item IV. Export Limitations:

- A. With respect to the commodities financed under this agreement, the export limitation period for same or like commodities shall be the period beginning on the date of the agreement and ending on the final date on which the relevant commodities financed under this agreement are being imported and utilized.
- B. For the purpose of Part I, Article III A 3, of the Agreement, commodities considered to be same as, or like, commodities imported under this agreement are for wheat/wheat flour—wheat, wheat flour and wheat food products, rice and rice products; and for cotton—raw cotton, cotton yarn and/or cotton textiles except batiks and similar handicraft products.

## Item V. Self-Help Measures:

The Government of Indonesia accords its highest national priority to increasing production in the agricultural sector. The Government's Five Year Plan calls for a concerted effort to increase productivity by providing better technology to the farmers and providing economic incentives for their adoption through the growth of modern marketing facilities. Specifically, it intends to provide better storage facilities, better transport methods, and to adopt sound government food purchasing policies. The Government of Indonesia is especially interested to see that farmers are given sufficient incentives to increase production, while at the same time limiting retail price movements to levels consistent with continuing overall price stability.

Towards these ends, the Government of Indonesia intends to take the following actions:

#### 1. Procurement and Prices:

The Government will continue to maintain the price of rice to the farmer at levels sufficient to encourage farmers to use optimum quantities of fertilizer, pesticides, and high-yielding varieties of seed. The domestic rice procurement and sales program operated by the Government will be conducted so as to adjust to changes in the price and supply situation to help maintain adequate incentives to producers. Maximum effort will be made to eliminate barriers to the free movement of agricultural products from region to region. Subsidies for competing foodstuffs will take into account the need for producer incentive prices as well as the goal of price stabilization. Other measures will be introduced to facilitate the development of the domestic rice trade including the private sector. Such measures should include: (a) the establishment of published standards for grading milled rice to be used in all Government rice trading, and all non-government organizations, and private citizens engaged in milling, storing and trading rice will be encouraged to adopt these standards; (b) the continued operation and improvement of a unified system of reporting prices of stalk paddy and brown rice received by rice producers at the subdistrict (Katjamatan) level in all major rice producing areas, which will be disseminated in such form as to be available to all farmers in major rice producing areas and all interested offices in Djakarta; and (c) provide and encourage the use of credit by the private sector to expand and improve storage and milling facilities.

## 2. Availability of Production Inputs:

The Government of Indonesia will assure that fertilizer, pesticides and high-yielding varieties of seed are available at the farm level at the time they are needed. As a first step toward rapidly expanding the application of agricultural inputs, targets for the use, production and import of fertilizer and pesticides will be prepared. These targets will be based on actual experience with input distribution in the preceding year. The Government will develop a comprehensive plan to meet these targets. As part of this program, efforts will be made to encourage private sector participation in the distribution and sale of production inputs.

In support of this effort, the Government will develop a coordinated national rice research program to adapt available basic research to Indonesian conditions.

Item VI. Economic Development Purposes for Which Proceeds Accruing to Importing Country are to be Used:

For the economic development purposes specified in Item V (Self-Help Measures) and for such other economic development purposes as may be mutually agreed upon.

#### Item VII. Other Provisions:

The Government of the exporting country shall bear the cost of ocean freight differential for commodities it requires to be carried in United States flag vessels but, notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph 1 of the Convertible Local Currency Credit Annex, it shall not finance the balance of the cost of ocean transportation of such commodities.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the respective representatives, duly authorized for the purpose, have signed the present agreement.

DONE at Djakarta, in duplicate, this 17th day of March 1971.

For the Government of the United States of America:

For the Government of the Republic of Indonesia:

F.J. GALBRAITH

ADAM MALIK