

No. 12437

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**SINGAPORE  
and  
SRI LANKA**

**Agreement for air services between and beyond their respective territories (with annex). Signed at Singapore on 15 March 1969**

**Modification of the annex to the above-mentioned Agreement**

*Authentic texts of the Agreement : English and Sinhalese.*

*Authentic text of the modification : English.*

*The Agreement and certified statement were registered by the International Civil Aviation Organization on 19 April 1973.*

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**SINGAPOUR  
et  
SRI LANKA**

**Accord relatif aux services aériens entre leurs territoires respectifs et au-delà (avec annexe). Signé à Singapour le 15 mars 1969**

**Modification de l'annexe à l'Accord susmentionné**

*Textes authentiques de l'Accord : anglais et cinghalais.*

*Texte authentique de la modification : anglais.*

*L'Accord et la déclaration certifiée ont été enregistrés par l'Organisation de l'aviation civile internationale le 19 avril 1973.*

## AGREEMENT<sup>1</sup> BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF SINGAPORE AND THE GOVERNMENT OF CEYLON FOR AIR SERVICES BETWEEN AND BEYOND THEIR RESPECTIVE TERRITORIES

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The Government of the Republic of Singapore and the Government of Ceylon being parties to the Convention on International Civil Aviation,<sup>2</sup> and

Desiring to conclude an Agreement for the purpose of establishing air services between and beyond their respective territories,

Have agreed as follows :

*Article 1.* For the purpose of the present Agreement, unless the context otherwise requires :

(a) The term “the Convention” means the Convention on International Civil Aviation opened for signature at Chicago on the seventh day of December, 1944, and includes any annex adopted under article 90 of that Convention and any amendment of the annexes or Convention under articles 90 and 94 thereof;

(b) The term “aeronautical authorities” means, in the case of the Republic of Singapore, the Minister for Communications and any person or body authorised to perform any functions at present exercised by the said Minister or similar functions; and, in the case of Ceylon, the Director of Civil Aviation and any person or body authorised to perform any functions at present exercised by the said Director of Civil Aviation or similar functions;

(c) The term “designated airline” means an airline which one Contracting Party shall have designated, by written notification to the other Contracting Party, in accordance with article 3 of the present Agreement, for the operation of air services on the routes specified in such notification;

(d) The term “change of gauge” means the operation of an air service by a designated airline in such a way that one section of the route is flown by aircraft different in capacity from those used on another section;

(e) The term “territory” in relation to a State means the land areas and territorial waters adjacent thereto under the sovereignty, suzerainty, protection or trusteeship of that State; and

(f) The terms “air service”, “international air service”, “airline” and “stop for non-traffic purposes” have the meanings respectively assigned to them in article 96 of the Convention.

*Article 2.* (1) Each Contracting Party grants to the other Contracting Party the rights specified in the present Agreement for the purpose of establishing air services on the routes specified in the appropriate section of the schedule thereto (hereinafter called “the agreed services” and “the specified routes”).

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<sup>1</sup> Came into force on 15 March 1969 by signature, in accordance with article 17 (2).

<sup>2</sup> United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 15, p. 295. For the texts of the Protocols amending this Convention, see vol. 320, pp. 209 and 217; vol. 418, p. 161; vol. 514, p. 209, and vol. 740, p. 21.

(2) Subject to the provisions of the present Agreement, the airlines designated by each Contracting Party shall enjoy, while operating an agreed service on a specified route, the following privileges :

- (a) to fly without landing across the territory of the other Contracting Party;
- (b) to make stops in the said territory for non-traffic purposes; and
- (c) to make stops in the said territory at the points specified for that route in the schedule to the present Agreement for the purpose of putting down and taking on international traffic in passengers, cargo and mail.

(3) Nothing in paragraph (2) of this article shall be deemed to confer on the airlines of one Contracting Party the privilege of taking up, in the territory of the other Contracting Party, passengers, cargo or mail carried for remuneration or hire and destined for another point in the territory of that other Contracting Party.

*Article 3.* (1) Each Contracting Party shall have the right to designate in writing to the other Contracting Party one or more airlines for the purpose of operating the agreed services on the specified routes.

(2) On receipt of the designation, the other Contracting Party shall, subject to the provisions of paragraphs (3) and (4) of this article, without delay grant to the airline or airlines designated the appropriate operating authorisation.

(3) The aeronautical authorities of one Contracting Party may require an airline designated by the other Contracting Party to satisfy them that it is qualified to fulfil the conditions prescribed under the laws and regulations normally and reasonably applied by them in conformity with the provisions of the Convention to the operation of international commercial air services

(4) Each Contracting Party shall have the right to refuse to accept the designation of an airline and to withhold or revoke the grant to an airline of the privileges specified in paragraph (2) of article 2 of the present Agreement or to impose such conditions as it may deem necessary on the exercise by an airline of those privileges in any case where it is not satisfied that substantial ownership and effective control of that airline are vested in the Contracting Party designating the airline or in nationals of the Contracting Party designating the airline.

(5) At any time after the provisions of paragraphs (1) and (2) of this article have been complied with, an airline so designated and authorised may begin to operate the agreed services provided that a service shall not be operated unless a tariff established in accordance with the provisions of article 10 of the present Agreement is in force in respect of that service.

(6) Each Contracting Party shall have the right to suspend the exercise by an airline of the privileges specified in paragraph (2) of article 2 of the present Agreement or to impose such conditions as it may deem necessary on the exercise by an airline of those privileges in any case where the airline fails to comply with the laws or regulations of the Contracting Party granting those privileges or otherwise fails to operate in accordance with the conditions prescribed in the present Agreement; provided that, unless immediate suspension or imposition of conditions is essential to prevent further infringements of laws or regulations, this right shall be exercised only after consultation with the other Contracting Party.

*Article 4.* (1) Aircraft operated on international services by the designated airlines of either Contracting Party, as well as their regular equipment, spare parts, supplies of fuels and lubricants and aircraft stores (including food, beverages

and tobacco) on board such aircraft shall be exempt from all customs duties, inspection fees and other duties or taxes on arriving in the territory of the other Contracting Party, provided such equipment and supplies remain on board the aircraft up to such time as they are re-exported.

(2) Supplies of fuels, lubricants, spare parts, regular equipment and aircraft stores introduced into the territory of one Contracting Party by or on behalf of a designated airline of the other Contracting Party or taken on board the aircraft operated by such designated airline and intended solely for use in the operation of international services shall be exempt from all national duties and charges, including customs duties and inspection fees imposed in the territory of the first Contracting Party, even when these supplies are to be used on the parts of the journey performed over the territory of the Contracting Party in which they are taken on board. The materials referred to above may be required to be kept under customs supervision or control.

(3) The regular airborne equipment, spare parts, aircraft stores and supplies of fuels and lubricants retained on board the aircraft of either Contracting Party may be unloaded in the territory of the other Contracting Party only with the approval of the customs authorities of that Party, who may require that these materials be placed under their supervision up to such time as they are re-exported or otherwise disposed of in accordance with customs regulations.

(4) Fuel, lubricating oils, spare parts, regular aircraft equipment and aircraft stores taken on board aircraft of one Contracting Party in the territory of the other Contracting Party and used solely on flights between two points in the territory of the latter Contracting Party shall be accorded with respect to customs duties, inspection fees and other similar national or local duties and charges treatment not less favourable than that granted to national airlines or to the most favoured airline operating such flights.

*Article 5.* Passengers, baggage and cargo in direct transit across the territory of one Contracting Party and not leaving the area of the airport reserved for such purpose shall only be subject to a very simplified control. Baggage and cargo in direct transit shall be exempt from customs duties and other similar taxes.

*Article 6.* (1) The laws and regulations of one Contracting Party governing entry into and departure from its territory of aircraft engaged in international air navigation or flights of such aircraft over that territory shall apply to the designated airline of the other Contracting Party.

(2) The laws and regulations of one Contracting Party governing entry into, sojourn in, and departure from its territory of passengers, crew, cargo or mail, such as formalities regarding entry, exit, emigration and immigration, as well as customs and sanitary measures shall apply to passengers, crew, cargo or mail carried by the aircraft of the designated airline of the other Contracting Party while they are within the said territory.

(3) Each Contracting Party undertakes not to grant any preferences to its own airlines with regard to the designated airlines of the other Contracting Party in the application of the laws and regulations provided for by the present article.

(4) When utilising the airports and other facilities offered by one Contracting Party, the designated airline of the other Contracting Party shall not have to

pay fees higher than those which have to be paid by national aircraft operating on scheduled international services.

*Article 7.* (1) Certificates of airworthiness, certificates of competency and licences issued or rendered valid by one of the Contracting Parties shall, during the period of their validity be recognised as valid by the other Contracting Party.

(2) Each Contracting Party reserves its rights, however, not to recognise as valid, for the purpose of flights over its own territory, certificates of competency and licences granted to its own nationals or rendered valid for them by the other Contracting Party or by any other State.

*Article 8.* (1) There shall be fair and equal opportunity for the airlines of both Contracting Parties the agreed services on the specified routes between their respective territories.

(2) In operating the agreed services, the airlines of each Contracting Party shall take into account the interests of the airlines of the other Contracting Party so as not to affect unduly the services which the latter provides on the whole or part of the same routes.

(3) The agreed services provided by the designated airlines of the Contracting Parties shall bear close relationship to the requirements of the public for transportation on the specified routes and shall have as their primary objective the provision, at a reasonable load factor, of capacity adequate to carry the current and reasonably anticipated requirements for the carriage of passengers, cargo and mail originating from or destined for the territory of the Contracting Party which has designated the airline. Provision for the carriage of passengers, cargo and mail both taken up and put down at points on the specified routes in the territories of States other than that designating the airline shall be made in accordance with the general principles that capacity shall be related to :

- (a) traffic requirements to and from the territory of the Contracting Party which has designated the airline;
- (b) traffic requirements of the area through which the airline passes, after taking account of other transport services established by airlines of the States comprising the area; and
- (c) the requirements of through airline operation.

*Article 9.* A designated airline of one Contracting Party may make a change of gauge at a point in the territory of the other Contracting Party only on the following conditions :

- (a) that it is justified by reason of economy of operation;
- (b) that the aircraft used on the section more distant from the terminal in the territory of the former Contracting Party are smaller in capacity than those used on the nearer section;
- (c) that the aircraft of smaller capacity shall operate only in connection with the aircraft of larger capacity and shall be scheduled so to do; the former shall arrive at the point of change for the purpose of carrying traffic transferred from; or to be transferred into, the aircraft of larger capacity; and their capacity shall be determined with primary reference to this purpose;
- (d) that there is an adequate volume of through traffic; and

(e) that the provisions of article 8 of the present Agreement shall govern all arrangements made with regard to change of gauge.

*Article 10.* (1) The tariffs on any agreed service shall be established at reasonable levels, due regard being paid to all relevant factors including cost of operation, reasonable profit, characteristics of service (such as standards of speed and accomodation) and the tariffs of other airlines for any part of the specified route. These tariffs shall be fixed in accordance with the following provisions of this article.

(2) The tariffs referred to in paragraph (1) of this article, together with the rates of agency commission used in conjunction with them shall, if possible, be agreed in respect of each of the specified routes between the designated airlines concerned in consultation with other airlines operating over the whole or part of that route, and such agreement shall, where possible, be reached through the ratefixing machinery of the International Air Transport Association. The tariffs so agreed shall be subject to the approval of the aeronautical authorities of both Contracting Parties.

(3) If the designated airlines cannot agree on any of these tariffs, or if for some other reason a tariff cannot be agreed upon in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (2) of this article, the aeronautical authorities of the Contracting Parties shall try to determine the tariff by agreement between themselves.

(4) If the aeronautical authorities cannot agree on the approval of any tariff submitted to them under paragraph (2) of this article or on the determination of any tariff under paragraph (3), the dispute shall be settled in accordance with the provisions of article 14 of the present Agreement.

(5) No tariff shall come into force if the aeronautical authorities of either Contracting Party are dissatisfied with it except under the provisions of paragraph (3) of article 14 of the present Agreement.

(6) When tariffs have been established in accordance with the provisions of this article, these tariffs shall remain in force until new tariffs have been established in accordance with the provisions of this article.

*Article 11.* Each Contracting Party grants to the designated airline of the other Contracting Party the right to remit to its head office the excess over expenditure of receipts earned in the territory of the first Contracting Party. Such remittances, however, shall be in accordance with the foreign exchange regulations of the Contracting Party in the territory of which the revenue accrued.

*Article 12.* The aeronautical authorities of either Contracting Party shall supply to the aeronautical authorities of the other Contracting Party at their request such periodic or other statements of statistics as may be reasonably required for the purpose of reviewing the capacity provided on the agreed services by the designated airlines of the first Contracting Party. Such statements shall include all information required to determine the amount of traffic carried by those airlines on the agreed services and the origins and destinations of such traffic.

*Article 13.* There shall be regular and frequent consultation between the aeronautical authorities of the Contracting Parties to ensure close collaboration in all matters affecting the fulfilment of the present Agreement.

*Article 14.* (1) If any dispute arises between the Contracting Parties relating to the interpretation or application of the present Agreement, the Contracting Parties shall in the first place endeavour to settle it by negotiation between themselves.

(2) If the Contracting Parties fail to reach a settlement by negotiation :

- (a) they may agree to refer the dispute for decision to an arbitral tribunal appointed by agreement between them or to some other person or body; or
- (b) if they do not so agree or if, having agreed to refer the dispute to an arbitral tribunal, they cannot reach agreement as to its composition, either Contracting Party may submit the dispute for decision to any tribunal competent to decide it which may hereafter be established within the International Civil Aviation Organization or, if there is no such tribunal, to the Council of the said Organization.

(3) The Contracting Parties undertake to comply with any decision given under paragraph (2) of this article.

(4) If and so long as either Contracting Party or a designated airline of either Contracting Party fails to comply with a decision given under paragraph (2) of this article, the other Contracting Party may limit, withhold or revoke any rights or privileges which it has granted by virtue of the present Agreement to the Contracting Party in default or to the designated airline or airlines of that Contracting Party or to the designated airline in default.

*Article 15.* (1) If either of the Contracting Parties considers it desirable to modify the terms of this Agreement, it may request consultation between the aeronautical authorities of both Contracting Parties in relation to the proposed modification. Consultation shall begin within a period of sixty days from the date of the request. When these authorities agree on modifications to this Agreement, the modifications shall come into effect when they have been confirmed by an exchange of notes through the diplomatic channel.

(2) If a general multilateral agreement concerning air transport comes into force in respect of both Contracting Parties, this Agreement shall be amended so as to conform with the provisions of that Agreement.

*Article 16.* Either Contracting Party may at any time give notice to the other if it desires to terminate the present Agreement. Such notice shall be simultaneously communicated to the International Civil Aviation Organization. If such notice is given, the present Agreement shall terminate twelve months after the date of receipt of the notice by the other Contracting Party, unless the notice to terminate is withdrawn by agreement before the expiry of this period. In the absence of acknowledgement of receipt by the other Contracting Party, notice shall be deemed to have been received fourteen days after the receipt of the notice by the International Civil Aviation Organization.

*Article 17.* (1) The present Agreement and any exchange of notes in accordance with article 15 shall be registered with the International Civil Aviation Organization.

(2) The present Agreement shall come into force on the date of signature.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF the undersigned plenipotentiaries, being duly authorised thereto by their respective Governments, have signed the present Agreement.

DONE this 15th day of March, 1969 at Singapore in duplicate in the English and the Sinhala languages, both texts being equally authentic.

WONG KENG SAM  
Acting Permanent Secretary  
Ministry of Communications  
For the Government  
of the Republic of Singapore

A. C. L. RATWATTE  
High Commissioner for Ceylon  
in Malaysia,  
For the Government of Ceylon

ANNEX

SCHEDULE I

*Routes to be operated by the designated airline or airlines of Ceylon*

<i>Column 1</i>	<i>Column 2</i>	<i>Column 3</i>	<i>Column 4</i>
<i>Points of Departure :</i>	<i>Intermediate points :</i>	<i>Points in Singapore :</i>	<i>Points beyond :</i>
Colombo	Kuala Lumpur	Singapore	—

SCHEDULE II

*Routes to be operated by the designated airline or airlines of Singapore*

<i>Column 1</i>	<i>Column 2</i>	<i>Column 3</i>	<i>Column 4</i>
<i>Points of Departure :</i>	<i>Intermediate points :</i>	<i>Points in Ceylon :</i>	<i>Points beyond :</i>
Singapore	Kuala Lumpur	Colombo	—

NOTE. Any or some of the points on the specified routes in schedules I and II of the annex may at the option of the respective designated airline or airlines be omitted on any or all flights.



**MODIFICATION OF THE ANNEX TO THE AGREEMENT OF  
15 MARCH 1969<sup>1</sup> BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENT OF THE  
REPUBLIC OF SINGAPORE AND THE GOVERNMENT OF  
CEYLON FOR AIR SERVICES BETWEEN AND BEYOND THEIR  
RESPECTIVE TERRITORIES**

By an agreement in the form of an exchange of notes dated at Singapore on 8 May 1972 and at Colombo on 2 August 1972, which came into force on 2 August 1972 by the exchange of the said notes, in accordance with their provisions, the annex to the above-mentioned Agreement was modified as follows :

SCHEDULE I

*Route to be operated by the designated airline or airlines of Ceylon*

<i>Column 1</i>	<i>Column 2</i>	<i>Column 3</i>	<i>Column 4</i>
<i>Points of departure :</i>	<i>Intermediate point :</i>	<i>Point in Singapore :</i>	<i>Points beyond :</i>
Points in Ceylon	Kuala Lumpur	Singapore	Djakarta Perth Sydney 2 points in South Pacific

SCHEDULE II

*Route to be operated by the designated airline or airlines of Singapore*

<i>Column 1</i>	<i>Column 2</i>	<i>Column 3</i>	<i>Column 4</i>
<i>Points of departure :</i>	<i>Intermediate point :</i>	<i>Point in Ceylon :</i>	<i>Points beyond :</i>
Singapore	Kuala Lumpur	Colombo	A point in Middle East Athens Zurich Frankfurt London

NOTE. Any or some of the points on the specified routes in schedules I and II of this annex may at the option of the respective designated airline or airlines be omitted on any or all flights.

<sup>1</sup> See p. 4 of this volume.