

No. 14249

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
and
JORDAN

Agreement for sales of agricultural commodities (with minutes of negotiation). Signed at Amman on 27 November 1974

Authentic text: English.

Registered by the United States of America on 27 August 1975.

ÉTATS-UNIS D'AMÉRIQUE
et
JORDANIE

Accord relatif à la vente de produits agricoles (avec procès-verbal de négociations). Signé à Amman le 27 novembre 1974

Texte authentique: anglais.

Enregistré par les États-Unis d'Amérique le 27 août 1975.

AGREEMENT¹ BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND THE GOVERNMENT OF THE HASHEMITE KINGDOM OF JORDAN FOR SALES OF AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES

The Government of the United States of America and the Government of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan,

Recognizing the desirability of expanding trade in agricultural commodities between the United States of America (hereinafter referred to as the exporting country) and the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan (hereinafter referred to as the importing country) and with other friendly countries in a manner that will not displace usual marketings of the exporting country in these commodities or unduly disrupt world prices of agricultural commodities or normal patterns of commercial trade with friendly countries;

Taking into account the importance to developing countries of their efforts to help themselves toward a greater degree of self-reliance, including efforts to meet their problems of food production and population growth;

Recognizing the policy of the exporting country to use its agricultural productivity to combat hunger and malnutrition in the developing countries, to encourage these countries to improve their own agricultural production, and to assist them in their economic development;

Recognizing the determination of the importing country to improve its own production, storage, and distribution of agricultural food products, including the reduction of waste in all stages of food handling;

Desiring to set forth the understandings that will govern the sales of agricultural commodities to the importing country pursuant to title I of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act, as amended (hereinafter referred to as the Act), and the measures that the two Governments will take individually and collectively in furthering the above-mentioned policies;

Have agreed as follows:

PART I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

Article I

A. The Government of the exporting country undertakes to finance the sale of agricultural commodities to purchasers authorized by the Government of the importing country in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement.

B. The financing of the agricultural commodities listed in part II of this Agreement will be subject to:

1. the issuance by the Government of the exporting country of purchase authorizations and their acceptance by the Government of the importing country; and

¹ Came into force on 27 November 1974 by signature, in accordance with part III (A).

2. the availability of the specified commodities at the time of exportation.

C. Application for purchase authorizations will be made within 90 days after the effective date of this Agreement, and, with respect to any additional commodities or amounts of commodities provided for in any supplementary agreement, within 90 days after the effective date of such supplementary agreement. Purchase authorizations shall include provisions relating to the sale and delivery of such commodities, and other relevant matters.

D. Except as may be authorized by the Government of the exporting country, all deliveries of commodities sold under this Agreement shall be made within the supply periods specified in the commodity table in part II.

E. The value of the total quantity of each commodity covered by the purchase authorizations for a specified type of financing authorized under this Agreement shall not exceed the maximum export market value specified for that commodity and type of financing in part II. The Government of the exporting country may limit the total value of each commodity to be covered by purchase authorizations for a specified type of financing as price declines or other marketing factors may require, so that the quantities of such commodity sold under a specified type of financing will not substantially exceed the applicable approximate maximum quantity specified in part II.

F. The Government of the exporting country shall bear the ocean freight differential for commodities the Government of the exporting country requires to be transported in United States flag vessels (approximately 50 percent by weight of the commodities sold under the Agreement). The ocean freight differential is deemed to be the amount, as determined by the Government of the exporting country, by which the cost of ocean transportation is higher (than would otherwise be the case) by reason of the requirement that the commodities be transported in United States flag vessels. The Government of the importing country shall have no obligation to reimburse the Government of the exporting country for the ocean freight differential borne by the Government of the exporting country.

G. Promptly after contracting for United States flag shipping space to be used for commodities required to be transported in United States flag vessels, and in any event no later than presentation of vessel for loading, the Government of the importing country or the purchasers authorized by it shall open a letter of credit, in United States dollars, for the estimated cost of ocean transportation for such commodities.

H. The financing, sale, and delivery of commodities under this Agreement may be terminated by either Government if that Government determines that because of changed conditions the continuation of such financing, sale, or delivery is unnecessary or undesirable.

Article II

A. *Initial Payment.* The Government of the importing country shall pay, or cause to be paid, such initial payment as may be specified in part II of this Agreement. The amount of this payment shall be that portion of the purchase price (excluding any ocean transportation costs that may be included therein) equal to the percentage specified for initial payment in part II and payment shall be made in United States dollars in accordance with the applicable purchase authorization.

B. Currency Use Payment. The Government of the importing country shall pay, or cause to be paid, upon demand by the Government of the exporting country in amounts as it may determine, but in any event no later than one year after the final disbursement by the Commodity Credit Corporation under this Agreement, or the end of the supply period, whichever is later, such payment as may be specified in part II of this Agreement pursuant to section 103(b) of the Act (hereinafter referred to as the Currency Use Payment). The currency use payment shall be that portion of the amount financed by the exporting country equal to the percentage specified for currency use payment in part II. Payment shall be made in accordance with paragraph H and for purposes specified in subsection 104(a), (b), (e) and (h) of the Act, as set forth in part II of this Agreement. Such payment shall be credited against (a) the amount of each year's interest payment due during the period prior to the due date of the first installment payment, starting with the first year, plus (b) the combined payments of principal and interest starting with the first installment payment, until the value of the currency use payment has been offset. Unless otherwise specified in part II, no requests for payment will be made by the Government of the exporting country prior to the first disbursement by the Commodity Credit Corporation of the exporting country under this Agreement.

C. Type of Financing. Sales of the commodities specified in part II shall be financed in accordance with the type of financing indicated therein. Special provisions relating to the sale are also set forth in part II.

D. Credit Provisions. 1. With respect to commodities delivered in each calendar year under this Agreement, the principal of the credit (hereinafter referred to as principal) will consist of the dollar amount disbursed by the Government of the exporting country for the commodities (not including any ocean transportation costs) less any portion of the initial payment payable to the Government of the exporting country.

The principal shall be paid in accordance with the payment schedule in part II of this Agreement. The first installment payment shall be due and payable on the date specified in part II of this Agreement. Subsequent installment payments shall be due and payable at intervals of one year thereafter. Any payment of principal may be made prior to its due date.

2. Interest on the unpaid balance of the principal due the Government of the exporting country for the commodities delivered in each calendar year shall be paid as follows:

- (a) In the case of Dollar Credit, interest shall begin to accrue on the date of last delivery of these commodities in each calendar year. Interest shall be paid not later than the due date of each installment payment of principal, except that if the date of the first installment is more than a year after such date of last delivery, the first payment of interest shall be made not later than the anniversary date of such date of last delivery and thereafter payment of interest shall be made annually and not later than the due date of each installment payment of principal.
- (b) In the case of Convertible Local Currency Credit, interest shall begin to accrue on the date of dollar disbursement by the Government of the exporting country. Such interest shall be paid annually beginning one year after the date of last delivery of commodities in each calendar year, except that if the installment payments for these commodities are not due on some anniversary of such date of last delivery, any such interest accrued on the due date of the

first installment payment shall be due on the same date as the first installment and thereafter such interest shall be paid on the due dates of the subsequent installment payments.

3. For the period of time from the date the interest begins to the due date for the first installment payment, the interest shall be computed at the initial interest rate specified in part II of this Agreement. Thereafter, the interest shall be computed at the continuing interest rate specified in part II of this Agreement.

E. Deposit of Payments. The Government of the importing country shall make, or cause to be made, payments to the Government of the exporting country in the currencies, amounts, and at the exchange rates provided for in this Agreement as follows:

1. Dollar payments shall be remitted to the Treasurer, Commodity Credit Corporation, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D.C. 20250, unless another method of payment is agreed upon by the two Governments.
2. Payments in the local currency of the importing country (hereinafter referred to as local currency) shall be deposited to the account of the Government of the United States of America in interest bearing accounts in banks selected by the Government of the United States of America in the importing country.

F. Sales Proceeds. The total amount of the proceeds accruing to the importing country from the sale of commodities financed under this Agreement, to be applied to the economic development purposes set forth in part II of this Agreement, shall be not less than the local currency equivalent of the dollar disbursement by the Government of the exporting country in connection with the financing of the commodities (other than the ocean freight differential), provided, however, that the sales proceeds to be so applied shall be reduced by the currency use payment, if any, made by the Government of the importing country. The exchange rate to be used in calculating this local currency equivalent shall be the rate at which the central monetary authority of the importing country, or its authorized agent, sells foreign exchange for local currency in connection with the commercial import of the same commodities. Any such accrued proceeds that are loaned by the Government of the importing country to private or non-governmental organizations shall be loaned at rates of interest approximately equivalent to those charged for comparable loans in the importing country. The Government of the importing country shall furnish in accordance with its fiscal year budget reporting procedure, at such times as may be requested by the Government of the exporting country but not less often than annually, a report of the receipt and expenditure of the proceeds, certified by the appropriate audit authority of the Government of the importing country, and in case of expenditures the budget sector in which they were used.

G. Computations. The computation of the initial payment, currency use payment and all payments of principal and interest under this Agreement shall be made in United States dollars.

H. Payments. All payments shall be in United States dollars or, if the Government of the exporting country so elects,

1. The payments shall be made in readily convertible currencies of third countries at a mutually agreed rate of exchange and shall be used by the Government of the exporting country for payment of its obligations or, in the case of currency use payments, used for the purposes set forth in part II of this Agreement; or

2. The payments shall be made in local currency at the applicable exchange rate specified in part I, article III, G, of this Agreement in effect on the date of payment and shall, at the option of the Government of the exporting country, be converted to United States dollars at the same rate, or used by the Government of the exporting country for payment of its obligations or, in the case of currency use payments, used for the purposes set forth in part II of this Agreement in the importing country.

Article III

A. *World Trade.* The two Governments shall take maximum precautions to assure that sales of agricultural commodities pursuant to this Agreement will not displace usual marketings of the exporting country in these commodities or unduly disrupt world prices of agricultural commodities or normal patterns of commercial trade with countries the Government of the exporting country considers to be friendly to it (referred to in this Agreement as friendly countries). In implementing this provision the Government of the importing country shall:

1. insure that total imports from the exporting country and other friendly countries into the importing country paid for with the resources of the importing country will equal at least the quantities of agricultural commodities as may be specified in the usual marketing table set forth in part II during each import period specified in the table and during each subsequent comparable period in which commodities financed under this Agreement are being delivered. The imports of commodities to satisfy these usual marketing requirements for each import period shall be in addition to purchases financed under this Agreement;
2. take steps to assure that the exporting country obtains a fair share of any increase in commercial purchases of agricultural commodities by the importing country;
3. take all possible measures to prevent the resale, diversion in transit, or transshipment to other countries or the use for other than domestic purposes of the agricultural commodities purchased pursuant to this Agreement (except where such resale, diversion in transit, transshipment or use is specifically approved by the Government of the United States of America);
4. take all possible measures to prevent the export of any commodity of either domestic or foreign origin, which is defined in part II of this Agreement, during the export limitation period specified in the export limitation table in part II (except as may be specified in part II or where such export is otherwise specifically approved by the Government of the United States of America).

B. *Private Trade.* In carrying out the provisions of this Agreement, the two Governments shall seek to assure conditions of commerce permitting private traders to function effectively.

C. *Self-Help.* Part II describes the program the Government of the importing country is undertaking to improve its production, storage, and distribution of agricultural commodities. The Government of the importing country shall furnish in such form and at such time as may be requested by the Government of the exporting country, a statement of the progress the Government of the importing country is making in carrying out such self-help measures.

D. *Reporting.* In addition to any other reports agreed upon by the two Governments, the Government of the importing country shall furnish at least quarterly for the supply period specified in part II, item I, of this Agreement and any subsequent comparable period during which commodities purchased under this Agreement are being imported or utilized:

1. the following information in connection with each shipment of commodities under the Agreement: the name of each vessel; the date of arrival; the port of arrival; the commodity and quantity received; and the condition in which received;
2. a statement by it showing the progress made toward fulfilling the usual marketing requirements;
3. a statement of the measures it has taken to implement the provisions of sections A, 2 and 3, of this article; and
4. statistical data on imports by country of origin and exports by country of destination, of commodities which are the same as or like those imported under the Agreement.

E. *Procedures for Reconciliation and Adjustment of Accounts.* The two Governments shall each establish appropriate procedures to facilitate the reconciliation of their respective records on the amounts financed with respect to the commodities delivered during each calendar year. The Commodity Credit Corporation of the exporting country and the Government of the importing country may make such adjustments in the credit accounts as they mutually decide are appropriate.

F. *Definitions.* For the purposes of this Agreement:

1. Delivery shall be deemed to have occurred as of the on-board date shown in the ocean bill of lading which has been signed or initialed on behalf of the carrier;
2. Import shall be deemed to have occurred when the commodity has entered the country and passed through customs, if any, of the importing country; and
3. Utilization shall be deemed to have occurred when the commodity is sold to the trade within the importing country without restriction on its use within the country or otherwise distributed to the consumer within the country.

G. *Applicable Exchange Rate.* For the purposes of this Agreement, the applicable exchange rate for determining the amount of any local currency to be paid to the Government of the exporting country shall be a rate in effect on the date of payment by the importing country which is not less favorable to the Government of the exporting country than the highest exchange rate legally obtainable in the importing country and which is not less favorable to the Government of the exporting country than the highest exchange rate obtainable by any other nation. With respect to local currency:

1. As long as a unitary exchange rate system is maintained by the Government of the importing country, the applicable exchange rate will be the rate at which the central monetary authority of the importing country, or its authorized agent, sells foreign exchange for local currency.
2. If a unitary rate system is not maintained, the applicable rate will be the rate (as mutually agreed by the two Governments) that fulfills the requirements of the first sentence of this section G.

H. *Consultation.* The two Governments shall, upon request of either of them, consult regarding any matter arising under this Agreement, including the operation of arrangements carried out pursuant to this Agreement.

I. *Identification and Publicity.* The Government of the importing country shall undertake such measures as may be mutually agreed prior to delivery for the identification of food commodities at points of distribution in the importing country, and for publicity in the same manner as provided for in subsection 103 (l) of the Act.

PART II. PARTICULAR PROVISIONS

Item I. Commodity Table

<i>Commodity</i>	<i>Supply period (United States Fiscal Year)</i>	<i>Approximate maximum quantity (metric tons)</i>	<i>Maximum export market value (millions)</i>
Wheat/wheat flour (grain basis) . . .	1975	20,000	\$3.6
		TOTAL	\$3.6

Item II. Payment Terms

Dollar Credit

1. Initial Payment—5 percent
2. Currency Use Payment—5 percent for section 104 (a) purpose
3. Number of Installment Payments—19
4. Balance Payable—Approximately equal annual amounts
5. Due Date of First Installment Payment—Two years after date of last delivery of commodities in each calendar year
6. Initial Interest Rate—2 percent
7. Continuing Interest Rate—3 percent

Item III. Usual Marketing Table

<i>Commodity</i>	<i>Import period (United States Fiscal Year)</i>	<i>Usual marketing requirements</i>
Wheat/wheat flour (grain equivalent basis)	1975	19,100 metric tons

Item IV. Exportation Limitations

A. The export limitation period shall be U.S. Fiscal Year 1975 or any subsequent U.S. Fiscal Year during which commodities financed under this Agreement are being imported or utilized.

B. For the purposes of part I, article III, A.4, of the Agreement, the commodities which may not be exported are: for wheat/wheat flour, rolled wheat, semolina, farina or bulgar (or same products under a different name).

C. Permissible Export(s)

Commodity	Quantity	Period during which such exports are permitted
Wheat including durum wheat, or wheat products including semolina or pasta products	Amounts traditionally supplied to northern portions of Saudi Arabia and adjacent areas	For United States fiscal year 1975 and any subsequent U.S. fiscal year during which above mentioned commodities are being imported and utilized.

Item V. Self-Help Measures

The Government of Jordan agrees to:

1. give high priority to increasing agricultural production by allocating adequate funds and resources to the institutions and agencies serving the agricultural sector;
2. strengthen the national agriculture research capability to the level needed to identify and solve problems limiting production of major crops and promote closer working relationships and better coordination among institutions having agricultural research responsibilities;
3. strengthen the agricultural extension services by upgrading the staff through improved selection processes and in-service training, and improving the channels of communication with the research, agro-business and educational institutions;
4. intensify efforts to increase wheat production by encouraging farmers to adopt improved agricultural practices such as the use of specialized farm machinery, application of fertilizer, chemical weed control, crop rotation, the use of high quality seed of the better yielding varieties;
5. take steps to improve existing grain storage facilities and to increase the present capacity;
6. encourage the private sector to assume a greater role in providing agricultural inputs and services.

Item VI. Economic Development Purposes For Which Proceeds Accruing to Importing Country Are To Be Used:

The proceeds accruing to the importing country from the sale of commodities financed under this Agreement will be used for financing the self-help measures set forth in the Agreement and for agriculture and economic development sectors which are set forth in the Government of Jordan's development plan.

PART III. FINAL PROVISIONS

A. This Agreement may be terminated by either Government by notice of termination to the other Government for any reason, and by the Government of the exporting country if it should determine that the self-help program described in the Agreement is not being adequately developed. Such termination will not reduce any financial obligations the Government of the importing country has incurred as of the date of termination.

This Agreement shall enter into force upon signature.

B. IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the respective representatives, duly authorized for the purpose, have signed the present Agreement.

DONE at Amman, in duplicate this Twenty-seventh day of November, 1974.

For the Government
of the Hashemite Kingdom
of Jordan:

For the Government
of the United States of America:

[Signed]

[Signed]

ALI HASAN ODEH
Minister of Supply

THOMAS R. PICKERING
Ambassador

November 27, 1974

MINUTES OF NEGOTIATION FOR AGREEMENT FOR THE SALE OF AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES UNDER U.S. PUBLIC LAW 480

Representatives of the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan conducted negotiations beginning on November 21, 1974, in which the United States Government agreed to sell the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan wheat/wheat flour valued at U.S. \$3.6 million under the provisions of U.S. Public Law 480. In the process of reviewing the provisions entered in the Agreement the following items of clarification and emphasis were brought to the attention of the Jordanian negotiators:

1. The \$3.6 million export market value of wheat mentioned in part II of the Agreement represents the maximum value for which purchase authorization may be issued and against which the initial payment and/or currency use payment will be measured.

2. The figure of 20,000 M.T. of wheat shown in part II of the draft agreement is an approximation based on current estimates of export market prices. It is understood, however, that if export prices of wheat decline the quantity of wheat sold under the Agreement could not exceed the 20,000 M.T. specified in part II of the Agreement.

3. The GOJ should be aware that while it is the intention and expectation of the U.S. Government to deliver the commodities during U.S. Fiscal Year 1975, it is possible the limitations on PL 480 expenditures could necessitate delivery of some commodities in FY 1976, in accordance with article I, B 2, in part I of this Agreement.

4. In all cases wheat is to be purchased from private U.S. suppliers with actual prices agreed upon between buyer and seller but subject to review by USDA.

5. The Government of Jordan will need to designate a person or persons in the U.S. authorized to sign on its behalf all documents relating to the implementation of the Agreement. These persons will work with U.S. Government representative in making arrangements for the contracting, transportation, financing, etc., involved in procuring and shipping the wheat.

6. In addition, the Government of Jordan will need to designate persons or agencies to consult with USAID/Jordan with regard to (a) commodity arrival and off-loading information, (b) marking or identifying and publicizing arrivals, (c) usual marketing requirements and export limitation, (d) information on deposits of local currencies, (e) carrying out self-help measures, (f) reconciliation of accounts, including principal and interest payments, and (g) currency use payments.

7. The United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) will need to approve the U.S. Agents appointed by the Government of Jordan to handle procurement and transportation, and should receive a copy of the Agreement between the GOJ and their agent. The USDA will wish to receive the Agreement prior to the issuance of purchase authorization.

8. The Usual Marketing Requirement of 19,100 M.T. of wheat/wheat flour on a grain basis specified in part II of the Agreement is the minimum quantity to be imported into Jordan through normal commercial channels. This amount must be imported even though the full allotment of title I wheat is not utilized. Quantities imported from USSR, People's Republic of China, Eastern Europe (except Poland and Yugoslavia), Cuba, North Vietnam and North Korea, wheat imported under PL 480 or grants from U.S. or other sources cannot be counted toward UMR.

9. Should the U.S. Government authorize and finance deliveries of title I commodities to extend beyond the supply period specified in part II of the Agreement, Jordan will be required (article III, A-1) to maintain the UMR at the same rate again for the subsequent comparable period.

10. The proposed title I wheat sales are provided for the purpose of meeting the requirements of Jordan and not to permit an increase in exports of the same or like commodities. Any export of the same or like commodities cannot be permitted unless specifically agreed to by the U.S. Government with the exception of traditional exports to the northern parts of Saudi Arabia in accordance with item IV, C, of part II of the Agreement.

11. Failure to comply with the provisions of article III, A, of the Agreement or with any other requirement of the Agreement could result in withholding issuance of purchase authorizations. It further would be taken into account in consideration of New PL 480 agreements. If the violation involves prohibited exports, remedy may take form of dollar payment to the U.S. Government to the extent of the value of the violation. Or, alternatively, the U.S. could require the purchase and importation, on a commercial basis from the United States, of an equivalent amount of such exports. These additional imports would be over and above the UMR.

12. As provided in the Agreement approximately fifty percent of the tonnage of wheat purchased under the Agreement shall be shipped in privately owned U.S. flag commercial vessels. USDA approval of all bookings and charters of U.S. and non-U.S. flag vessels must be obtained in advance of freight contract being finalized. In response to a GOJ question of whether this requirement could be waived under certain circumstances GOJ negotiators were informed that instructions from Washington indicated this would not be possible.

13. The U.S. Government will take the following conditions into consideration in determining the timing and terms and conditions of the issuance of Purchase Authorization: (a) availabilities of commodities, (b) crop years of USA and Jordan, (c) availability of ocean shipping space, (d) ability of Jordan to receive the commodity, (e) market implications and (f) the overall interest of the U.S. Government.

14. Extension of terminal contracting and delivery dates as a general rule are not made. If *force majeure* or other causes beyond the control of the buyer or seller prevent the completion of deliveries within the specified period, the USDA may consider a request for extension of the delivery period. Such a request should be in writing and supported by facts which establish justification for the extension.

15. The U.S. Government reserves the right to cancel the undelivered balance of Purchase Authorization at any time that a commodity is determined no longer to be available for PL 480 programs, even if it is included in the commodity list in part II of the sales agreement.

16. The Agreement provides that in addition to a 5% "initial payment," the GOJ is required to pay another 5% to the USG when requested as a "currency use payment" (CUP). In connection with these payments, GOJ was advised that the 5 percent initial payment is a cash down payment that the GOJ pays directly to the supplier at the time of purchasing the wheat. Thus the USG finances 95 percent of the value of the wheat. The 5 percent currency use payment, collected under the Agreement, is applied by the USG to installments due under the Agreement, giving effect of delaying any dollar repayment until all the CUP is applied. CUP is applied first to payments of interest due under the grace

period and then to principal and interest installments. As of installment due dates, full interest credit is given to CUP payments already made by GOJ which have not yet been applied to cover installments. These are the same provisions as were applicable under previous title I PL 480 agreements with GOJ.

17. The administration of Jordan dinars generated under the Agreement will be in accordance with the provisions of part I, article II, F, of the Agreement. In addition GOJ will furnish the USG through USAID/Jordan with statements and certification of the receipt and expenditure of the proceeds. Despite the seeming ambiguity between part I, article II, F, and part II, section VI, of the Agreement regarding the definition of "proceeds", the Agreement requires that the Government must apply to the economic development purposes set forth in part II of the Agreement an amount not less than the Jordanian dinar equivalent of the U.S. Government disbursements in financing the commodities—excluding of course any ocean freight differential which may be paid by the U.S. Government as well as the currency use payments made by the Government of Jordan. The Agreement does not require the establishment of a special account or prescribe any other specific accounting arrangements. It requires simply that the Government of Jordan must report to the U.S. Government through USAID/J on the budget sectors against which "proceeds" as defined above were disbursed. The dates for the submission of these statements and certification to USAID/J will be agreed on at a later date.

18. The GOJ will prepare an annual report showing the progress made in implementing the programs described in item V of part II of the Agreement. This report will be forwarded to USAID/Jordan on November 30 of each year.

19. The reports required by the provision of part I, article III, section D, of the Agreement which relates to the usual marketing and the resale, diversion and transshipment of PL 480 commodities will be submitted to USAID/J on a timely basis and will be governed by USDA forms, procedures, and regulations.

For the Government
of the Hashemite Kingdom
of Jordan:
[Signed]
ALI HASAN ODEH
Minister of Supply

For the Government
of the United States of America:
[Signed]
FREDERICK F. SIMMONS
AID Representative