### No. 19689

## UNITED STATES OF AMERICA and TUNISIA

### Agreement for the sale of agricultural commodities. Signed at Tunis on 2 March 1979

Authentic texts: English and French. Registered by the United States of America on 27 March 1981.

# ÉTATS-UNIS D'AMÉRIQUE et TUNISIE

### Accord en vue de la vente de produits agricoles. Signé à Tunis le 2 mars 1979

Textes authentiques : anglais et français. Enregistré par les États-Unis d'Amérique le 27 mars 1981.

#### AGREEMENT<sup>1</sup> BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND THE GOVERNMENT OF TUNISIA FOR THE SALE OF AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES UNDER PUBLIC LAW 480 TITLE I PROGRAM

The Government of the United States and the Government of Tunisia agree to the sales of agricultural commodities specified below. This Agreement shall consist of the preamble, parts I and III of the Title I Agreement signed on June 7, 1976,<sup>2</sup> together with the following part II:

#### PART II. PARTICULAR PROVISIONS

#### Item I. COMMODITY TABLE

Commodity	Supply period (U.S. fiscal year)	Approximate maximum quantity (metric tons)	Maximum export market value (millions)	
Wheat/wheat flour (grain basis)	1979	60,000	\$ 8.9	_
Corn/sorghums	1979	30,000	\$ 3.1	
Total			\$12.0	

#### Item II. PAYMENT TERMS: DOLLAR CREDIT (20 YEARS)

- 1. Initial payment: 20 percent.
- 2. Currency use payment: none.
- 3. Number of installment payments: 19.
- 4. Amount of each installment payment: approximately equal annual amounts.
- 5. Due date of first installment payment: two years after date of last delivery of commodities in each calendar year.
- 6. Initial interest rate: two percent.
- 7. Continuing interest rate: three percent.

#### Item III. USUAL MARKETING TABLE

Conimodity	Import period (U.S. fiscal year)	Usual marketing requirements (metric tons)
Wheat/wheat flour (grain equivalent basis)	1979	246,000
Feedgrains	1979	41,000

#### Item IV. EXPORT LIMITATIONS

A. The export limitation period shall be U.S. fiscal year 1979 or any subsequent U.S. fiscal year during which commodities financed under this Agreement are being imported or utilized.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Came into force on 2 March 1979 by signature, in accordance with Part III (A).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> United Nations, Treaty Series, vol. 1072, p. 123.

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B. For the purpose of part I, article III A(4) of the Agreement, the commodities which may not be exported are: for wheat/wheat flour—wheat, wheat flour, rolled wheat, semolina, farina, bulgur (or the same product under a different name); for feedgrains—corn, sorghums, barley, oats, and rye, including mixed feed containing such grains.

#### Item V. SELF-HELP MEASURES

A. In accordance with part I, article II C., para. B below describes the program that the Government of Tunisia is undertaking to improve its production, storage and distribution of agricultural commodities. In implementing these self-help measures specific emphasis will be placed on contributing directly to development progress in poor rural areas and on enabling the poor to participate actively in increasing agricultural production through small farm agriculture.

B. The Government of Tunisia agrees to:

- 1. Increase the income and meet the basic needs of the rural poor in central Tunisia through support for the Central Tunisia Rural Development Program, such as:
  - A. Dryland applied research conducted by the Le Kef Institute for the Central Tunisia Development Authority;
  - B. Extension services and supervised credit for surface well irrigated farms and dryland fruit tree farms;
  - C. Potable water development and health/nutrition education.
- 2. Improve agricultural production and marketing through the support of:
  - A. Agricultural credit to small farmers;
  - B. Extension activities of the Livestock Regional Offices of the Ministry of Agriculture;
  - C. Increase the storage capacity of Tunisia for wheat, potatoes, and poultry products.
- 3. Improve the nutritional status of rural poor through the support of:
  - A. "Comité national de solidarité sociale" infrastructure for preschool children programs, including dietary and mother-and-child welfare programs;
  - B. School lunch programs;
  - C. Rural program to establish vegetable gardens for primary schools.

# *Item VI.* ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PURPOSES FOR WHICH PROCEEDS ACCRUING TO IMPORTING COUNTRY ARE TO BE USED

A. The proceeds accruing to the importing country from the sale of commodities financed under this Agreement will be used for financing the self-help measures listed in item V and for family planning with priority emphasis placed upon fulfilling requirements mutually agreed upon for Central Tunisia rural development and agricultural credit activities.

B. In the use of proceeds for these purposes emphasis will be placed on directly improving the lives of the poorest of the recipient country's people and their capacity to participate in the development of their country.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the respective representatives, duly authorized for the purpose, have signed the present Agreement.

DONE at Tunis, this second day of March, 1979, in two original copies in the English and French languages, both texts being equally authentic.

For the Government of the United States of America: For the Government of Tunisia: [Signed]

[Signed]

BARRINGTON KING Chargé d'affaires *ad interim* Embassy of the United States of America at Tunis ISMAIL KHELIL Director General of International Cooperation