

No. 53471*

Multilateral

Statute establishing the Small Island Developing States Dock (SIDS DOCK). New York, 9 July 2014

Entry into force: 27 September 2015, in accordance with article XIX

Authentic texts: English, French, Portuguese and Spanish

Registration with the Secretariat of the United Nations: Belize, 1 February 2016

Note: See also annex A, No. 53471.

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Multilatéral

Statut portant établissement de la Station d'accueil de l'initiative des petits États insulaires en développement(SIDS DOCK). New York, 9 juillet 2014

Entrée en vigueur : 27 septembre 2015, conformément à l'article XIX

Textes authentiques : anglais, français, portugais et espagnol

Enregistrement auprès du Secrétariat des Nations Unies : Belize, 1^{er} février 2016

Note : Voir aussi annexe A, No. 53471.

**Le numéro de volume RTNU n'a pas encore été établi pour ce dossier. Les textes reproduits ci-dessous, s'ils sont disponibles, sont les textes authentiques de l'accord/pièce jointe d'action tel que soumises pour l'enregistrement et publication au Secrétariat. Pour référence, ils ont été présentés sous forme de la pagination consécutive. Les traductions, s'ils sont inclus, ne sont pas en form finale et sont fournies uniquement à titre d'information.*

Participant	Ratification	
Barbados	6 Jul	2015
Belize	31 Mar	2015
Cook Islands	27 Apr	2015
Dominica	16 Sep	2014
Grenada	17 Aug	2015
Samoa	13 Aug	2015
St. Kitts and Nevis	28 Aug	2015
St. Vincent and the Grenadines	25 Sep	2014
Tuvalu	1 Sep	2014

Note: The texts of the declarations and reservations are published after the list of Parties -- Les textes des déclarations et réserves sont reproduits après la liste des Parties.

[ENGLISH TEXT – TEXTE ANGLAIS]

Statute Establishing
The Small Island Developing States DOCK
(SIDS DOCK)

Statute of SIDS DOCK signed in Apia, Samoa
Between the 1st and 5th September 2014 and in Belmopan City, Belize from 6th September
2014 onwards

Statute Establishing
the Small Island
Developing States DOCK (SIDS DOCK)

The *Parties* to this Statute,

Recognizing that a serious and severe environmental, social, economic, political, and cultural challenge in the form of human-induced global climate change, and its adverse consequences, confronts small islands and low lying coastal developing states, (herein after referred to as SIDS), throughout the various regions of the world;

Further Recognizing that the adverse consequences of human-induced global climate change are likely to be accelerated and aggravated by globalization, aggressive and excessive coastal zone development with the absence of adequate safeguards, the absence of adequate measures to mitigate the harmful emissions of greenhouse gases, the absence of adequate measures and resources for highly vulnerable SIDS to adapt to the adverse consequences of human-induced global climate change, including rising sea levels, increased temperatures and carbon dioxide concentrations in the oceans and seas leading to the destruction of ecologically fragile and valuable marine ecosystems;

Knowing that SIDS with areas susceptible to natural disasters and environmentally sensitive eco-systems are particularly vulnerable to the adverse consequences of human-induced global climate change;

Also Knowing that the measures required to understand and effectively respond to the adverse consequences of human-induced global climate change must be based on relevant scientific, technical, and economic considerations that are constantly researched, evaluated, reviewed, and updated in light of the latest findings on that subject;

Further Knowing that the transformation of the energy sectors of the various SIDS to be low-carbon, energy efficient, and primarily based on renewable energy sources represents a unique opportunity to achieve sustainable development as well as generating financial resources to invest in adaptation to climate change and continued sustainable development;

Firmly Convinced that the global nature of human-induced climate change requires the widest possible co-operation by all countries and entities, and their participation in an effective and appropriate international response consistent with their common, but differentiated responsibilities, differing capabilities, and their existing social and economic conditions;

Noting the provisions of United Nations General Assembly Resolutions 43/53 of 6 December 1988; 44/207 of 22 December 1989; 45/212 of 21 December 1990; and 46/169 of 19 December 1991 on the Protection of Global Climate for Present and Future Generations of Mankind;

Also Noting the provisions of United Nations General Assembly Resolution 44/206 of 22 December 1989 on the Possible Adverse Effects of Sea Level Rise on Developing Islands and Coastal Areas, Particularly Low-Lying Coastal Areas;

Realizing that most SIDS are highly dependent on the import of high carbon petroleum fuel to provide energy, which impacts on their national economies by making them vulnerable to market volatility, trade imbalances, and large outflows of foreign exchange;

Also Realizing that financial resources likely to be available from developed countries are not likely to be adequate to meet the costs of adapting to human induced climate change, that the early transformation of the energy sectors of SIDS to low-carbon, energy efficiency, and based on renewable energy sources represents an opportunity to achieve sustainable development and to generate financial resources to invest in adaptation measures, and this requires a dedicated institutional capacity;

Further Realizing that the early transition to a green economy, low-carbon, high energy efficient economies, as desirable and strategic for the SIDS to derive maximum benefits, will require the establishment of a dedicated international organization established, governed, operated, and controlled by the small island and low lying coastal developing states themselves, which will function with the benefit of their perspective as its main objective;

Also Further Realizing that it will be to the economic advantage of all SIDS and will contribute to the safety and prosperity of their respective populations in their quests to transition to low-carbon, high efficiency economies as early as possible, and that this will require dedicated institutional capacity for achieving success;

Acknowledging the significant resources contributed by the Caribbean Community Climate Change Centre (CCCCC) and the Secretariat of the Pacific Regional Environment Programme (SPREP) to the conceptualization and development of this institutional framework;

Further acknowledging that significant technical and financial resources may become available as part of the international effort to address the impending threat posed on SIDS by the adverse consequences of human-induced climate change, and for SIDS to effectively participate in such efforts and derive maximum benefits, a firm and properly constituted institutional mechanism will be absolutely necessary to marshal those resources;

Whereas a Memorandum of Agreement on Establishing the Small Island Developing States DOCK, to be known as (“SIDS DOCK”), and established as a trans-regional international organization, was opened for signature on the 18th of December 2009, and duly executed, setting forth the process of establishment, and responsibilities of the parties:

Whereas the required letter of intent has been duly submitted and all other steps in the process of establishment, as set forth in the aforementioned Memorandum of Agreement, adhered to;

have agreed as follows:

ARTICLE I

Establishment of the Organization

The Parties to this Statute hereby establish the Small Island Developing States DOCK (SIDS DOCK) in accordance with the following terms and conditions:-

1. SIDS DOCK is based on the principle of the equality of all its members and shall pay due respect to the sovereign rights and competencies of its members in performing its activities.
2. The SIDS DOCK is established as a trans-regional international organization, vested with the legal personality of an international organization, and with the full rights, privileges, and immunities of an international organization.

ARTICLE II

Objectives

1. SIDS DOCK shall be a centre of excellence and advocacy for the development of renewable energy technology for SIDS, act as a facilitator and catalysts providing experience for practical applications, long term policies, and capacity building on all matters relating to renewable energy, energy efficiency and conservation.
2. SIDS DOCK shall offer support to its members, which shall enable them to benefit from the efficient evolution of renewable energy, and the transfer of knowledge and technology in this field.
3. SIDS DOCK shall provide a complementary vehicle to existing processes for mobilizing financial and technical resources to catalyse clean, green and sustainable economic growth in SIDS, enhance sustainable consumption and production patterns, and provide SIDS with a mechanism for connecting with global carbon markets that may emerge, as well as generate the financial resources needed to invest in adaptation to the adverse consequences of human-induced climate change.
4. SIDS DOCK shall promote, encourage, and support widespread and increased adoption of the sustainable use of new and renewable energy, taking into account national and domestic priorities and benefit through the integrated and systemic application of current renewable energy policies, instruments and incentives.

5. SIDS DOCK shall contribute to limiting pressure on finite and scarce natural resources, reducing deforestation, desertification and the loss of bio-diversity, by promoting and enhancing the expanded development of renewable energy and new sources of energy, and sustaining sustainable consumption and production patterns.
6. SIDS DOCK shall participate in protection of the global climate, and economic growth and sustainable development through the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions (GHGs) into the atmosphere.

ARTICLE III

Definitions

1. Small Island and Low Lying Coastal Developing States

Small Island Developing States (SIDS) are those countries that were recognized as a distinct group of developing countries facing specific social, economic and environmental vulnerabilities at the 1992 United Nations Conference on Environment and Development (UNCED), also known as the Earth Summit. This recognition was made specifically in the context of Agenda 21 (Chapter 17 G). Those countries belong to three geographical regions [the Caribbean, the Pacific, and the Atlantic, Indian Ocean, and South China Sea (AIMS)]. Each of the aforementioned regions has regional bodies to which the respective SIDS may belong for purposes of regional cooperation. Examples of these are, but not limited to, the Caribbean Community (CARICOM), the Pacific Islands Forum (PIF) and the Indian Ocean Commission (IOC).

2. Developing Countries

Are countries with low or middle levels of per capita income, and have significantly weaker social indicators, than the population in high-income countries. They often also have diminished basic public services, than the population in highly-industrialized countries.

3. Regional economic integration organization

Is an organisation constituted by sovereign States of a given region, to which its member States have transferred competence in respect of matters governed by this Statute and which has been duly authorised, in accordance with its internal procedures, to sign, ratify, accept, approve or accede to it.

4. Adaptation

In the context of climate change, adaptation means adjusting to a new set of climatic attributes, either new and unfamiliar from those already existing, or changed parameters of existing attributes. This adjustment can be imposed based on premeditated planning, or it can take place without specific policy frameworks to implement it (i.e. autonomous adaptation).

5. Renewable Energy

In this Statute the term “renewable energy” means all forms of energy produced from renewable sources in a sustainable manner, and includes, inter alia

- i. bioenergy;
- ii. geothermal energy;
- iii. hydropower;
- iv. ocean energy, including inter alia tidal, wave and ocean thermal energy;
- v. solar energy;
- vi. wind energy;
- vii. waste to energy, energy efficiency and conservation.

ARTICLE IV

Membership

1. Membership of the SIDS DOCK shall be open to any sovereign small island state or low lying coastal developing state which signs and ratifies, or accedes to this Statute;

2. Regional Economic Integration Organizations duly constituted by sovereign states, at least one of which is a member of SIDS DOCK may, with the approval of a majority of the members of the Assembly, present and voting, become Observer members of SIDS DOCK;
3. Observer status may be granted at each session of the Assembly, by a majority of the members of the Assembly, present and voting. Observers may participate without the right to vote in the public sessions of the Assembly and its subsidiary organs.

ARTICLE V

Organs

The principal organs of SIDS DOCK are hereby established as:

- a. The Assembly
- b. Executive Council
- c. The Secretariat

ARTICLE VI

The Assembly

1. The Assembly shall be the supreme organ of the SIDS DOCK, and shall be composed of all members of SIDS DOCK. The Assembly shall meet in regular annual sessions, and in such special sessions as it may decide.
2. Each member shall have one vote which shall be cast by a duly authorized representative. The Assembly shall take decisions by simple majority of the members present and voting, unless otherwise specified in the Statute.
3. The Assembly may establish such subsidiary organs as it finds necessary.

4. The Assembly shall be presided over by a President who shall be a representative of a member state and shall be elected by the Assembly at the beginning of each regular session. The President shall be elected to serve for a one-year term with due consideration being given to equitable geographic distribution and gender balance. The President of the Assembly shall be assisted by two (2) Vice Presidents who shall be representatives of member states elected to serve for one (1) year terms. Selection of the Vice Presidents shall be done with due consideration being given to equitable geographic distribution and gender balance, so that each region is represented.
5. At the beginning of each regular session, the Assembly shall elect other officers it may feel are required, including officers to preside over any subsidiary body it may establish, taking into account equitable geographic distribution and gender balance.
6. The Assembly shall elect the members of the Executive Council.
7. The Assembly shall appoint the Secretary-General of the Secretariat, who shall serve for a four (4) year term, renewable for one further term
8. The Assembly may grant observer status to:
 - i. Intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations active in the field of adaptation to climate change and renewable energy; and
 - ii. Signatories that have not ratified the Statute.Observers may participate without the right to vote in the public sessions of the Assembly and its subsidiary organs.
9. The Assembly shall, on request, grant to the Caribbean Community Climate Change Centre (CCCCC) and the Secretariat of the Pacific Regional Environment Programme (SPREP) and the Caribbean Community (CARICOM) permanent observer status.

ARTICLE VII

Governance

1. Governance shall be placed in an Executive Council of no less than three (3) and no more than nine (9) member government representatives who shall serve in their official capacities for three (3) year terms. No member of the Council may serve for more than two (2) consecutive terms. One third of the members of the first Council shall be elected to serve for one (1) year, one third shall be elected to serve for two (2) years and one third shall be elected to serve for three (3) years. Thereafter all members of the Council shall be elected to serve their respective term for three (3) years. Nominations for election to the Council, by the members of SIDS DOCK must be submitted in writing by members states of SIDS DOCK, with due consideration being given to equitable regional distribution, and gender representation.
2. The Executive Council shall bear responsibility for the overall direction, operation, and functioning of the SIDS DOCK and its Secretariat, including its activities, work programmes and projects and shall discharge its responsibilities in a fair, equitable and transparent manner as fiduciaries. Members of the Council can only be removed and relieved of their responsibilities for cause, or if unable to perform their duties as a result of death, illness, or any medical, or emotional incapacitation.
3. The Executive Council shall elect a member to be a chair and two others to be vice-Chairs, from amongst its members, for a minimum of one (1) year and not exceeding a period of three (3) years, with due consideration being given to equitable regional distribution, and gender representation.
4. The Executive Council may form committees of the Council, which shall be comprised of the Chair and or one or both Vice-Chairs, and may include Experts or others, as the Executive Council deems appropriate to carry out specific mandates of the Council.
5. The Executive Council can meet and take decisions by teleconference, video-conference and other similar means of communication.

6. The Executive Council shall appoint an Audit Committee.

ARTICLE VIII

Secretariat

1. The Secretary-General shall head the Secretariat and be its Chief Executive Officer.
2. The Secretary-General, appointed by the Assembly in accordance with the terms of Article V shall oversee the work of the Secretariat, and be responsible for its functioning, and for the implementation and execution of the decisions, directives, and policies of the Assembly.
3. The Secretary-General shall be responsible to the Executive Council and shall be responsible for the appointment of staff members, as well as the organization and function of the Secretariat, as well as securing the highest standards of professionalism, efficiency, competence, and integrity. Due regard shall be paid to the importance of recruiting staff primarily from member states and on as wide a geographical basis as possible and with gender balance.
4. In the performance of their respective duties the Secretary-General and the other members of the Secretariat shall neither seek, nor receive instructions from any Government, International Organization, or from any other source external to the SIDS DOCK. Each member shall respect the international character of the responsibilities of the Secretariat and shall not seek to influence them in the discharge of their responsibilities.
5. The Secretariat shall be responsible for the day-to-day management and operation of the SIDS DOCK, and its affiliated services, and shall carry out other functions entrusted to it, or specifically delegated by the Assembly or the Executive Council.
6. The Secretariat shall assist the Assembly, the Executive Council and subsidiary organs in the performance of their respective duties, responsibilities and functions.

7. The Secretariat shall, in addition to the Secretary-General be comprised of other staff members as the Secretary-General and Executive Council may decide.

ARTICLE IX

Headquarters

1. The **Headquarters of the SIDS DOCK** shall be located in Belmopan City, Belize, which shall be **the Host Country**. A Pacific Regional Office shall be located in Apia, Samoa. Additional regional offices may be established in locations designated by the Assembly.

ARTICLE X

Budget

1. The budget of SIDS DOCK shall be financed by:
 - a. Voluntary contributions
 - b. Other possible sources in accordance with the financial rules to be adopted by the Assembly by consensus. The financial rules and the budget shall secure a solid financial basis for SIDS DOCK and shall ensure the effective and efficient implementation of SIDS DOCK activities.
2. The draft budget of SIDS DOCK shall be prepared by the Secretariat and submitted to the Executive Council for examination. The Council shall either forward it to the Assembly with a recommendation for approval or return it to the Secretariat for review and re-submission.
3. The Executive Council shall appoint an external auditor who shall hold office for a period of two years, and who shall be eligible for re-appointment.
4. The auditor shall examine the accounts of SIDS DOCK and shall make such observations and recommendations as deemed necessary with respect to the efficiency of the management and the internal financial controls.

5. The auditor shall report to the Audit Committee.

ARTICLE XI

Legal Personality

The SIDS DOCK shall possess an international juridical personality and full capacity to, among other things, contract, acquire and dispose of all property, real, personal, or other, and institute, or respond to, legal proceedings. In any legal proceeding the SIDS DOCK may be represented by its Secretary-General through legal counsel it may retain.

ARTICLE XII

Privileges and Immunities

Member states shall accord to the SIDS DOCK, and its subsidiary bodies, within their respective jurisdictions, the status, immunities, exemptions, and privileges set out in the Articles that follow, in order to enable it to effectively fulfil its objectives, and carry out its functions.

ARTICLE XIII

Immunity from Legal Process

1. The SIDS DOCK shall be immune from legal process, and not subject to national actions.
2. Notwithstanding the provisions of this article, no action may be brought against the SIDS DOCK by a member state, or any agency thereof, or by any entity or person acting, directly or indirectly, for a member state, or deriving claims from a member state. Member states shall have full recourse to special procedures specifically set forth in this Agreement for the settlement of disputes between SIDS DOCK, and its members;

3. The SIDS DOCK, its property and assets shall be immune from seizure, attachment, or execution before delivery of a final judgment against it;
4. Headquarters of the SIDS DOCK, its documents, and other property, wherever located, shall be inviolable;
5. To the extent necessary to carry out its objectives, and perform its functions, the SIDS DOCK may hold assets of any kind and operate accounts in any currency, and shall be free to transfer its assets from one country to another, or within any country, and to convert any currency without any restriction, or control;
6. Each member state shall accord official communications of the SIDS DOCK treatment no less favourable than it accords the official communications of any other individual member state;
7. The Secretary-General, other senior officials of the SIDS DOCK, members of the Executive Council, and experts on mission for the SIDS DOCK shall be immune from legal process for acts performed by them in their official capacities. Unless they are local nationals or permanent residents, they shall be accorded immunity from immigration restrictions, requirements, and obligations. They shall also be granted repatriation facilities in time of international crisis that are not less favourable than those accorded to the representatives and officials of any other individual member state;
8. The SIDS DOCK, its assets, property, income, operations and transactions shall be exempt from all taxes and customs duties, not including charges for public utility services; however, taxes shall not be levied on salaries and emoluments paid by the SIDS DOCK, except that individual member states shall have the right to tax their own nationals and permanent residents within the territory of each respective member state;
9. The above exemptions, privileges, and immunities may be waived by the SIDS DOCK to the extent, and upon such conditions, as would, in its opinion and sole discretion, be appropriate and in the best interests of the SIDS DOCK, or in the interest of justice;

10. Every individual member state shall take appropriate action to make the provisions of this Statute, effective within its jurisdiction, and shall inform the SIDS DOCK promptly, which shall in turn promptly notify the other member states accordingly.

ARTICLE XIV

Interpretation and Application

1. Parties shall consult and, by mutual consent, cooperate to pursue settlement of any dispute that may arise between them with regard to the interpretation or application of this Statute including through negotiations, mediation, conciliation, judicial settlement or other peaceful means.
2. Parties may pursue, by mutual consent, arbitration to settle any dispute between them regarding issues concerning the interpretation or application of this Statute.

ARTICLE XV

Rules of Procedure

At its first meeting, the Assembly shall consider draft rules of procedure and adopt rules of procedure of the Assembly and the Executive Council, which shall include provisions on the frequency, place and procedures of regular and special sessions, the number and the method of election of all officers, and the conduct of business at all sessions.

ARTICLE XVI

Signature

This Statute shall be open for signature by any sovereign small island developing state or low lying coastal state [Article III 1] at Apia, Samoa, from 1 to 5 September 2014, and at Belmopan, Belize, from 6 September 2014 until its entry into force.

ARTICLE XVII

Ratification

1. This Statute shall be subject to ratification by signatory States, in accordance with their respective legal procedures.
2. Instruments of ratification shall be deposited with the Depositary.

ARTICLE XVIII

Accession

1. Any sovereign small island developing state or low lying coastal state, which does not sign this Statute before its entry into force may accede to it at any time thereafter.
2. Instrument of Accession shall be deposited with the Depositary.

ARTICLE XIX

Entry into Force

1. This Statute shall enter into force on the thirtieth day after the date of deposit of the **ninth instrument of ratification** or accession by a State with the Depositary.
2. For States having deposited an instrument of ratification, or accession, after the entry into force of the Statute, this Statute shall enter into force on the thirtieth day after the date of deposit of the relevant instrument.

ARTICLE XX

No Reservations

No reservations may be made to any of the provisions contained in this Statute.

ARTICLE XXI

Amendments

1. At any time after the entry into force of this Statute, any State Party may propose amendments to this Statute.
2. The Proposed amendment shall be considered only by an Amendment Assembly.
3. Any Proposal for amendment shall be submitted to the Secretary-General of SIDS DOCK, who shall circulate it to all States Parties and the Depositary, and shall seek the views of the States Parties on whether an Amendment Assembly should be convened to consider the Proposal. If a majority of States Parties notify the Secretary-General no later than 30 days after its circulation that they support further consideration of the proposal, the Secretary-General shall convene an Amendment Conference to which all States Parties shall be invited.
4. The Amendment Assembly shall be held immediately following a regular session of the Assembly unless the requesting States Parties or all States Parties that support the convening of an Amendment Assembly request that it be held earlier. In no case shall an Amendment Assembly be held less than 60 days after the circulation of the proposed amendment.
5. Amendments shall be adopted by a vote of two-thirds of the members of the Amendment Assembly casting votes.
6. Amendments shall enter into force for all States Parties 30 days after deposit of the instruments of ratification or acceptance by all the two-third States that voted to adopt the Amendment, in accordance with their respective legal processes.

ARTICLE XXII

Withdrawal

1. Any Party may withdraw from this Statute by giving one (1) year notice in writing to the Depositary, who shall promptly notify the other Contracting Parties. The withdrawal shall take effect one (1) year after the date on which the notice was received by the Depositary, unless the Contracting Party notifies the Depositary of the cancellation of its notice of withdrawal, in writing, before the withdrawal becomes effective.

2. A Party that withdraws from this Statute undertakes to honour financial and other obligations it assumed as a Party.

ARTICLE XXIII

Depositary

The Government of Belize is hereby designated as the Depositary of the Statute and shall inter alia:

- a. Promptly inform all signatories and acceding States of the date of each signature, the date of deposit of each instrument of ratification or accession and the date of the entry into force of this Statute, and of the receipt of notices;
- b. Transmit duly certified copies of this Statute to the Governments of all signatory and acceding States; and
- c. Register this Convention pursuant to Article 102 of the Charter of the United Nations.

ARTICLE XXIV

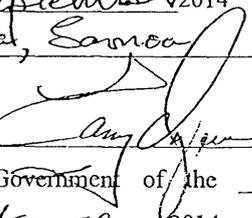
Authentic Text

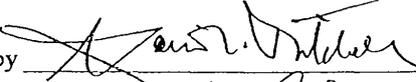
This Statute of which the English, French, Portuguese and Spanish texts are equally authentic, shall be deposited with the Government of Belize.

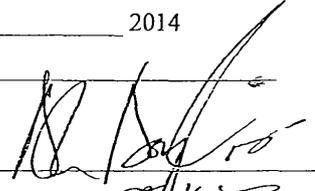
IN WITNESS WHEREOF the undersigned duly authorised in that respect by their respective Governments have executed this Statute.

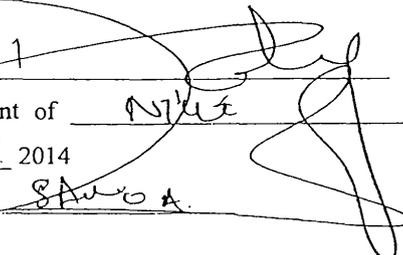
DONE at Apia, Samoa on 1 to 5 September 2014 or at Belmopan, Belize after 6 September 2014.

Signed by 
For the Government of The Republic of Nauru on the 3rd day of September 2014
at Apia, Samoa

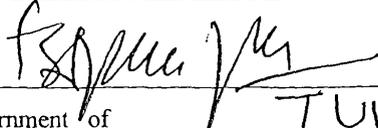
Signed by 
For the Government of the PALAU on the 1st day of SEPTEMBER 2014
at SAMOA, APIA

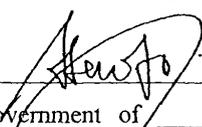
Signed by 
For the Government of CIRENAIDA on the _____ day of _____ 2014
at _____

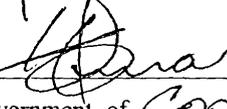
Signed by 
For the Government of ST. KITT'S & NEVISE on the 1st day of SEPTEMBER 2014
at SAMOA

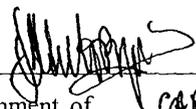
Signed by 
For the Government of NIUE on the 1st day of SEPTEMBER 2014
at APIA SAMOA

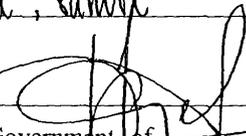
Signed by 
For the Government of The Bahamas on the 1st day of
September 2014
at Samoa

Signed by 
For the Government of TUVALU on the 1 day of
9 2014
at Samoa

Signed by 
For the Government of Samoa on the 1st day of
September 2014
at Apia, Samoa

Signed by 
For the Government of COOK ISLANDS on the 1st day of
SEPTEMBER 2014
at Apia, Samoa

Signed by 
For the Government of CABO VERDE on the 1st day of
September 2014
at Apia, Samoa

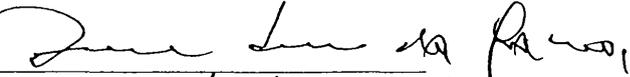
Signed by 
For the Government of SEYCHELLES on the 1st day of
SEPTEMBER 2014
at Apia, Samoa

Signed by 

For the Government of REUTO on the 1st day of

September 2014

at Apia, Samoa

Signed by 

For the Government of Ghana on the 1st day of

September 2014

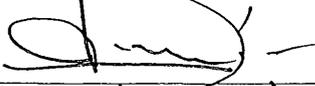
at Apia, Samoa

Signed by 

For the Government of KIRIBATI on the 1 day of

SEP 2014

at Apia, Samoa

Signed by 

For the Government of DOMINICAN REPUBLIC on the 1st day of

SEPTEMBER 2014

at APIA, SAMOA

Signed by 

For the Government of Barbados on the 1st day

of September 2014

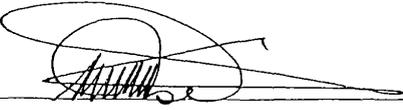
at Apia, Samoa

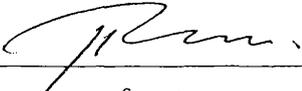
Signed by 

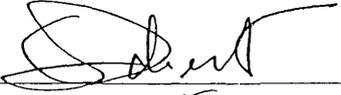
For the Government of Saint Vincent and the Grenadines on the 1st day of

September 2014

at Apia, Samoa

Signed by 
For the Government of FIJI on the _____ day of _____
_____ 2014
at _____

Signed by 
For the Government of COMMONWEALTH OF DOMINICA on the 4 day of SEPTEMBER 2014
at APIA, SAMOA.

Signed by 
For the Government of Federated States of Micronesia on the 4th day of Sept. 2014
at Apia, Samoa

Signed by _____
For the Government of _____ on the _____ day of _____
_____ 2014
at _____

Signed by _____
For the Government of _____ on the _____ day of _____
_____ 2014
at _____

Signed by _____
For the Government of _____ on the _____ day of _____
_____ 2014
at _____